

TIME	ORBITAL DATA	STATUS
01:00	100/100/100	OK
02:00	100/100/100	OK
03:00	100/100/100	OK
04:00	100/100/100	OK
05:00	100/100/100	OK
06:00	100/100/100	OK
07:00	100/100/100	OK
08:00	100/100/100	OK
09:00	100/100/100	OK
10:00	100/100/100	OK
11:00	100/100/100	OK
12:00	100/100/100	OK
13:00	100/100/100	OK
14:00	100/100/100	OK
15:00	100/100/100	OK
16:00	100/100/100	OK
17:00	100/100/100	OK
18:00	100/100/100	OK
19:00	100/100/100	OK
20:00	100/100/100	OK
21:00	100/100/100	OK
22:00	100/100/100	OK
23:00	100/100/100	OK
24:00	100/100/100	OK



CHARLES ELACHI MISSION CONTROL CENTER



The mission control console is a large, curved desk with multiple workstations. Each workstation has several computer monitors displaying various data and graphics. The desk is equipped with keyboards, mice, and communication devices. The background shows a control room with a red and blue color scheme. Labels on the wall include "DATA CONTROLLER", "DEEP SPACE NETWORK", and "OPERATIONS CREW". A digital clock displays "20:35:01".

1
00:05:45,830 --> 00:05:43,909
as the countdown to mars continues

2
00:05:47,909 --> 00:05:45,840
the perseverance of humanity launching

3
00:06:00,450 --> 00:05:47,919
the next generation of robotic explorers

4
00:06:00,460 --> 00:06:29,909
[Music]

5
00:06:34,710 --> 00:06:31,990
welcome to nasa's jet propulsion

6
00:06:36,230 --> 00:06:34,720
laboratory in southern california

7
00:06:39,510 --> 00:06:36,240
we are gearing up for nasa's

8
00:06:41,830 --> 00:06:39,520
perseverance rover to touch down on mars

9
00:06:43,590 --> 00:06:41,840
happening in an hour and a half from now

10
00:06:45,990 --> 00:06:43,600
the rover will attempt to land

11
00:06:48,070 --> 00:06:46,000
in jezreel crater it is the most

12
00:06:51,270 --> 00:06:48,080
difficult landing site on mars

13
00:06:54,469 --> 00:06:51,280

ever attempted thank you for joining us

14

00:06:56,629 --> 00:06:54,479

i'm your host raquel villanueva

15

00:06:58,309 --> 00:06:56,639

in the past mission team members

16

00:06:59,430 --> 00:06:58,319

gathered in our mission control for

17

00:07:01,749 --> 00:06:59,440

landings

18

00:07:03,589 --> 00:07:01,759

but this time around we have coveted

19

00:07:05,270 --> 00:07:03,599

safety measures in place

20

00:07:07,350 --> 00:07:05,280

today's landing will look a little

21

00:07:10,070 --> 00:07:07,360

different than what you've seen before

22

00:07:11,350 --> 00:07:10,080

i am in a room by myself and so is my

23

00:07:13,430 --> 00:07:11,360

co-host

24

00:07:15,909 --> 00:07:13,440

here in the space flight operations

25

00:07:17,430 --> 00:07:15,919

facility team members are in different

26

00:07:20,150 --> 00:07:17,440

parts of this building

27

00:07:21,189 --> 00:07:20,160

some are in mission control others are

28

00:07:24,629 --> 00:07:21,199

upstairs for

29

00:07:25,350 --> 00:07:24,639

landing operations we also have isolated

30

00:07:28,469 --> 00:07:25,360

rooms for

31

00:07:29,670 --> 00:07:28,479

our guests on the show in total we have

32

00:07:32,469 --> 00:07:29,680

eight locations

33

00:07:33,830 --> 00:07:32,479

covered by 14 robotic cameras that you

34

00:07:36,870 --> 00:07:33,840

will be seeing

35

00:07:40,309 --> 00:07:36,880

one of those locations is the dark room

36

00:07:42,830 --> 00:07:40,319

the heart of nasa's deep space network

37

00:07:44,390 --> 00:07:42,840

think of it as a giant communication

38

00:07:46,869 --> 00:07:44,400

switchboard this

39

00:07:48,710 --> 00:07:46,879

is where spacecraft phone home to us

40

00:07:51,670 --> 00:07:48,720

from across the solar system

41

00:07:53,830 --> 00:07:51,680

and interstellar space the deep space

42

00:07:57,270 --> 00:07:53,840

network has been tracking perseverance

43

00:07:59,909 --> 00:07:57,280

since it left earth and there are lots

44

00:08:02,950 --> 00:07:59,919

of ways you can watch landing today

45

00:08:05,430 --> 00:08:02,960

we have a 360 degree camera

46

00:08:06,790 --> 00:08:05,440

inside the control room it lets you

47

00:08:08,710 --> 00:08:06,800

experience the landing

48

00:08:10,150 --> 00:08:08,720

right along with the team while seeing

49

00:08:13,430 --> 00:08:10,160

this broadcast

50

00:08:16,150 --> 00:08:13,440

we also have the clean feed it shows an

51
00:08:17,749 --> 00:08:16,160
uninterrupted view of mission control

52
00:08:21,270 --> 00:08:17,759
and audio

53
00:08:23,430 --> 00:08:21,280
dambien de nemo's program in espanol

54
00:08:24,390 --> 00:08:23,440
to tell us about it is host diana

55
00:08:27,990 --> 00:08:24,400
trujillo

56
00:08:32,310 --> 00:08:30,070
thank you raquel we're so excited to be

57
00:08:33,269 --> 00:08:32,320
the sister live broadcast in spanish

58
00:08:37,389 --> 00:08:33,279
synthony

59
00:08:52,790 --> 00:08:37,399
program twitter youtube and facebook and

60
00:08:56,710 --> 00:08:55,030
and don't forget we want to see how you

61
00:08:59,190 --> 00:08:56,720
are watching the landing today

62
00:09:00,790 --> 00:08:59,200
use the countdown to mars to send us

63
00:09:03,110 --> 00:09:00,800

your photos and videos

64

00:09:05,990 --> 00:09:03,120

to preview what interviews are coming up

65

00:09:09,670 --> 00:09:06,000

is my co-host from the jpl news office

66

00:09:11,829 --> 00:09:09,680

marina jericho thanks so much raquel

67

00:09:13,829 --> 00:09:11,839

the excitement is building behind me

68

00:09:16,470 --> 00:09:13,839

right here in mission control as we

69

00:09:18,550 --> 00:09:16,480

count down to the perseverance landing

70

00:09:20,710 --> 00:09:18,560

we will be talking to some of the many

71

00:09:23,910 --> 00:09:20,720

people who made today possible from

72

00:09:25,350 --> 00:09:23,920

scientist to engineers on the mars 2020

73

00:09:27,269 --> 00:09:25,360

perseverance rover team

74

00:09:28,790 --> 00:09:27,279

to folks from nasa headquarters giving

75

00:09:31,509 --> 00:09:28,800

us a look into the future

76

00:09:33,350 --> 00:09:31,519

of mars exploration a little later we

77

00:09:34,550 --> 00:09:33,360

will also be speaking with the students

78

00:09:37,590 --> 00:09:34,560

who named the rover

79

00:09:38,710 --> 00:09:37,600

and the helicopter inspirational stories

80

00:09:41,750 --> 00:09:38,720

as we prepare for

81

00:09:45,110 --> 00:09:41,760

another landing on the red planet

82

00:09:47,030 --> 00:09:45,120

back to you raquel on this exciting day

83

00:09:48,389 --> 00:09:47,040

later in the show we will be answering

84

00:09:50,870 --> 00:09:48,399

some of the questions you

85

00:09:52,070 --> 00:09:50,880

submitted through your classrooms

86

00:09:55,269 --> 00:09:52,080

landing on mars

87

00:09:57,190 --> 00:09:55,279

is complex on this exciting day

88

00:09:59,110 --> 00:09:57,200

later in the show we will be answering

89

00:10:01,030 --> 00:09:59,120

some of the questions you submitted

90

00:10:04,630 --> 00:10:01,040

through your classrooms

91

00:10:07,030 --> 00:10:04,640

landing on mars is complex the team will

92

00:10:09,430 --> 00:10:07,040

be calling out milestones as they happen

93

00:10:10,790 --> 00:10:09,440

it's fast-paced and you'll hear lots of

94

00:10:12,870 --> 00:10:10,800

technical terms

95

00:10:15,030 --> 00:10:12,880

to help us translate and explain what is

96

00:10:17,590 --> 00:10:15,040

going on in mission control

97

00:10:19,750 --> 00:10:17,600

is swati mohan she is part of

98

00:10:21,269 --> 00:10:19,760

perseverance's landing team

99

00:10:23,910 --> 00:10:21,279

thanks for guiding us through landing

100

00:10:24,949 --> 00:10:23,920

today swati hi raquel i'm happy to be

101
00:10:27,110 --> 00:10:24,959
here today

102
00:10:29,030 --> 00:10:27,120
so swati what is the status of the

103
00:10:31,350 --> 00:10:29,040
perseverance rover right now

104
00:10:32,389 --> 00:10:31,360
so perseverance is still in space right

105
00:10:35,670 --> 00:10:32,399
now about

106
00:10:39,590 --> 00:10:35,680
9 000 miles from mars so far

107
00:10:40,710 --> 00:10:39,600
so mars is about 127 million miles from

108
00:10:43,110 --> 00:10:40,720
earth right now

109
00:10:43,829 --> 00:10:43,120
that means it takes about 11 minutes

110
00:10:53,269 --> 00:10:43,839
from

111
00:10:54,069 --> 00:10:53,279
that means it takes about 11 minutes

112
00:11:00,310 --> 00:10:54,079
from

113
00:11:02,230 --> 00:11:00,320

earth so all the information that we

114

00:11:02,949 --> 00:11:02,240

receive from perseverance actually

115

00:11:06,389 --> 00:11:02,959

happened

116

00:11:09,430 --> 00:11:06,399

11 minutes ago so the round trip

117

00:11:10,790 --> 00:11:09,440

is 22 minutes for us to send a command

118

00:11:13,509 --> 00:11:10,800

to perseverance

119

00:11:14,630 --> 00:11:13,519

and hear back on the ground that she's

120

00:11:17,670 --> 00:11:14,640

received that command

121

00:11:20,150 --> 00:11:17,680

this is what we call two-way light time

122

00:11:21,910 --> 00:11:20,160

that's good to know and can you tell us

123

00:11:22,949 --> 00:11:21,920

who else is in the room with you right

124

00:11:25,269 --> 00:11:22,959

now

125

00:11:26,550 --> 00:11:25,279

the operations team is split into two

126

00:11:28,949 --> 00:11:26,560

different areas

127

00:11:30,310 --> 00:11:28,959

here in the cruise mission support area

128

00:11:32,470 --> 00:11:30,320

we have primarily

129

00:11:33,750 --> 00:11:32,480

the team that has been flying

130

00:11:37,030 --> 00:11:33,760

perseverance from

131

00:11:37,910 --> 00:11:37,040

earth to mars you'll see the placards

132

00:11:40,150 --> 00:11:37,920

with the

133

00:11:41,190 --> 00:11:40,160

roles of each of the people by their

134

00:11:43,590 --> 00:11:41,200

stations

135

00:11:44,710 --> 00:11:43,600

some of the people you may hear talking

136

00:11:47,590 --> 00:11:44,720

today are

137

00:11:48,069 --> 00:11:47,600

the flight director who is the conductor

138

00:11:51,110 --> 00:11:48,079

of our

139

00:11:52,629 --> 00:11:51,120

operations orchestra here the entry

140

00:11:55,590 --> 00:11:52,639

descent and landing

141

00:11:56,550 --> 00:11:55,600

activity lead who is a member of the

142

00:11:58,949 --> 00:11:56,560

landing team

143

00:12:00,870 --> 00:11:58,959

tasked with understanding the execution

144

00:12:03,750 --> 00:12:00,880

of entry descent and landing

145

00:12:04,710 --> 00:12:03,760

and then also the telecommunications and

146

00:12:07,430 --> 00:12:04,720

entry descent

147

00:12:09,590 --> 00:12:07,440

and landing communications engineers who

148

00:12:11,430 --> 00:12:09,600

will be monitoring the signal from

149

00:12:12,710 --> 00:12:11,440

perseverance through the different paths

150

00:12:16,230 --> 00:12:12,720

that we have

151
00:12:18,629 --> 00:12:16,240
upstairs in what we call the war room

152
00:12:19,670 --> 00:12:18,639
we have almost the entire entry descent

153
00:12:22,550 --> 00:12:19,680
and landing

154
00:12:23,190 --> 00:12:22,560
operations team and then across the hall

155
00:12:25,910 --> 00:12:23,200
from them

156
00:12:26,310 --> 00:12:25,920
we have this surface mission control

157
00:12:28,870 --> 00:12:26,320
room

158
00:12:29,350 --> 00:12:28,880
where the surface operations team is

159
00:12:30,949 --> 00:12:29,360
ready

160
00:12:33,829 --> 00:12:30,959
and waiting to take over as soon as

161
00:12:36,949 --> 00:12:33,839
perseverance's wheels touch the ground

162
00:12:39,509 --> 00:12:36,959
and you have been part of this mission

163
00:12:40,949 --> 00:12:39,519

for years now can you tell us what have

164

00:12:42,949 --> 00:12:40,959

you been working on

165

00:12:45,030 --> 00:12:42,959

i've been working on perseverance for

166

00:12:48,150 --> 00:12:45,040

almost eight years now

167

00:12:51,110 --> 00:12:48,160

as a guidance navigation control

168

00:12:52,230 --> 00:12:51,120

engineer working primarily on entry

169

00:12:55,190 --> 00:12:52,240

descent and landing

170

00:12:55,990 --> 00:12:55,200

one of my big tasks was to help with

171

00:12:58,550 --> 00:12:56,000

terrain

172

00:13:00,470 --> 00:12:58,560

relative navigation perseverance will be

173

00:13:02,069 --> 00:13:00,480

the first mission to fly terrain

174

00:13:03,829 --> 00:13:02,079

relative navigation

175

00:13:05,269 --> 00:13:03,839

so while she's descending on the

176

00:13:08,150 --> 00:13:05,279

parachute she will

177

00:13:09,110 --> 00:13:08,160

actually be looking at the ground with a

178

00:13:10,949 --> 00:13:09,120

camera

179

00:13:12,389 --> 00:13:10,959

seeing where she is with respect to the

180

00:13:15,350 --> 00:13:12,399

martian surface and

181

00:13:16,389 --> 00:13:15,360

choosing a safe spot to land that she

182

00:13:18,550 --> 00:13:16,399

can get to

183

00:13:19,750 --> 00:13:18,560

after so many years of working on the

184

00:13:21,590 --> 00:13:19,760

mission it's

185

00:13:22,949 --> 00:13:21,600

an honor to be here today as the mission

186

00:13:24,310 --> 00:13:22,959

commentator

187

00:13:26,470 --> 00:13:24,320

we're happy to have you here thanks

188

00:13:28,949 --> 00:13:26,480

swati we'll be checking back in with you

189

00:13:31,350 --> 00:13:28,959

in just a few minutes as perseverance

190

00:13:34,069 --> 00:13:31,360

approaches its next milestone

191

00:13:35,110 --> 00:13:34,079

but for now let's learn more about the

192

00:13:40,069 --> 00:13:35,120

rover's mission

193

00:13:44,870 --> 00:13:42,710

you know mars is the closest place that

194

00:13:46,629 --> 00:13:44,880

we can reach with robotic exploration

195

00:13:48,230 --> 00:13:46,639

that we think had a really good chance

196

00:13:50,470 --> 00:13:48,240

of having ancient life

197

00:13:52,550 --> 00:13:50,480

the perseverance rover will land at a

198

00:13:54,629 --> 00:13:52,560

location called jezreel crater

199

00:13:56,310 --> 00:13:54,639

jezreel crater is a very interesting

200

00:13:58,389 --> 00:13:56,320

place it's a crater

201
00:13:59,350 --> 00:13:58,399
that once held a lake there are a lot of

202
00:14:01,189 --> 00:13:59,360
craters on

203
00:14:02,790 --> 00:14:01,199
the surface of mars that could have once

204
00:14:04,629 --> 00:14:02,800
hosted ancient lakes

205
00:14:06,949 --> 00:14:04,639
but not every crater that we think had a

206
00:14:08,230 --> 00:14:06,959
lake actually preserves evidence that

207
00:14:10,150 --> 00:14:08,240
that lake was there

208
00:14:12,150 --> 00:14:10,160
it had an inflow channel and it had an

209
00:14:13,670 --> 00:14:12,160
outflow channel that means it was filled

210
00:14:16,069 --> 00:14:13,680
the crater was filled

211
00:14:18,069 --> 00:14:16,079
with water in jezreel we have probably

212
00:14:19,590 --> 00:14:18,079
one of the most beautifully preserved

213
00:14:22,150 --> 00:14:19,600

delta deposits

214

00:14:23,509 --> 00:14:22,160

on mars in that crater this is a

215

00:14:25,829 --> 00:14:23,519

wonderful place to live

216

00:14:26,790 --> 00:14:25,839

for microorganisms and it is also a

217

00:14:29,670 --> 00:14:26,800

wonderful place

218

00:14:30,949 --> 00:14:29,680

for those microorganisms to be preserved

219

00:14:33,030 --> 00:14:30,959

so that we can find them

220

00:14:34,790 --> 00:14:33,040

now so many billions of years later

221

00:14:36,069 --> 00:14:34,800

there is no other place on mars that has

222

00:14:38,150 --> 00:14:36,079

the unique combination

223

00:14:39,110 --> 00:14:38,160

of a lake setting a beautifully

224

00:14:40,790 --> 00:14:39,120

preserved delta

225

00:14:42,629 --> 00:14:40,800

and the diverse mineralogy that we have

226

00:14:43,430 --> 00:14:42,639

in jezreel crater so it's truly a

227

00:14:46,550 --> 00:14:43,440

special

228

00:14:47,750 --> 00:14:46,560

landing site the major goal of the

229

00:14:51,269 --> 00:14:47,760

perseverance mission

230

00:14:52,550 --> 00:14:51,279

is to investigate astrobiology on mars

231

00:14:54,310 --> 00:14:52,560

and in particular

232

00:14:55,590 --> 00:14:54,320

to address the question of whether life

233

00:14:58,389 --> 00:14:55,600

ever existed

234

00:14:59,750 --> 00:14:58,399

on mars the perseverance rover starts

235

00:15:01,910 --> 00:14:59,760

with a design that's very similar to

236

00:15:03,829 --> 00:15:01,920

curiosity but we've added to it a whole

237

00:15:05,430 --> 00:15:03,839

new set of science instruments

238

00:15:07,110 --> 00:15:05,440

and these science instruments were

239

00:15:08,949 --> 00:15:07,120

purposefully selected

240

00:15:10,710 --> 00:15:08,959

to help us in the search for

241

00:15:12,949 --> 00:15:10,720

biosignatures

242

00:15:13,750 --> 00:15:12,959

we're going to be taking microphones

243

00:15:16,629 --> 00:15:13,760

with us

244

00:15:17,910 --> 00:15:16,639

for the first time we're going to have

245

00:15:21,110 --> 00:15:17,920

that human sense

246

00:15:23,430 --> 00:15:21,120

on another planet perseverance

247

00:15:24,150 --> 00:15:23,440

carries with her a grand experiment in

248

00:15:27,269 --> 00:15:24,160

space

249

00:15:28,150 --> 00:15:27,279

fairing technology a helicopter the name

250

00:15:30,790 --> 00:15:28,160

of which

251
00:15:32,790 --> 00:15:30,800
is now ingenuity one of the major

252
00:15:34,870 --> 00:15:32,800
upgrades that perseverance has

253
00:15:36,069 --> 00:15:34,880
from curiosity is that it's able to

254
00:15:38,870 --> 00:15:36,079
self-drive

255
00:15:39,590 --> 00:15:38,880
for a distance of up to 200 meters per

256
00:15:41,910 --> 00:15:39,600
day

257
00:15:43,189 --> 00:15:41,920
as the rover is driving it's literally

258
00:15:46,470 --> 00:15:43,199
building the map

259
00:15:48,470 --> 00:15:46,480
of the road it's driving on on mars

260
00:15:50,629 --> 00:15:48,480
scientists for years have told us that

261
00:15:52,389 --> 00:15:50,639
to really unlock

262
00:15:54,550 --> 00:15:52,399
the secrets of mars we have to bring

263
00:15:58,310 --> 00:15:54,560

samples from mars back to earth

264

00:16:01,749 --> 00:15:58,320

so what marsh 2020 is going to do is to

265

00:16:03,350 --> 00:16:01,759

drill samples put them in small tubes

266

00:16:05,350 --> 00:16:03,360

we're going to seal it in its own

267

00:16:05,990 --> 00:16:05,360

individual tube we set them on the

268

00:16:08,150 --> 00:16:06,000

surface

269

00:16:09,189 --> 00:16:08,160

to provide a target for the second two

270

00:16:11,110 --> 00:16:09,199

missions

271

00:16:12,470 --> 00:16:11,120

which hopefully will get in development

272

00:16:14,230 --> 00:16:12,480

in the next several years and could

273

00:16:18,389 --> 00:16:14,240

potentially get the samples back

274

00:16:19,110 --> 00:16:18,399

to earth by 2031. perseverance is a very

275

00:16:22,310 --> 00:16:19,120

very

276

00:16:25,430 --> 00:16:22,320

profound first step in both

277

00:16:28,470 --> 00:16:25,440

our understanding of our place

278

00:16:35,990 --> 00:16:28,480

in the universe and a stepping stone

279

00:16:38,310 --> 00:16:36,000

towards human exploration on mars

280

00:16:39,110 --> 00:16:38,320

you are watching live mars landing

281

00:16:40,949 --> 00:16:39,120

commentary

282

00:16:43,030 --> 00:16:40,959

and perseverance is about to reach

283

00:16:45,670 --> 00:16:43,040

another important milestone

284

00:16:46,150 --> 00:16:45,680

swati can you tell us what is happening

285

00:16:49,269 --> 00:16:46,160

we are

286

00:16:51,910 --> 00:16:49,279

at a milestone where the operations team

287

00:16:54,310 --> 00:16:51,920

determines whether they're ready to turn

288

00:16:56,629 --> 00:16:54,320

off the transmitter to perseverance

289

00:16:57,430 --> 00:16:56,639

turning off the transmitter is like

290

00:16:59,910 --> 00:16:57,440

taking

291

00:17:01,990 --> 00:16:59,920

your hands off of the wheel at this

292

00:17:04,789 --> 00:17:02,000

point ford perseverance would be

293

00:17:06,230 --> 00:17:04,799

on her own to execute entry descent and

294

00:17:13,590 --> 00:17:06,240

landing over 500

295

00:17:18,150 --> 00:17:15,590

okay all stations we are ready for the

296

00:17:23,350 --> 00:17:18,160

transmitter off poll

297

00:17:30,870 --> 00:17:27,350

acs are you go hcs we go

298

00:17:34,470 --> 00:17:30,880

phase two phase two is go

299

00:17:39,029 --> 00:17:34,480

activity activities go help link lead

300

00:17:49,350 --> 00:17:42,950

edl com go telecom one

301
00:17:56,070 --> 00:17:52,630
go gds2 go

302
00:17:59,110 --> 00:17:56,080
fault protection go power

303
00:18:02,230 --> 00:17:59,120
go avionics go

304
00:18:06,150 --> 00:18:02,240
thermal go flight software

305
00:18:09,669 --> 00:18:06,160
please go for go data management go

306
00:18:12,870 --> 00:18:09,679
propulsion go art lead

307
00:18:17,350 --> 00:18:12,880
go team chief go

308
00:18:20,789 --> 00:18:17,360
ace go launch cruise phase lead

309
00:18:23,830 --> 00:18:20,799
go deputy mission go

310
00:18:27,270 --> 00:18:23,840
edl phase lead go mission

311
00:18:32,470 --> 00:18:27,280
assurance assurances go chief

312
00:18:39,750 --> 00:18:36,070
chief is go project manager

313
00:18:42,549 --> 00:18:39,760

project go mission manager all stations

314

00:18:47,110 --> 00:18:42,559

are go for transmitter off

315

00:18:50,150 --> 00:18:49,270

there you have it raquel we have deemed

316

00:18:52,150 --> 00:18:50,160

perseverance

317

00:18:54,710 --> 00:18:52,160

ready to execute entry descent and

318

00:18:56,789 --> 00:18:54,720

landing on her own

319

00:18:58,070 --> 00:18:56,799

thank you swati as we just heard

320

00:19:00,549 --> 00:18:58,080

perseverance is now

321

00:19:02,150 --> 00:19:00,559

operating on its own as it cruises

322

00:19:04,230 --> 00:19:02,160

closer to mars

323

00:19:05,510 --> 00:19:04,240

to help explain what this mission means

324

00:19:08,230 --> 00:19:05,520

for the agency

325

00:19:09,510 --> 00:19:08,240

is nasa's associate administrator thomas

326

00:19:12,070 --> 00:19:09,520

zurbukin

327

00:19:14,310 --> 00:19:12,080

thomas this is our fifth rover sent to

328

00:19:16,070 --> 00:19:14,320

mars since 1997.

329

00:19:18,710 --> 00:19:16,080

can you tell us how perseverance is

330

00:19:20,950 --> 00:19:18,720

going to kick-start a new era

331

00:19:22,870 --> 00:19:20,960

wow this is such an important date today

332

00:19:23,990 --> 00:19:22,880

and and it really is the beginning of a

333

00:19:26,630 --> 00:19:24,000

new era in a sense

334

00:19:27,590 --> 00:19:26,640

that we're going from exploration kind

335

00:19:31,110 --> 00:19:27,600

of with

336

00:19:34,630 --> 00:19:31,120

experiments on rovers looking around

337

00:19:35,830 --> 00:19:34,640

doing analysis to the sample return

338

00:19:38,630 --> 00:19:35,840

phase in which we're

339

00:19:39,590 --> 00:19:38,640

not only looking around looking at the

340

00:19:42,310 --> 00:19:39,600

geology

341

00:19:44,789 --> 00:19:42,320

but really turning our rower into a

342

00:19:48,390 --> 00:19:44,799

robotic geologist and astrobiologist

343

00:19:50,470 --> 00:19:48,400

collecting samples that we will bring

344

00:19:52,549 --> 00:19:50,480

back to earth and for us of course those

345

00:19:54,630 --> 00:19:52,559

are where the best laboratories are

346

00:19:56,630 --> 00:19:54,640

of all of humanity some of them still

347

00:19:57,350 --> 00:19:56,640

remain to be explored by some that are

348

00:19:59,830 --> 00:19:57,360

not yet

349

00:20:01,510 --> 00:19:59,840

in the science community yet and that's

350

00:20:02,789 --> 00:20:01,520

what we're looking forward to it's that

351

00:20:04,870 --> 00:20:02,799

new face the other

352

00:20:06,710 --> 00:20:04,880

element that i want to talk about is the

353

00:20:08,789 --> 00:20:06,720

amazing technologies that are there and

354

00:20:11,430 --> 00:20:08,799

of course one of my favorites is the

355

00:20:13,510 --> 00:20:11,440

ingenuity helicopter this in search of

356

00:20:14,470 --> 00:20:13,520

this extraterrestrial wright brothers

357

00:20:16,630 --> 00:20:14,480

moment you know

358

00:20:18,470 --> 00:20:16,640

controlled flight for the first time

359

00:20:21,590 --> 00:20:18,480

elsewhere raquel

360

00:20:25,190 --> 00:20:21,600

great and we have a student question on

361

00:20:28,549 --> 00:20:25,200

video for you from macy

362

00:20:31,669 --> 00:20:28,559

hi my name is macy ragsdale my question

363

00:20:35,430 --> 00:20:31,679

is is anything alive on mars

364

00:20:36,950 --> 00:20:35,440

thank you well amazing i'm so glad

365

00:20:39,350 --> 00:20:36,960

for your question that's a question i

366

00:20:39,990 --> 00:20:39,360

ask myself is anything alive there and

367

00:20:41,750 --> 00:20:40,000

frankly

368

00:20:43,750 --> 00:20:41,760

at the surface where we're going right

369

00:20:47,190 --> 00:20:43,760

now with uh perseverance

370

00:20:48,789 --> 00:20:47,200

we do not believe there's anything alive

371

00:20:50,470 --> 00:20:48,799

right there because of the radiation

372

00:20:52,390 --> 00:20:50,480

that's there it's chilling cold and

373

00:20:53,270 --> 00:20:52,400

there's really no water there but guess

374

00:20:56,070 --> 00:20:53,280

what

375

00:20:56,630 --> 00:20:56,080

we think that three billion years ago

376

00:20:58,710 --> 00:20:56,640

this

377

00:21:01,029 --> 00:20:58,720

looked like a stream that you may see on

378

00:21:02,870 --> 00:21:01,039

earth and frankly a lot more similar

379

00:21:04,390 --> 00:21:02,880

than earth with water with a magnetic

380

00:21:07,669 --> 00:21:04,400

field just like the earth with an

381

00:21:09,510 --> 00:21:07,679

atmosphere and the question was

382

00:21:10,789 --> 00:21:09,520

at that time three billion years ago

383

00:21:12,789 --> 00:21:10,799

were there

384

00:21:14,549 --> 00:21:12,799

single cell organisms just of the type

385

00:21:16,870 --> 00:21:14,559

that developed on earth so

386

00:21:18,470 --> 00:21:16,880

is there life on on mars overall we

387

00:21:19,830 --> 00:21:18,480

don't know but where we're going right

388

00:21:21,510 --> 00:21:19,840

now we're really looking for

389

00:21:23,590 --> 00:21:21,520

ancient life and that's what we're so

390

00:21:26,070 --> 00:21:23,600

excited about

391

00:21:26,710 --> 00:21:26,080

thank you for your time today thomas and

392

00:21:29,029 --> 00:21:26,720

thanks to

393

00:21:30,710 --> 00:21:29,039

everyone who has been using the hashtag

394

00:21:33,110 --> 00:21:30,720

countdown to mars

395

00:21:36,310 --> 00:21:33,120

here are some of the photos that you've

396

00:21:39,750 --> 00:21:36,320

sent in so far let's take a look

397

00:21:45,830 --> 00:21:39,760

now please keep sharing with us how

398

00:21:48,630 --> 00:21:45,840

you are watching this moment today

399

00:21:50,630 --> 00:21:48,640

for now let's go back to swati for an

400

00:21:53,430 --> 00:21:50,640

important update to what's going on

401
00:21:55,669 --> 00:21:53,440
in mission control as we get closer to

402
00:21:58,390 --> 00:21:55,679
another milestone

403
00:21:59,909 --> 00:21:58,400
hi raquel this next milestone is a

404
00:22:02,789 --> 00:21:59,919
communications poll

405
00:22:03,750 --> 00:22:02,799
so during landing not only will

406
00:22:06,870 --> 00:22:03,760
perseverance

407
00:22:08,789 --> 00:22:06,880
talk directly to earth but we'll also be

408
00:22:09,750 --> 00:22:08,799
talking to two spacecraft that are

409
00:22:12,070 --> 00:22:09,760
currently

410
00:22:13,750 --> 00:22:12,080
orbiting mars the mars reconnaissance

411
00:22:16,789 --> 00:22:13,760
orbiter and the maven

412
00:22:17,909 --> 00:22:16,799
spacecraft this pole is to confirm with

413
00:22:20,230 --> 00:22:17,919

the mars reconnaissance

414

00:22:21,669 --> 00:22:20,240

orbiter spacecraft and the maven

415

00:22:24,789 --> 00:22:21,679

spacecraft teams that they are

416

00:22:26,070 --> 00:22:24,799

ready and on track to support the relay

417

00:22:53,510 --> 00:22:26,080

from perseverance

418

00:22:57,830 --> 00:22:55,510

have you performed the comm check and

419

00:22:59,430 --> 00:22:57,840

readiness of the orbiters

420

00:23:01,590 --> 00:22:59,440

we have performed the voice check and

421

00:23:04,630 --> 00:23:01,600

the readiness poll and can confirm that

422

00:23:06,149 --> 00:23:04,640

mro maven uh eda radio science one and

423

00:23:10,230 --> 00:23:06,159

two uhf dte

424

00:23:18,310 --> 00:23:10,240

dsn and edl gds are all ready to support

425

00:23:23,430 --> 00:23:21,510

so we've just heard that we have

426

00:23:24,870 --> 00:23:23,440

uh confirmation from each of the

427

00:23:26,390 --> 00:23:24,880

different orbiters and

428

00:23:28,310 --> 00:23:26,400

all of their support equipment on the

429

00:23:31,270 --> 00:23:28,320

ground that they are ready

430

00:23:34,870 --> 00:23:31,280

and uh are on track to support the relay

431

00:23:39,190 --> 00:23:37,510

great thank you swati and we just heard

432

00:23:41,190 --> 00:23:39,200

that communications readiness poll which

433

00:23:44,310 --> 00:23:41,200

means we are ready to relay the data

434

00:23:46,789 --> 00:23:44,320

perseverance will send to get a better

435

00:23:48,070 --> 00:23:46,799

idea of what the rover looks like as it

436

00:23:51,350 --> 00:23:48,080

approaches mars

437

00:23:54,070 --> 00:23:51,360

we have a nasa program called eyes

438

00:23:55,669 --> 00:23:54,080

the visualization lets anyone watching

439

00:23:59,269 --> 00:23:55,679

track perseverance

440

00:24:02,549 --> 00:24:01,029

follow perseverance on its journey to

441

00:24:05,350 --> 00:24:02,559

the surface of the red planet

442

00:24:08,430 --> 00:24:05,360

with eyes on the solar system from your

443

00:24:09,909 --> 00:24:08,440

desktop or mobile device go to

444

00:24:12,230 --> 00:24:09,919

eyes.nasa.gov

445

00:24:14,310 --> 00:24:12,240

click on the banner and now you're with

446

00:24:17,350 --> 00:24:14,320

perseverance in real time

447

00:24:20,470 --> 00:24:17,360

through every step of edl entry

448

00:24:21,350 --> 00:24:20,480

descent and landing this interactive

449

00:24:23,110 --> 00:24:21,360

experience

450

00:24:24,870 --> 00:24:23,120

lets you ride along from whatever

451
00:24:28,630 --> 00:24:24,880
perspective you choose

452
00:24:29,909 --> 00:24:28,640
click and drag scroll in scroll out

453
00:24:32,310 --> 00:24:29,919
check out the descriptions and

454
00:24:34,149 --> 00:24:32,320
explanations to increase your edl

455
00:24:36,310 --> 00:24:34,159
expertise

456
00:24:37,350 --> 00:24:36,320
experience every entry descent and

457
00:24:39,990 --> 00:24:37,360
landing event

458
00:24:42,789 --> 00:24:40,000
precisely designed and executed to land

459
00:24:44,630 --> 00:24:42,799
perseverance safely on mars

460
00:24:46,710 --> 00:24:44,640
the i's experience is based on

461
00:24:47,350 --> 00:24:46,720
predictive data but during this

462
00:24:49,430 --> 00:24:47,360
broadcast

463
00:24:50,630 --> 00:24:49,440

you'll see a different visualization

464

00:24:52,870 --> 00:24:50,640

called ranger

465

00:24:54,870 --> 00:24:52,880

and it's based on the real communication

466

00:24:57,909 --> 00:24:54,880

the team and mission control receives

467

00:25:00,070 --> 00:24:57,919

from perseverance in near real time

468

00:25:02,549 --> 00:25:00,080

this is the visualization the team will

469

00:25:04,710 --> 00:25:02,559

follow as data fills their screens while

470

00:25:07,110 --> 00:25:04,720

monitoring the health of perseverance

471

00:25:09,269 --> 00:25:07,120

on its nerve-racking course to another

472

00:25:19,269 --> 00:25:09,279

successful mars landing

473

00:25:22,549 --> 00:25:21,510

you are watching live mars landing

474

00:25:29,510 --> 00:25:22,559

commentary

475

00:25:31,750 --> 00:25:29,520

stepping out

476

00:25:32,870 --> 00:25:31,760

you are watching live mars landing

477

00:25:34,789 --> 00:25:32,880

commentary

478

00:25:36,470 --> 00:25:34,799

stepping outside mission control to talk

479

00:25:39,590 --> 00:25:36,480

to us is perseverance

480

00:25:40,950 --> 00:25:39,600

system engineer matt smith thanks for

481

00:25:43,190 --> 00:25:40,960

joining us today matt

482

00:25:45,029 --> 00:25:43,200

hey raquel well coming from mission

483

00:25:46,470 --> 00:25:45,039

control we are going to hear terms

484

00:25:48,390 --> 00:25:46,480

related to landing

485

00:25:49,750 --> 00:25:48,400

can you help us understand what some of

486

00:25:51,590 --> 00:25:49,760

them mean sure

487

00:25:53,750 --> 00:25:51,600

definitely um one thing you'll hear a

488

00:25:54,710 --> 00:25:53,760

lot about is telemetry so telemetry is

489

00:25:56,070 --> 00:25:54,720

just our way of

490

00:25:57,750 --> 00:25:56,080

talking about data that's coming from

491

00:25:58,549 --> 00:25:57,760

the spacecraft and telling us important

492

00:26:00,789 --> 00:25:58,559

things like

493

00:26:02,390 --> 00:26:00,799

temperatures on the vehicle pressure how

494

00:26:03,110 --> 00:26:02,400

much fuel we have left and other things

495

00:26:05,590 --> 00:26:03,120

that we need to

496

00:26:06,789 --> 00:26:05,600

understand for the health and safety of

497

00:26:08,630 --> 00:26:06,799

the vehicle

498

00:26:09,990 --> 00:26:08,640

you'll also hear the word nominal

499

00:26:12,070 --> 00:26:10,000

hopefully nominal

500

00:26:13,430 --> 00:26:12,080

means everything is expected everything

501
00:26:16,390 --> 00:26:13,440
is okay

502
00:26:16,870 --> 00:26:16,400
we're good to go you'll hear also a lot

503
00:26:19,590 --> 00:26:16,880
about

504
00:26:20,789 --> 00:26:19,600
velocity and deceleration so velocity is

505
00:26:22,870 --> 00:26:20,799
just our speed

506
00:26:24,070 --> 00:26:22,880
combined with the direction we're going

507
00:26:25,990 --> 00:26:24,080
and deceleration

508
00:26:27,269 --> 00:26:26,000
is our slowing velocity so we're coming

509
00:26:29,590 --> 00:26:27,279
in at over 2

510
00:26:30,310 --> 00:26:29,600
12 000 miles per hour and we're going to

511
00:26:32,230 --> 00:26:30,320
slow down

512
00:26:33,350 --> 00:26:32,240
to a nice comfortable 2 miles per hour

513
00:26:35,990 --> 00:26:33,360

at landing

514

00:26:36,630 --> 00:26:36,000

and that's our deceleration speaking of

515

00:26:39,029 --> 00:26:36,640

landing

516

00:26:40,549 --> 00:26:39,039

you may hear a couple important terms at

517

00:26:43,190 --> 00:26:40,559

landing itself

518

00:26:43,669 --> 00:26:43,200

one is remu stable so the remu is a

519

00:26:45,350 --> 00:26:43,679

device

520

00:26:47,350 --> 00:26:45,360

on the rover that measures the rover's

521

00:26:49,750 --> 00:26:47,360

orientation and whether it's moving

522

00:26:51,669 --> 00:26:49,760

so we want a nice stable landing spot

523

00:26:55,590 --> 00:26:51,679

without any motion

524

00:26:57,830 --> 00:26:55,600

you'll also hear uhf stable hopefully

525

00:26:59,990 --> 00:26:57,840

uhf stable refers to good

526
00:27:01,669 --> 00:27:00,000
telecommunications link with the rover

527
00:27:03,110 --> 00:27:01,679
and indicates that we've had a good

528
00:27:05,190 --> 00:27:03,120
separation between

529
00:27:07,029 --> 00:27:05,200
the descent stage and the rover after

530
00:27:09,430 --> 00:27:07,039
the sky crane maneuver

531
00:27:10,070 --> 00:27:09,440
finally you may also hear tango delta

532
00:27:14,149 --> 00:27:10,080
nominal

533
00:27:16,870 --> 00:27:14,159
touched down on the surface of mars

534
00:27:18,389 --> 00:27:16,880
within the expected range of safe

535
00:27:20,630 --> 00:27:18,399
landing speeds

536
00:27:21,590 --> 00:27:20,640
thanks for that breakdown now this is

537
00:27:23,590 --> 00:27:21,600
your first

538
00:27:25,350 --> 00:27:23,600

mars mission what have you learned from

539

00:27:27,269 --> 00:27:25,360

this experience

540

00:27:28,630 --> 00:27:27,279

yeah one of my takeaways is that you can

541

00:27:30,230 --> 00:27:28,640

almost never be too careful when it

542

00:27:31,830 --> 00:27:30,240

comes to mars you definitely can't

543

00:27:33,350 --> 00:27:31,840

take mars for granted you know we've

544

00:27:34,549 --> 00:27:33,360

checked and double checked and triple

545

00:27:37,029 --> 00:27:34,559

checked everything

546

00:27:38,549 --> 00:27:37,039

on our way to mars and um you know even

547

00:27:41,350 --> 00:27:38,559

though we've done this once before

548

00:27:42,870 --> 00:27:41,360

using the uh sky crane technique on the

549

00:27:45,110 --> 00:27:42,880

curiosity rover

550

00:27:46,310 --> 00:27:45,120

um you know i think everyone's gonna

551
00:27:47,590 --> 00:27:46,320
have their uh

552
00:27:48,789 --> 00:27:47,600
everyone's gonna hold their breath until

553
00:27:50,149 --> 00:27:48,799
we're on the surface of mars this time

554
00:27:52,149 --> 00:27:50,159
around

555
00:27:54,389 --> 00:27:52,159
and we have a social media question

556
00:27:57,110 --> 00:27:54,399
coming in nor the door on instagram

557
00:27:58,070 --> 00:27:57,120
asks how complicated is the automated

558
00:28:00,549 --> 00:27:58,080
landing sequence

559
00:28:01,990 --> 00:28:00,559
and who wrote the code yeah it's quite

560
00:28:04,710 --> 00:28:02,000
complicated uh the automated

561
00:28:06,230 --> 00:28:04,720
landing software needs to do literally

562
00:28:08,230 --> 00:28:06,240
hundreds of things

563
00:28:10,549 --> 00:28:08,240

all on its own just right with

564

00:28:13,029 --> 00:28:10,559

sub-second timing accuracy

565

00:28:13,750 --> 00:28:13,039

and it's the result of many hundreds of

566

00:28:15,110 --> 00:28:13,760

people

567

00:28:17,029 --> 00:28:15,120

over many years stretching all the way

568

00:28:19,029 --> 00:28:17,039

back to curiosity and then

569

00:28:21,350 --> 00:28:19,039

improved for the perseverance landing

570

00:28:23,029 --> 00:28:21,360

today at jezreel crater

571

00:28:25,350 --> 00:28:23,039

great thanks for your time today matt

572

00:28:28,549 --> 00:28:25,360

and good luck thanks

573

00:28:29,990 --> 00:28:28,559

now landing on mars is hard landing on

574

00:28:32,149 --> 00:28:30,000

mars during a pandemic is

575

00:28:34,070 --> 00:28:32,159

even harder the team behind the

576

00:28:36,549 --> 00:28:34,080

perseverance rover faced one of its

577

00:28:37,909 --> 00:28:36,559

biggest challenges when the coronavirus

578

00:28:44,800 --> 00:28:37,919

pandemic struck

579

00:28:48,389 --> 00:28:44,810

here's how they kept the mission going

580

00:28:51,990 --> 00:28:48,399

[Music]

581

00:28:53,830 --> 00:28:52,000

when the pandemic struck the future was

582

00:28:55,750 --> 00:28:53,840

certainly unknown it was like walking

583

00:28:57,510 --> 00:28:55,760

into a blind dark alley you didn't know

584

00:29:01,110 --> 00:28:57,520

what was there what was in front of you

585

00:29:04,870 --> 00:29:03,110

it's something that nobody expected it's

586

00:29:06,789 --> 00:29:04,880

something nobody could plan for

587

00:29:08,549 --> 00:29:06,799

we all were asked to start working from

588

00:29:09,110 --> 00:29:08,559

home rather than your first priority

589

00:29:12,149 --> 00:29:09,120

being

590

00:29:13,029 --> 00:29:12,159

mission success and and getting to the

591

00:29:14,549 --> 00:29:13,039

launch pad

592

00:29:16,310 --> 00:29:14,559

your first priority immediately gets

593

00:29:18,310 --> 00:29:16,320

displaced and it's now

594

00:29:19,830 --> 00:29:18,320

the safety of the people and it took a

595

00:29:20,630 --> 00:29:19,840

lot of work to put stuff together in

596

00:29:22,630 --> 00:29:20,640

order to

597

00:29:24,870 --> 00:29:22,640

keep momentum going to keep people

598

00:29:26,310 --> 00:29:24,880

working safely keep them healthy and to

599

00:29:28,230 --> 00:29:26,320

keep the project

600

00:29:29,830 --> 00:29:28,240

on schedule we called the effort march

601
00:29:32,950 --> 00:29:29,840
2020 safe at work

602
00:29:36,149 --> 00:29:32,960
and the objective was to keep the team

603
00:29:37,909 --> 00:29:36,159
as safe or safer than they would be

604
00:29:39,350 --> 00:29:37,919
if they were not working you know

605
00:29:40,789 --> 00:29:39,360
putting a spacecraft together that's

606
00:29:43,110 --> 00:29:40,799
going to mars

607
00:29:44,549 --> 00:29:43,120
and not making a mistake it's hard no

608
00:29:45,830 --> 00:29:44,559
matter what

609
00:29:49,510 --> 00:29:45,840
trying to do it during the middle of the

610
00:29:52,789 --> 00:29:49,520
pandemic it's it's a lot harder

611
00:29:53,750 --> 00:29:52,799
and liftoff as the countdown to mars

612
00:29:55,669 --> 00:29:53,760
continues

613
00:29:57,750 --> 00:29:55,679

the perseverance of humanity launching

614

00:29:59,510 --> 00:29:57,760

the next generation of robotic explorers

615

00:30:01,029 --> 00:29:59,520

to the red planet

616

00:30:02,710 --> 00:30:01,039

certainly never done something like this

617

00:30:04,310 --> 00:30:02,720

before try to lead a team that's flying

618

00:30:06,070 --> 00:30:04,320

a spacecraft on the way to mars

619

00:30:08,549 --> 00:30:06,080

while getting ready for landing while

620

00:30:12,389 --> 00:30:08,559

doing it all from home there's no doubt

621

00:30:15,590 --> 00:30:12,399

that working in isolation

622

00:30:17,510 --> 00:30:15,600

not virtual isolation but in physical

623

00:30:20,710 --> 00:30:17,520

isolation from everyone else

624

00:30:23,990 --> 00:30:20,720

is a challenge we had to

625

00:30:27,350 --> 00:30:24,000

rethink and redesign what it meant to

626

00:30:29,909 --> 00:30:27,360

operate a spacecraft in

627

00:30:32,070 --> 00:30:29,919

flight when we couldn't all be in the

628

00:30:34,149 --> 00:30:32,080

same room in mission control

629

00:30:35,110 --> 00:30:34,159

seeing the data come down from

630

00:30:36,950 --> 00:30:35,120

perseverance

631

00:30:38,789 --> 00:30:36,960

it was a major change going to that you

632

00:30:39,990 --> 00:30:38,799

know looking at everyone on a screen

633

00:30:42,630 --> 00:30:40,000

instead of in person

634

00:30:44,710 --> 00:30:42,640

because of the pandemic you can't uh you

635

00:30:46,230 --> 00:30:44,720

know just pop over your cubicle wall and

636

00:30:47,269 --> 00:30:46,240

talk to the person next to you

637

00:30:49,350 --> 00:30:47,279

it's definitely been a challenge to

638

00:30:50,389 --> 00:30:49,360

figure out how to communicate and get

639

00:30:52,389 --> 00:30:50,399

everything done

640

00:30:53,669 --> 00:30:52,399

remotely but we've managed to make it

641

00:30:56,710 --> 00:30:53,679

work we are

642

00:30:59,430 --> 00:30:56,720

explorers our job is to go

643

00:31:00,630 --> 00:30:59,440

into the unknown and this is just

644

00:31:03,830 --> 00:31:00,640

another example

645

00:31:04,630 --> 00:31:03,840

of the unknown we're really doing

646

00:31:06,710 --> 00:31:04,640

something

647

00:31:07,909 --> 00:31:06,720

that's transformative and trying to

648

00:31:10,070 --> 00:31:07,919

understand whether or not

649

00:31:11,909 --> 00:31:10,080

life evolved on another planet that's

650

00:31:12,710 --> 00:31:11,919

the fundamental objective of this

651
00:31:15,190 --> 00:31:12,720
mission

652
00:31:15,909 --> 00:31:15,200
we're all still connected by this

653
00:31:18,149 --> 00:31:15,919
incredible

654
00:31:19,509 --> 00:31:18,159
mission and this this wonderful team

655
00:31:20,630 --> 00:31:19,519
that we have the opportunity to be a

656
00:31:23,430 --> 00:31:20,640
part of so

657
00:31:25,190 --> 00:31:23,440
that keeps at least me going pretty much

658
00:31:27,430 --> 00:31:25,200
everybody that i've talked to

659
00:31:28,789 --> 00:31:27,440
that's associated with the mission has

660
00:31:30,630 --> 00:31:28,799
has said the same thing

661
00:31:33,350 --> 00:31:30,640
which is you could not have come up with

662
00:31:35,750 --> 00:31:33,360
a better name than perseverance

663
00:31:36,630 --> 00:31:35,760

it's an amazing serendipity that we get

664

00:31:47,740 --> 00:31:36,640

to persevere

665

00:31:59,990 --> 00:31:47,750

through working on perseverance

666

00:32:03,509 --> 00:32:02,470

joining us now is perseverance deputy

667

00:32:07,110 --> 00:32:03,519

project manager

668

00:32:08,070 --> 00:32:07,120

matt wallace matt just how ambitious is

669

00:32:10,149 --> 00:32:08,080

this mission

670

00:32:11,190 --> 00:32:10,159

and how was the perseverance team able

671

00:32:13,350 --> 00:32:11,200

to stay on track

672

00:32:15,269 --> 00:32:13,360

with unexpected challenges like the

673

00:32:17,990 --> 00:32:15,279

pandemic

674

00:32:19,430 --> 00:32:18,000

well it's a very ambitious mission you

675

00:32:22,950 --> 00:32:19,440

know we're carrying not only

676

00:32:25,830 --> 00:32:22,960

a host of new uh extremely capable

677

00:32:27,590 --> 00:32:25,840

science instruments to do that that

678

00:32:28,549 --> 00:32:27,600

science mission that we've talked about

679

00:32:31,029 --> 00:32:28,559

but also

680

00:32:32,789 --> 00:32:31,039

a number of technology experiments will

681

00:32:35,590 --> 00:32:32,799

provide feed forward

682

00:32:37,669 --> 00:32:35,600

information into the next set of robotic

683

00:32:38,870 --> 00:32:37,679

explorers or even human exploration of

684

00:32:41,110 --> 00:32:38,880

mars

685

00:32:42,789 --> 00:32:41,120

so there's a lot for us to do we look a

686

00:32:43,269 --> 00:32:42,799

lot like curiosity but in fact we're

687

00:32:46,310 --> 00:32:43,279

carrying

688

00:32:47,990 --> 00:32:46,320

50 percent more payload down to the

689

00:32:51,029 --> 00:32:48,000

surface of mars

690

00:32:53,110 --> 00:32:51,039

and so it is a it's been a big challenge

691

00:32:54,950 --> 00:32:53,120

um you know and it was particularly

692

00:32:57,750 --> 00:32:54,960

challenging when the pandemic

693

00:33:00,389 --> 00:32:57,760

struck it came at a critical time in our

694

00:33:03,190 --> 00:33:00,399

processing we were just months away

695

00:33:04,870 --> 00:33:03,200

from launching we were trying to

696

00:33:06,950 --> 00:33:04,880

essentially

697

00:33:08,070 --> 00:33:06,960

get the spacecraft assembled and do the

698

00:33:10,230 --> 00:33:08,080

final tests

699

00:33:11,190 --> 00:33:10,240

we did not have a lot of margin in our

700

00:33:14,310 --> 00:33:11,200

schedule

701
00:33:15,029 --> 00:33:14,320
and our focus just entirely shifted from

702
00:33:17,269 --> 00:33:15,039
that

703
00:33:19,669 --> 00:33:17,279
to keeping the team safe and keeping

704
00:33:21,350 --> 00:33:19,679
their families safe

705
00:33:23,430 --> 00:33:21,360
and we had to do that quickly we had to

706
00:33:25,350 --> 00:33:23,440
make that adjustment quickly

707
00:33:26,710 --> 00:33:25,360
i think uh you know we got through it

708
00:33:27,430 --> 00:33:26,720
with a lot of help a lot of people

709
00:33:29,269 --> 00:33:27,440
stepped up

710
00:33:30,470 --> 00:33:29,279
uh to make it happen the team was

711
00:33:32,389 --> 00:33:30,480
tenacious

712
00:33:35,190 --> 00:33:32,399
uh and we managed to get it launched and

713
00:33:37,269 --> 00:33:35,200

and fly it to mars it's

714

00:33:38,950 --> 00:33:37,279

you know thanks to a lot of help and

715

00:33:42,149 --> 00:33:38,960

matt just how large

716

00:33:45,110 --> 00:33:42,159

is the team that worked on perseverance

717

00:33:46,789 --> 00:33:45,120

it's a big team a couple thousand people

718

00:33:49,990 --> 00:33:46,799

here just at jpl

719

00:33:53,029 --> 00:33:50,000

in fact have worked on on this mission

720

00:33:54,070 --> 00:33:53,039

and then almost every other nasa center

721

00:33:56,789 --> 00:33:54,080

has contributed

722

00:33:57,750 --> 00:33:56,799

in some significant and critical way as

723

00:34:01,110 --> 00:33:57,760

well

724

00:34:02,870 --> 00:34:01,120

uh we have um over a thousand

725

00:34:05,430 --> 00:34:02,880

industry partners that have provided

726
00:34:08,869 --> 00:34:05,440
hardware into this mission from

727
00:34:10,310 --> 00:34:08,879
44 different states 560 different cities

728
00:34:12,230 --> 00:34:10,320
and of course we have international

729
00:34:14,230 --> 00:34:12,240
contributions from europe

730
00:34:15,270 --> 00:34:14,240
and many other international providers

731
00:34:17,909 --> 00:34:15,280
as well so

732
00:34:19,030 --> 00:34:17,919
it's a it's a big team it's taken a lot

733
00:34:22,149 --> 00:34:19,040
of people to get us

734
00:34:24,550 --> 00:34:22,159
to where we're at that is a big team

735
00:34:25,510 --> 00:34:24,560
this is the most difficult landing site

736
00:34:27,190 --> 00:34:25,520
ever attempted

737
00:34:30,550 --> 00:34:27,200
now why do you think perseverance is

738
00:34:32,470 --> 00:34:30,560

ready to land in jezreel crater now

739

00:34:34,310 --> 00:34:32,480

jezreel is tough i mean it's

740

00:34:35,829 --> 00:34:34,320

scientifically fascinating

741

00:34:38,790 --> 00:34:35,839

because it's got a lot of things like

742

00:34:41,669 --> 00:34:38,800

craters and uh

743

00:34:42,550 --> 00:34:41,679

you know rock fields and cliffs and sand

744

00:34:44,550 --> 00:34:42,560

dunes and

745

00:34:46,389 --> 00:34:44,560

that sort of thing which are great for

746

00:34:47,990 --> 00:34:46,399

the science community that's exactly the

747

00:34:50,310 --> 00:34:48,000

type of features they're looking for

748

00:34:52,069 --> 00:34:50,320

to learn more about mars but they're all

749

00:34:54,470 --> 00:34:52,079

any hazards for us

750

00:34:55,349 --> 00:34:54,480

and so we've had to add some new

751
00:34:57,270 --> 00:34:55,359
technology

752
00:34:59,109 --> 00:34:57,280
uh terrain relative navigation which is

753
00:35:00,470 --> 00:34:59,119
the ability essentially to divert away

754
00:35:03,030 --> 00:35:00,480
from hazards

755
00:35:03,510 --> 00:35:03,040
uh and but we have taken this system

756
00:35:05,510 --> 00:35:03,520
through

757
00:35:07,750 --> 00:35:05,520
the same types of paces that we have on

758
00:35:11,109 --> 00:35:07,760
previous missions we've used the same

759
00:35:13,109 --> 00:35:11,119
techniques the same uh best practices

760
00:35:15,270 --> 00:35:13,119
for engineering verification

761
00:35:16,870 --> 00:35:15,280
and in many cases we've used the same

762
00:35:19,109 --> 00:35:16,880
people this in fact is my

763
00:35:20,390 --> 00:35:19,119

my fifth mars rover mission and i'm not

764

00:35:21,990 --> 00:35:20,400

alone there's other people on the

765

00:35:25,430 --> 00:35:22,000

project in the same

766

00:35:26,230 --> 00:35:25,440

in the same situation so um you know the

767

00:35:29,430 --> 00:35:26,240

team has

768

00:35:32,069 --> 00:35:29,440

given it everything they've gotten to

769

00:35:33,430 --> 00:35:32,079

put it all put it all out there and uh

770

00:35:34,470 --> 00:35:33,440

to make this successful and i think

771

00:35:36,069 --> 00:35:34,480

we're ready

772

00:35:38,150 --> 00:35:36,079

thanks matt and good luck on your fifth

773

00:35:40,550 --> 00:35:38,160

mission thank you very much

774

00:35:43,030 --> 00:35:40,560

well jezreel crater is a location on

775

00:35:43,990 --> 00:35:43,040

mars that has intrigued scientists for

776
00:35:45,829 --> 00:35:44,000
years

777
00:35:47,430 --> 00:35:45,839
let's head over to marina to learn more

778
00:35:51,349 --> 00:35:47,440
about the science goals

779
00:35:53,990 --> 00:35:51,359
of the mission that's right raquel

780
00:35:55,910 --> 00:35:54,000
here to explain why we want to go there

781
00:35:59,990 --> 00:35:55,920
is deputy project scientist

782
00:36:02,069 --> 00:36:00,000
katie stack morgan welcome katie

783
00:36:03,990 --> 00:36:02,079
thanks marina glad to be here now

784
00:36:06,950 --> 00:36:04,000
perseverance is landing on mars

785
00:36:10,630 --> 00:36:06,960
at the jezero crater why is it that you

786
00:36:12,630 --> 00:36:10,640
and the team chose this particular area

787
00:36:14,870 --> 00:36:12,640
yeah so scientists believe that jezreel

788
00:36:17,270 --> 00:36:14,880

crater is one of the best places on mars

789

00:36:19,349 --> 00:36:17,280

and possibly the entire solar system

790

00:36:21,510 --> 00:36:19,359

to look for signs of ancient life

791

00:36:22,950 --> 00:36:21,520

jezreel contained an ancient lake

792

00:36:25,190 --> 00:36:22,960

and has within it one of the best

793

00:36:27,589 --> 00:36:25,200

preserved ancient delta deposits

794

00:36:29,510 --> 00:36:27,599

in on the surface of mars in delta's

795

00:36:30,630 --> 00:36:29,520

form when a river enters a relatively

796

00:36:33,030 --> 00:36:30,640

open body of water

797

00:36:34,310 --> 00:36:33,040

like an impact crater and deposits the

798

00:36:36,310 --> 00:36:34,320

sediment that it's carrying

799

00:36:37,990 --> 00:36:36,320

into the lake and we know based on

800

00:36:39,349 --> 00:36:38,000

studies of deltas and lakes here on

801
00:36:40,230 --> 00:36:39,359
earth that they're great places to

802
00:36:41,910 --> 00:36:40,240
concentrate

803
00:36:43,829 --> 00:36:41,920
and preserve organics and support

804
00:36:45,349 --> 00:36:43,839
microbial life we're also excited

805
00:36:48,630 --> 00:36:45,359
because jezreel

806
00:36:50,230 --> 00:36:48,640
exposes rocks that are between three and

807
00:36:51,829 --> 00:36:50,240
a half to more than four billion years

808
00:36:54,390 --> 00:36:51,839
old and represent a variety of different

809
00:36:56,310 --> 00:36:54,400
geological processes

810
00:36:57,750 --> 00:36:56,320
now this might be a tough choice but

811
00:37:00,150 --> 00:36:57,760
what do you think would be the most

812
00:37:03,270 --> 00:37:00,160
rewarding scientific discovery that we

813
00:37:05,270 --> 00:37:03,280

expect to get from this mission

814

00:37:07,109 --> 00:37:05,280

it's hands down i think the most

815

00:37:08,710 --> 00:37:07,119

rewarding discovery i think we can make

816

00:37:10,069 --> 00:37:08,720

with perseverance would be finding a

817

00:37:12,550 --> 00:37:10,079

truly compelling

818

00:37:14,310 --> 00:37:12,560

ancient bio signature on mars the rocks

819

00:37:16,069 --> 00:37:14,320

in and around jezreel crater record a

820

00:37:17,030 --> 00:37:16,079

period of time when life first arose in

821

00:37:18,470 --> 00:37:17,040

the solar system

822

00:37:20,550 --> 00:37:18,480

and we have the opportunity with

823

00:37:21,109 --> 00:37:20,560

perseverance to study the evolution of a

824

00:37:22,870 --> 00:37:21,119

planet

825

00:37:24,790 --> 00:37:22,880

from a once habitable world likely

826

00:37:26,790 --> 00:37:24,800

capable of supporting ancient life

827

00:37:28,790 --> 00:37:26,800

to the cold barren planet we know mars

828

00:37:30,710 --> 00:37:28,800

is today

829

00:37:33,190 --> 00:37:30,720

and why do you think katie it's so

830

00:37:37,270 --> 00:37:33,200

important to find out if there really

831

00:37:38,550 --> 00:37:37,280

is or was ancient life on mars

832

00:37:40,390 --> 00:37:38,560

well the question of whether there's

833

00:37:42,390 --> 00:37:40,400

life beyond earth is one of the most

834

00:37:44,870 --> 00:37:42,400

fundamental and essential questions we

835

00:37:46,550 --> 00:37:44,880

can ask and our ability to ask this

836

00:37:48,790 --> 00:37:46,560

question and develop the scientific

837

00:37:49,190 --> 00:37:48,800

investigations and technology to answer

838

00:37:51,190 --> 00:37:49,200

it

839

00:37:52,630 --> 00:37:51,200

is one of the things that make us as a

840

00:37:54,310 --> 00:37:52,640

species so unique

841

00:37:56,550 --> 00:37:54,320

and based on everything we know about

842

00:37:58,230 --> 00:37:56,560

mars in the past it absolutely should

843

00:37:58,790 --> 00:37:58,240

have been capable of supporting ancient

844

00:38:00,390 --> 00:37:58,800

life

845

00:38:02,150 --> 00:38:00,400

so we can find out an answer to the

846

00:38:04,390 --> 00:38:02,160

question where there were habitable

847

00:38:05,990 --> 00:38:04,400

environments was their life and studying

848

00:38:07,910 --> 00:38:06,000

the possible emergence of life on

849

00:38:09,349 --> 00:38:07,920

ancient mars can also help us better

850

00:38:12,310 --> 00:38:09,359

understand the conditions that led to

851

00:38:14,230 --> 00:38:12,320

life on our own planet earth

852

00:38:16,069 --> 00:38:14,240

that's so fascinating katie and now

853

00:38:16,950 --> 00:38:16,079

we're going to take a question from a

854

00:38:19,990 --> 00:38:16,960

student

855

00:38:23,430 --> 00:38:20,000

vara hi

856

00:38:25,430 --> 00:38:23,440

i am vara and my question is why was

857

00:38:29,109 --> 00:38:25,440

mars able to sustain

858

00:38:31,190 --> 00:38:29,119

lakes and rivers ages ago but cannot now

859

00:38:32,710 --> 00:38:31,200

isn't it cold enough to make water and

860

00:38:35,910 --> 00:38:32,720

isn't it always

861

00:38:40,310 --> 00:38:38,310

yeah that is such a great question um

862

00:38:42,230 --> 00:38:40,320

and one of the things that protects our

863

00:38:43,990 --> 00:38:42,240

atmosphere here on earth and allows

864

00:38:45,510 --> 00:38:44,000

liquid water to be stable on our own

865

00:38:46,950 --> 00:38:45,520

planet is the fact that we have a

866

00:38:47,910 --> 00:38:46,960

magnetic field protecting that

867

00:38:49,829 --> 00:38:47,920

atmosphere

868

00:38:51,030 --> 00:38:49,839

we think that mars lost its magnetic

869

00:38:53,109 --> 00:38:51,040

field way back

870

00:38:55,270 --> 00:38:53,119

billions of years ago and left the

871

00:38:56,870 --> 00:38:55,280

atmosphere exposed to things like

872

00:38:58,790 --> 00:38:56,880

solar wind and cosmic rays that

873

00:39:00,710 --> 00:38:58,800

basically blew that atmosphere away

874

00:39:02,310 --> 00:39:00,720

and once that happened liquid water

875

00:39:03,990 --> 00:39:02,320

wasn't stable on the surface of mars

876

00:39:05,349 --> 00:39:04,000

anymore it was too cold and there and

877

00:39:07,349 --> 00:39:05,359

the pressure was too low

878

00:39:09,109 --> 00:39:07,359

and so now mars is not capable of

879

00:39:10,470 --> 00:39:09,119

supporting liquid water and likely not

880

00:39:11,990 --> 00:39:10,480

capable of supporting life at its

881

00:39:13,670 --> 00:39:12,000

surface

882

00:39:15,349 --> 00:39:13,680

well thank you so much to vara for that

883

00:39:16,950 --> 00:39:15,359

great question and a big shout out to

884

00:39:19,030 --> 00:39:16,960

all the kids that are watching

885

00:39:21,190 --> 00:39:19,040

out there today and thank you so much to

886

00:39:22,950 --> 00:39:21,200

you katie for joining us that was so

887

00:39:25,109 --> 00:39:22,960

great

888

00:39:26,870 --> 00:39:25,119

thank you now sending it back over to

889

00:39:29,109 --> 00:39:26,880

you raquel

890

00:39:31,349 --> 00:39:29,119

thanks marina earlier we were able to

891

00:39:31,990 --> 00:39:31,359

catch up with the communications systems

892

00:39:34,790 --> 00:39:32,000

engineer

893

00:39:36,069 --> 00:39:34,800

chloe sakier she helps us break down the

894

00:39:39,510 --> 00:39:36,079

system used to track

895

00:39:41,430 --> 00:39:39,520

perseverance during landing

896

00:39:43,270 --> 00:39:41,440

the communications infrastructure

897

00:39:46,150 --> 00:39:43,280

supporting perseverance's landing

898

00:39:47,910 --> 00:39:46,160

is quite complex we've rallied a truly

899

00:39:49,510 --> 00:39:47,920

global network of relay and

900

00:39:51,670 --> 00:39:49,520

communications assets

901
00:39:53,670 --> 00:39:51,680
to help us capture and record those

902
00:39:55,349 --> 00:39:53,680
precious minutes of entry descent and

903
00:39:57,190 --> 00:39:55,359
landing or edl

904
00:39:59,589 --> 00:39:57,200
we receive a stream of engineering

905
00:40:00,630 --> 00:39:59,599
telemetry via these communication assets

906
00:40:03,270 --> 00:40:00,640
that helps us see

907
00:40:05,030 --> 00:40:03,280
and understand exactly what's happening

908
00:40:07,670 --> 00:40:05,040
perseverance sends direct to earth

909
00:40:09,510 --> 00:40:07,680
x-band tones each of which provides us

910
00:40:10,870 --> 00:40:09,520
with indications of critical entry

911
00:40:13,109 --> 00:40:10,880
descent and landing events

912
00:40:15,109 --> 00:40:13,119
during entry descent and landing we have

913
00:40:16,470 --> 00:40:15,119

two mars orbiters listening for the

914

00:40:19,270 --> 00:40:16,480

ultra high frequency

915

00:40:20,950 --> 00:40:19,280

or uhf signals from perseverance these

916

00:40:23,270 --> 00:40:20,960

orbiters relay these signals

917

00:40:24,630 --> 00:40:23,280

to deep space network stations on earth

918

00:40:27,190 --> 00:40:24,640

madrid in spain

919

00:40:28,390 --> 00:40:27,200

and goldstone in california the mars

920

00:40:31,430 --> 00:40:28,400

reconnaissance orbiter

921

00:40:31,990 --> 00:40:31,440

or mro has reconfigured its software to

922

00:40:34,150 --> 00:40:32,000

perform

923

00:40:35,910 --> 00:40:34,160

a type of relay called bent pipe this

924

00:40:37,750 --> 00:40:35,920

will provide us with near real-time

925

00:40:38,390 --> 00:40:37,760

telemetry during entry descent and

926
00:40:39,829 --> 00:40:38,400
landing

927
00:40:41,990 --> 00:40:39,839
we have coverage from the mars

928
00:40:42,550 --> 00:40:42,000
reconnaissance orbiter from just before

929
00:40:44,550 --> 00:40:42,560
entry

930
00:40:45,910 --> 00:40:44,560
to a few minutes after landing the

931
00:40:47,670 --> 00:40:45,920
telemetry we receive

932
00:40:49,430 --> 00:40:47,680
will be delayed by the time it takes

933
00:40:51,990 --> 00:40:49,440
light to travel from mars

934
00:40:54,230 --> 00:40:52,000
to us back on earth additionally the

935
00:40:55,829 --> 00:40:54,240
mars atmosphere and volatile evolution

936
00:40:58,230 --> 00:40:55,839
spacecraft or maven

937
00:40:59,670 --> 00:40:58,240
is recording these uhf signals and will

938
00:41:01,910 --> 00:40:59,680

be relaying that recording

939

00:41:02,710 --> 00:41:01,920
hours after landing maven will be

940

00:41:04,309 --> 00:41:02,720
covering us

941

00:41:06,230 --> 00:41:04,319
from around the time of cruise stage

942

00:41:08,950 --> 00:41:06,240
separation until a few minutes

943

00:41:10,390 --> 00:41:08,960
after landing we also receive what we

944

00:41:11,589 --> 00:41:10,400
call heartbeat tones

945

00:41:13,670 --> 00:41:11,599
which are indications that the

946

00:41:15,670 --> 00:41:13,680
spacecraft is alive and progressing

947

00:41:17,670 --> 00:41:15,680
throughout entry descent and landing

948

00:41:19,510 --> 00:41:17,680
it's important to note that while

949

00:41:21,430 --> 00:41:19,520
unexpected we could lose our

950

00:41:22,309 --> 00:41:21,440
communication links and still land

951
00:41:23,990 --> 00:41:22,319
safely

952
00:41:25,349 --> 00:41:24,000
because perseverance is doing entry

953
00:41:26,309 --> 00:41:25,359
descent and landing completely

954
00:41:27,990 --> 00:41:26,319
autonomously

955
00:41:30,150 --> 00:41:28,000
she doesn't need our help to joystick

956
00:41:33,430 --> 00:41:30,160
the landing the communication links give

957
00:41:36,950 --> 00:41:35,510
and you can see chloe hard at work

958
00:41:40,150 --> 00:41:36,960
inside mission control

959
00:41:42,230 --> 00:41:40,160
right now perseverance's landing might

960
00:41:42,630 --> 00:41:42,240
look like the system the curiosity rover

961
00:41:46,069 --> 00:41:42,640
used

962
00:41:48,790 --> 00:41:46,079
back in 2012 but landing on mars

963
00:41:49,990 --> 00:41:48,800

is difficult there's always a risk

964

00:41:51,670 --> 00:41:50,000

involved

965

00:41:53,349 --> 00:41:51,680

here's what needs to happen for

966

00:41:56,470 --> 00:41:53,359

perseverance to touch down

967

00:41:57,750 --> 00:41:56,480

safely in jezreel crater

968

00:41:59,109 --> 00:41:57,760

nothing can be taken for granted when

969

00:42:00,230 --> 00:41:59,119

you get to mars there's a lot of things

970

00:42:02,710 --> 00:42:00,240

we just don't know

971

00:42:04,630 --> 00:42:02,720

space always has a way of throwing us

972

00:42:06,150 --> 00:42:04,640

curveballs and surprising us

973

00:42:08,069 --> 00:42:06,160

i mean until we get the data that says

974

00:42:11,480 --> 00:42:08,079

we're on the ground safely i'm gonna be

975

00:42:14,870 --> 00:42:12,870

[Music]

976

00:42:16,790 --> 00:42:14,880

entry descent and landing is often

977

00:42:17,990 --> 00:42:16,800

referred to as the seven minutes of

978

00:42:20,150 --> 00:42:18,000

terror

979

00:42:21,030 --> 00:42:20,160

because it takes about seven minutes to

980

00:42:23,589 --> 00:42:21,040

get from

981

00:42:24,470 --> 00:42:23,599

the top of the atmosphere of mars to the

982

00:42:27,270 --> 00:42:24,480

ground

983

00:42:27,589 --> 00:42:27,280

safely the spacecraft has to do all of

984

00:42:30,950 --> 00:42:27,599

this

985

00:42:32,710 --> 00:42:30,960

by itself there are many things that

986

00:42:34,870 --> 00:42:32,720

have to go right to get

987

00:42:36,230 --> 00:42:34,880

perseverance onto the ground safely

988

00:42:38,069 --> 00:42:36,240

there's a lot counting on this this is

989

00:42:41,109 --> 00:42:38,079

the first leg of our sample return relay

990

00:42:43,030 --> 00:42:41,119

race there's a lot of work on the line

991

00:42:44,550 --> 00:42:43,040

starting about 10 minutes before

992

00:42:46,950 --> 00:42:44,560

atmospheric entry we

993

00:42:48,790 --> 00:42:46,960

get rid of really the spacecraft part of

994

00:42:51,510 --> 00:42:48,800

of the rover that's been supporting us

995

00:42:52,390 --> 00:42:51,520

we come screaming in to the martian

996

00:42:55,829 --> 00:42:52,400

atmosphere

997

00:42:58,390 --> 00:42:55,839

at 12 to 13 000 miles per hour

998

00:43:00,710 --> 00:42:58,400

and the heat shield is what dissipates

999

00:43:02,069 --> 00:43:00,720

all that initial energy through friction

1000

00:43:03,430 --> 00:43:02,079

the vehicle will continue actually

1001
00:43:04,870 --> 00:43:03,440
flying itself through the atmosphere

1002
00:43:06,150 --> 00:43:04,880
it's sort of like a transforming

1003
00:43:07,430 --> 00:43:06,160
vehicle that went from spacecraft and

1004
00:43:08,710 --> 00:43:07,440
now it's kind of like an aircraft

1005
00:43:11,190 --> 00:43:08,720
actively guiding itself

1006
00:43:14,069 --> 00:43:11,200
when we're going slow enough we deploy a

1007
00:43:17,589 --> 00:43:15,670
the biggest supersonic parachute we've

1008
00:43:18,950 --> 00:43:17,599
ever sent to another planet

1009
00:43:20,710 --> 00:43:18,960
it's critical for slowing down the

1010
00:43:23,030 --> 00:43:20,720
vehicle

1011
00:43:25,109 --> 00:43:23,040
perseverances entry descent and landing

1012
00:43:28,069 --> 00:43:25,119
borrows heavily from that of

1013
00:43:28,470 --> 00:43:28,079

curiosity but fundamentally perseverance

1014

00:43:31,030 --> 00:43:28,480

is a

1015

00:43:32,150 --> 00:43:31,040

different rover she's bigger she has

1016

00:43:33,430 --> 00:43:32,160

different instruments

1017

00:43:35,349 --> 00:43:33,440

we've added a lot of smarts on the

1018

00:43:36,630 --> 00:43:35,359

inside to make it more capable

1019

00:43:38,309 --> 00:43:36,640

so that it can deal with the landing

1020

00:43:40,470 --> 00:43:38,319

site that we've given the science team

1021

00:43:42,150 --> 00:43:40,480

identified jezreel crater as

1022

00:43:44,309 --> 00:43:42,160

basically an ancient lake bed and one of

1023

00:43:46,069 --> 00:43:44,319

the most promising places to look for

1024

00:43:47,990 --> 00:43:46,079

evidence of ancient microbial life and

1025

00:43:48,950 --> 00:43:48,000

to collect samples for future return to

1026

00:43:50,390 --> 00:43:48,960

earth

1027

00:43:52,390 --> 00:43:50,400

the problem is it's a much more

1028

00:43:54,230 --> 00:43:52,400

hazardous place to land

1029

00:43:55,990 --> 00:43:54,240

you look at jezreel all you see is

1030

00:43:57,430 --> 00:43:56,000

danger how do we go to a site

1031

00:43:59,670 --> 00:43:57,440

that we never thought was safe enough to

1032

00:44:00,710 --> 00:43:59,680

go to before so the heat shield which

1033

00:44:02,309 --> 00:44:00,720

has protected us all the way through

1034

00:44:03,990 --> 00:44:02,319

entry is no longer necessary we need to

1035

00:44:04,710 --> 00:44:04,000

get that off so that we can actually see

1036

00:44:08,150 --> 00:44:04,720

the ground

1037

00:44:09,829 --> 00:44:08,160

different ways perseverance will be

1038

00:44:11,430 --> 00:44:09,839

the first mission to use terrain

1039

00:44:13,190 --> 00:44:11,440

relative navigation

1040

00:44:15,190 --> 00:44:13,200

so while it's descending on the

1041

00:44:17,990 --> 00:44:15,200

parachute it will actually be taking

1042

00:44:18,710 --> 00:44:18,000

images of the surface of mars and

1043

00:44:21,190 --> 00:44:18,720

determining

1044

00:44:23,430 --> 00:44:21,200

where to go based on what it sees this

1045

00:44:24,309 --> 00:44:23,440

is finally like landing with your eyes

1046

00:44:26,630 --> 00:44:24,319

open

1047

00:44:27,589 --> 00:44:26,640

having this new technology really allows

1048

00:44:30,470 --> 00:44:27,599

perseverance

1049

00:44:30,870 --> 00:44:30,480

to land in much more challenging terrain

1050

00:44:33,430 --> 00:44:30,880

than

1051
00:44:34,790 --> 00:44:33,440
curiosity or any previous mars mission

1052
00:44:37,349 --> 00:44:34,800
could amongst

1053
00:44:38,470 --> 00:44:37,359
the rocks and the craters and the cliffs

1054
00:44:41,510 --> 00:44:38,480
these things are

1055
00:44:42,470 --> 00:44:41,520
hazardous to the rover but

1056
00:44:44,550 --> 00:44:42,480
these are the things that are

1057
00:44:46,150 --> 00:44:44,560
interesting to the scientists

1058
00:44:48,829 --> 00:44:46,160
once perseverance has figured out where

1059
00:44:53,190 --> 00:44:48,839
she is jettison the back shell and

1060
00:44:56,950 --> 00:44:55,109
those rockets help us steer to a safe

1061
00:44:58,950 --> 00:44:56,960
landing spot that's nearby

1062
00:45:00,470 --> 00:44:58,960
that descent stage takes us all the way

1063
00:45:02,230 --> 00:45:00,480

down to about 20 meters

1064

00:45:04,300 --> 00:45:02,240

off the ground that's when we start the

1065

00:45:07,270 --> 00:45:04,310

sky crane

1066

00:45:09,190 --> 00:45:07,280

[Music]

1067

00:45:10,710 --> 00:45:09,200

once the rover has hit the ground the

1068

00:45:13,510 --> 00:45:10,720

descent stage will cut loose from the

1069

00:45:15,750 --> 00:45:13,520

rover and fly away to a safe distance

1070

00:45:18,069 --> 00:45:15,760

surviving that seven minutes is really

1071

00:45:19,750 --> 00:45:18,079

just the beginning for perseverance its

1072

00:45:21,510 --> 00:45:19,760

job right being the first leg of sample

1073

00:45:23,910 --> 00:45:21,520

return to go look for those signs of

1074

00:45:25,910 --> 00:45:23,920

past life on mars all that can't start

1075

00:45:27,829 --> 00:45:25,920

until we get perseverant safely to the

1076
00:45:34,210 --> 00:45:27,839
ground and then that's when the real

1077
00:45:34,220 --> 00:45:55,030
[Music]

1078
00:46:00,150 --> 00:45:57,670
with us now is al chen he is

1079
00:46:01,190 --> 00:46:00,160
perseverance's entry descent and landing

1080
00:46:03,349 --> 00:46:01,200
lead

1081
00:46:05,510 --> 00:46:03,359
al you were part of the curiosity rover

1082
00:46:07,109 --> 00:46:05,520
landing does it get any easier the

1083
00:46:08,870 --> 00:46:07,119
second time around

1084
00:46:10,309 --> 00:46:08,880
it absolutely does not especially when

1085
00:46:10,870 --> 00:46:10,319
considering we're trying to land the

1086
00:46:13,030 --> 00:46:10,880
biggest

1087
00:46:14,950 --> 00:46:13,040
heaviest and most complex rover we've

1088
00:46:16,630 --> 00:46:14,960

ever built at the most dangerous landing

1089

00:46:18,390 --> 00:46:16,640

site we've ever attempted

1090

00:46:19,990 --> 00:46:18,400

jezreel may look great and you know

1091

00:46:22,230 --> 00:46:20,000

promising from a science perspective but

1092

00:46:24,150 --> 00:46:22,240

it's absolutely treacherous for landing

1093

00:46:25,750 --> 00:46:24,160

there's a cliff cliff wall that's about

1094

00:46:27,109 --> 00:46:25,760

200 feet tall that runs right through

1095

00:46:28,630 --> 00:46:27,119

the middle of landing site

1096

00:46:29,990 --> 00:46:28,640

there are craters full of sand that even

1097

00:46:31,109 --> 00:46:30,000

if we landed them we would not be able

1098

00:46:32,950 --> 00:46:31,119

to drive out of

1099

00:46:34,230 --> 00:46:32,960

and there are rocks to the east and

1100

00:46:35,109 --> 00:46:34,240

actually all over the place and rock

1101

00:46:36,390 --> 00:46:35,119

fields

1102

00:46:38,390 --> 00:46:36,400

that would be a bad day for us if we

1103

00:46:41,510 --> 00:46:38,400

were to land on them

1104

00:46:43,990 --> 00:46:41,520

now al what new technology makes this

1105

00:46:45,349 --> 00:46:44,000

type of land dangerous landing possible

1106

00:46:46,790 --> 00:46:45,359

perseverance is carrying two new

1107

00:46:47,990 --> 00:46:46,800

technologies that are really kind of

1108

00:46:49,829 --> 00:46:48,000

under the hood smarts

1109

00:46:51,750 --> 00:46:49,839

that are allowing us to land at this

1110

00:46:53,589 --> 00:46:51,760

kind of treacherous landing site

1111

00:46:54,950 --> 00:46:53,599

the first is range trigger that's the

1112

00:46:56,550 --> 00:46:54,960

ability we've given perseverance the

1113

00:46:58,710 --> 00:46:56,560

ability to decide for herself

1114

00:47:00,630 --> 00:46:58,720

based on where she is when to deploy the

1115

00:47:02,550 --> 00:47:00,640

parachute previously we used to deploy

1116

00:47:05,030 --> 00:47:02,560

parachutes that supersonic parachute

1117

00:47:06,390 --> 00:47:05,040

based just on navigated velocity but now

1118

00:47:07,430 --> 00:47:06,400

perseverance has the smarts to figure

1119

00:47:09,030 --> 00:47:07,440

out where she is

1120

00:47:10,470 --> 00:47:09,040

and deploy that parachute at just the

1121

00:47:12,470 --> 00:47:10,480

right place to make sure that

1122

00:47:14,390 --> 00:47:12,480

we shrink where we could come down that

1123

00:47:16,150 --> 00:47:14,400

actually reduces the area that

1124

00:47:18,309 --> 00:47:16,160

error ellipse the where we can come down

1125

00:47:20,470 --> 00:47:18,319

on the ground from something that was on

1126
00:47:21,990 --> 00:47:20,480
the order of 15 miles long by 12 miles

1127
00:47:24,870 --> 00:47:22,000
wide for curiosity

1128
00:47:26,309 --> 00:47:24,880
to about 5 miles long by four miles wide

1129
00:47:27,910 --> 00:47:26,319
for perseverance so that's quite a bit

1130
00:47:29,829 --> 00:47:27,920
of reduction

1131
00:47:31,349 --> 00:47:29,839
second uh the next piece of technology

1132
00:47:32,710 --> 00:47:31,359
that's helping us land there is terrain

1133
00:47:34,309 --> 00:47:32,720
relative navigation

1134
00:47:36,150 --> 00:47:34,319
um in the past after we've popped off

1135
00:47:37,589 --> 00:47:36,160
the heat shield we've taken pictures of

1136
00:47:39,670 --> 00:47:37,599
the ground as it's been coming up but we

1137
00:47:41,430 --> 00:47:39,680
haven't really done anything with them

1138
00:47:43,349 --> 00:47:41,440

this time perseverance is carrying a

1139

00:47:44,630 --> 00:47:43,359

camera to take pictures but also a kind

1140

00:47:45,829 --> 00:47:44,640

of second brain

1141

00:47:47,589 --> 00:47:45,839

to help it figure out what those

1142

00:47:48,710 --> 00:47:47,599

pictures are telling it and match it up

1143

00:47:50,790 --> 00:47:48,720

with an onboard map

1144

00:47:52,549 --> 00:47:50,800

from a satellite that allows it to

1145

00:47:54,230 --> 00:47:52,559

figure out exactly where she is

1146

00:47:56,069 --> 00:47:54,240

uh suddenly then she can she can then

1147

00:47:57,750 --> 00:47:56,079

fly to safe spots that are nearby when

1148

00:47:59,670 --> 00:47:57,760

she really knows where she is

1149

00:48:01,270 --> 00:47:59,680

it allows the site to not have to be as

1150

00:48:02,390 --> 00:48:01,280

flat and boring as a pancake as if some

1151

00:48:04,390 --> 00:48:02,400

of our past sites had been

1152

00:48:06,470 --> 00:48:04,400

the entire area we could come down now

1153

00:48:08,470 --> 00:48:06,480

we just need little pieces of that site

1154

00:48:10,870 --> 00:48:08,480

to be small enough and safe enough uh

1155

00:48:12,150 --> 00:48:10,880

for us to land in safely and fly there

1156

00:48:14,790 --> 00:48:12,160

after we've just after we've gotten rid

1157

00:48:17,069 --> 00:48:14,800

of the parachute and we also have a

1158

00:48:20,309 --> 00:48:17,079

social media question coming in

1159

00:48:22,309 --> 00:48:20,319

sansari14 on instagram is asking

1160

00:48:25,190 --> 00:48:22,319

how does the sky crane decide where to

1161

00:48:26,710 --> 00:48:25,200

move itself after the payload lands

1162

00:48:28,870 --> 00:48:26,720

after the payload lands after the rover

1163

00:48:30,069 --> 00:48:28,880

touches down the the sky crane the

1164

00:48:31,670 --> 00:48:30,079

descent stage which is that rocket

1165

00:48:33,270 --> 00:48:31,680

powered jet pack above it

1166

00:48:35,109 --> 00:48:33,280

the first job of course is to make sure

1167

00:48:38,069 --> 00:48:35,119

you don't hurt the rover so it'll turn

1168

00:48:39,829 --> 00:48:38,079

forward or backward so that the engine

1169

00:48:41,990 --> 00:48:39,839

plumes don't pass over the rover

1170

00:48:43,349 --> 00:48:42,000

so it'll come up and start to turn and

1171

00:48:43,990 --> 00:48:43,359

it'll go in whichever direction is

1172

00:48:45,829 --> 00:48:44,000

closest

1173

00:48:47,270 --> 00:48:45,839

to north so it can either go forward if

1174

00:48:48,870 --> 00:48:47,280

that's the way north is or go

1175

00:48:50,630 --> 00:48:48,880

toward the rear of the rover if that's

1176

00:48:53,270 --> 00:48:50,640

where north is and it'll fly about a

1177

00:48:55,589 --> 00:48:53,280

third of a mile or so away

1178

00:48:56,710 --> 00:48:55,599

thanks for talking to us today al thank

1179

00:48:59,030 --> 00:48:56,720

you very much

1180

00:49:03,589 --> 00:48:59,040

now let's head back to mission control

1181

00:49:06,390 --> 00:49:03,599

for an update from swati

1182

00:49:07,109 --> 00:49:06,400

hi raquel so remember that command that

1183

00:49:09,670 --> 00:49:07,119

we sent

1184

00:49:10,470 --> 00:49:09,680

at around 11 35 to turn the transmitter

1185

00:49:13,750 --> 00:49:10,480

off

1186

00:49:16,710 --> 00:49:13,760

we are just about to get confirmation

1187

00:49:18,230 --> 00:49:16,720

that perseverance has received the

1188

00:49:22,870 --> 00:49:18,240

command

1189

00:49:23,990 --> 00:49:22,880

perseverance and then the reply took 11

1190

00:49:26,630 --> 00:49:24,000

minutes to get

1191

00:49:27,190 --> 00:49:26,640

back from perseverance to the ground so

1192

00:49:31,030 --> 00:49:27,200

we

1193

00:49:32,470 --> 00:49:31,040

should hear about any second now that

1194

00:49:34,870 --> 00:49:32,480

we have officially turned off the

1195

00:49:38,230 --> 00:49:34,880

transmitter and after that we will be

1196

00:49:40,390 --> 00:49:38,240

about four minutes from the start

1197

00:49:41,910 --> 00:49:40,400

of entry descent and landing mode at

1198

00:49:44,470 --> 00:49:41,920

this point we will transition

1199

00:49:45,910 --> 00:49:44,480

from the cruise approach mode to entry

1200

00:49:48,950 --> 00:49:45,920

descent and landing

1201
00:49:50,150 --> 00:49:48,960
and that means our travel from earth to

1202
00:49:52,309 --> 00:49:50,160
mars is done

1203
00:49:53,270 --> 00:49:52,319
and now we just need to get to the

1204
00:50:01,190 --> 00:49:53,280
surface

1205
00:50:04,950 --> 00:50:03,109
oh well this is chad three ready to show

1206
00:50:25,109 --> 00:50:04,960
miss estimated assistance for

1207
00:50:28,549 --> 00:50:26,710
our tracking stations have all confirmed

1208
00:50:33,349 --> 00:50:28,559
the results of the transmitter drive off

1209
00:50:36,630 --> 00:50:33,359
and in lock one way copy ace

1210
00:50:38,150 --> 00:50:36,640
gts light flight gts

1211
00:50:40,790 --> 00:50:38,160
at this time i'd like to disable the

1212
00:50:42,790 --> 00:50:40,800
alarms before edl main

1213
00:50:45,430 --> 00:50:42,800

so please disable all the alarm files

1214

00:50:47,910 --> 00:50:45,440

and start a new downlink session

1215

00:50:52,950 --> 00:50:47,920

we'll talk about that copy that

1216

00:51:01,030 --> 00:50:54,710

we are now officially one way and the

1217

00:51:05,910 --> 00:51:04,390

rover mission has helped shape the other

1218

00:51:08,150 --> 00:51:05,920

starting with the landing of the

1219

00:51:10,470 --> 00:51:08,160

pathfinder more than 20

1220

00:51:12,309 --> 00:51:10,480

years ago leading up to where we are

1221

00:51:14,309 --> 00:51:12,319

today with perseverance

1222

00:51:15,589 --> 00:51:14,319

perseverance deputy project manager

1223

00:51:18,549 --> 00:51:15,599

jennifer trosper

1224

00:51:19,030 --> 00:51:18,559

has worked on every mars rover mission

1225

00:51:22,630 --> 00:51:19,040

and

1226

00:51:24,549 --> 00:51:22,640

she joins us now jennifer

1227

00:51:27,270 --> 00:51:24,559

how does perseverance fit into the

1228

00:51:29,910 --> 00:51:27,280

history of exploring mars

1229

00:51:31,589 --> 00:51:29,920

thanks raquel it's great to be here well

1230

00:51:33,829 --> 00:51:31,599

perseverance is nasa's

1231

00:51:35,270 --> 00:51:33,839

fifth rover on mars and i've had the

1232

00:51:37,589 --> 00:51:35,280

privilege of working on

1233

00:51:39,950 --> 00:51:37,599

every one of them and the very first

1234

00:51:43,349 --> 00:51:39,960

rover was the sojourner rover we sent in

1235

00:51:46,309 --> 00:51:43,359

1997 and it was the size of a microwave

1236

00:51:48,630 --> 00:51:46,319

oven and even at that small size

1237

00:51:50,710 --> 00:51:48,640

sojourner was able to transform the way

1238

00:51:54,150 --> 00:51:50,720

that we explore mars from

1239

00:51:56,309 --> 00:51:54,160

stationary landers to small roving

1240

00:51:57,829 --> 00:51:56,319

robots that go from place to place just

1241

00:52:00,309 --> 00:51:57,839

like a geologist would

1242

00:52:01,589 --> 00:52:00,319

on earth so once we had that roving

1243

00:52:03,990 --> 00:52:01,599

capability

1244

00:52:05,190 --> 00:52:04,000

then we sent our twin rovers spirit and

1245

00:52:08,630 --> 00:52:05,200

opportunity

1246

00:52:11,829 --> 00:52:08,640

finding

1247

00:52:12,470 --> 00:52:11,839

evidence of ancient water on mars now

1248

00:52:14,470 --> 00:52:12,480

they did

1249

00:52:16,870 --> 00:52:14,480

they're great explorers and both of them

1250

00:52:19,349 --> 00:52:16,880

found ample evidence that water had once

1251
00:52:21,270 --> 00:52:19,359
existed on the surface of mars

1252
00:52:22,630 --> 00:52:21,280
but we had a question another question

1253
00:52:25,109 --> 00:52:22,640
then was

1254
00:52:26,549 --> 00:52:25,119
mars ever habitable if water had been

1255
00:52:28,950 --> 00:52:26,559
there and that's when we sent

1256
00:52:29,990 --> 00:52:28,960
curiosity now curiosity was a major

1257
00:52:32,230 --> 00:52:30,000
upgrade

1258
00:52:33,430 --> 00:52:32,240
to our rover fleet she's the size of a

1259
00:52:35,910 --> 00:52:33,440
small car

1260
00:52:37,589 --> 00:52:35,920
she landed with the sky crane system

1261
00:52:39,349 --> 00:52:37,599
instead of air bags

1262
00:52:40,870 --> 00:52:39,359
and she also carries along her own

1263
00:52:43,430 --> 00:52:40,880

sample analytics lab

1264

00:52:45,750 --> 00:52:43,440

and she's still operating today and

1265

00:52:47,910 --> 00:52:45,760

during her exploration she has found

1266

00:52:50,950 --> 00:52:47,920

evidence of a habitable environment

1267

00:52:52,710 --> 00:52:50,960

in an ancient lake bed on mars so now

1268

00:52:55,589 --> 00:52:52,720

we're sending perseverance

1269

00:52:56,390 --> 00:52:55,599

perseverance is tasked with answering

1270

00:52:58,790 --> 00:52:56,400

the question

1271

00:52:59,990 --> 00:52:58,800

and looking for evidence of ancient

1272

00:53:02,710 --> 00:53:00,000

microbial life

1273

00:53:04,470 --> 00:53:02,720

on mars and in order to do this she has

1274

00:53:06,630 --> 00:53:04,480

to be the smartest and most capable

1275

00:53:08,470 --> 00:53:06,640

rover we've ever sent

1276

00:53:10,150 --> 00:53:08,480

speaking of perseverance can you tell us

1277

00:53:12,630 --> 00:53:10,160

more about how perseverance

1278

00:53:13,510 --> 00:53:12,640

is smarter than its predecessors yes

1279

00:53:16,150 --> 00:53:13,520

we've made

1280

00:53:17,670 --> 00:53:16,160

a lot of upgrades to help her along with

1281

00:53:19,670 --> 00:53:17,680

the surface mission

1282

00:53:21,270 --> 00:53:19,680

one of them is for her autonomous

1283

00:53:23,270 --> 00:53:21,280

traverse capability

1284

00:53:25,510 --> 00:53:23,280

when i say autonomous traverse i mean we

1285

00:53:27,750 --> 00:53:25,520

tell her where we want her to end up

1286

00:53:29,190 --> 00:53:27,760

and she has to figure out the safe and

1287

00:53:31,510 --> 00:53:29,200

best way to get there

1288

00:53:33,190 --> 00:53:31,520

in order to do that she uses her cameras

1289

00:53:34,950 --> 00:53:33,200

algorithms a computer

1290

00:53:36,790 --> 00:53:34,960

so we've given her another computer

1291

00:53:38,309 --> 00:53:36,800

we've upgraded the cameras and we've

1292

00:53:40,710 --> 00:53:38,319

upgraded the algorithms

1293

00:53:42,069 --> 00:53:40,720

now she drives three times as fast as

1294

00:53:45,109 --> 00:53:42,079

curiosity could drive

1295

00:53:45,430 --> 00:53:45,119

in this autonomous traverse mode in fact

1296

00:53:48,710 --> 00:53:45,440

her

1297

00:53:51,109 --> 00:53:48,720

average daily distance for driving about

1298

00:53:53,430 --> 00:53:51,119

200 meters is close to the maximum

1299

00:53:55,589 --> 00:53:53,440

distance any rover has ever driven in a

1300

00:53:57,190 --> 00:53:55,599

day on mars so she's fast

1301
00:53:59,109 --> 00:53:57,200
another thing that we've done which is

1302
00:54:01,430 --> 00:53:59,119
the most significant upgrade

1303
00:54:03,349 --> 00:54:01,440
that we've made is the sample caching

1304
00:54:05,430 --> 00:54:03,359
system itself

1305
00:54:07,510 --> 00:54:05,440
curiosity has a robotic arm like

1306
00:54:10,150 --> 00:54:07,520
perseverance has a robotic arm but on

1307
00:54:12,710 --> 00:54:10,160
the end of perseverance's robotic arm

1308
00:54:14,150 --> 00:54:12,720
is a coring drill that will go and take

1309
00:54:16,309 --> 00:54:14,160
rock cores

1310
00:54:18,790 --> 00:54:16,319
transfer them into sample tubes and into

1311
00:54:21,750 --> 00:54:18,800
the rover where another robotic arm

1312
00:54:22,470 --> 00:54:21,760
will take those tubes will seal them and

1313
00:54:24,470 --> 00:54:22,480

store them

1314

00:54:27,589 --> 00:54:24,480

and eventually drop them on the surface

1315

00:54:29,750 --> 00:54:27,599

of mars for future return to earth

1316

00:54:31,109 --> 00:54:29,760

great and we also have a social media

1317

00:54:34,230 --> 00:54:31,119

question about perseverance

1318

00:54:36,309 --> 00:54:34,240

erica a s on instagram wants to know

1319

00:54:37,349 --> 00:54:36,319

what the wheels of the rover are made

1320

00:54:38,950 --> 00:54:37,359

out of

1321

00:54:40,390 --> 00:54:38,960

great question well you may think we

1322

00:54:42,950 --> 00:54:40,400

make them out of some

1323

00:54:44,710 --> 00:54:42,960

material you've never heard of it turns

1324

00:54:46,390 --> 00:54:44,720

out they're made of aluminum

1325

00:54:47,990 --> 00:54:46,400

now perseverance's wheels are a little

1326
00:54:48,549 --> 00:54:48,000
thicker than curiosities but they're

1327
00:54:51,990 --> 00:54:48,559
actually

1328
00:54:54,150 --> 00:54:52,000
both made out of aluminum and one more

1329
00:54:56,069 --> 00:54:54,160
question for you can you tell us more

1330
00:54:59,109 --> 00:54:56,079
about the importance of where you are

1331
00:55:00,950 --> 00:54:59,119
right now in the building yes i am

1332
00:55:02,470 --> 00:55:00,960
above on the second floor above the

1333
00:55:03,430 --> 00:55:02,480
cruise mission support area that you've

1334
00:55:05,430 --> 00:55:03,440
been watching

1335
00:55:06,870 --> 00:55:05,440
and this is the surface mission support

1336
00:55:10,069 --> 00:55:06,880
area so as soon

1337
00:55:10,870 --> 00:55:10,079
as perseverance lands all commands i'll

1338
00:55:12,309 --> 00:55:10,880

take out this

1339

00:55:14,950 --> 00:55:12,319

this room will take over become

1340

00:55:16,549 --> 00:55:14,960

headquarters for operating perseverance

1341

00:55:17,990 --> 00:55:16,559

on mars

1342

00:55:20,230 --> 00:55:18,000

thanks for taking the time to talk to us

1343

00:55:22,950 --> 00:55:20,240

today jennifer thank you

1344

00:55:23,990 --> 00:55:22,960

now we now know perseverance's place in

1345

00:55:26,950 --> 00:55:24,000

history

1346

00:55:27,270 --> 00:55:26,960

let's take an up-close look at the rover

1347

00:55:30,309 --> 00:55:27,280

with

1348

00:55:34,710 --> 00:55:30,319

mars 2020 system testbed engineer

1349

00:55:37,109 --> 00:55:34,720

elio morillo thank you

1350

00:55:38,069 --> 00:55:37,119

i'm standing in front of the mars 2020

1351
00:55:40,710 --> 00:55:38,079
perseverance

1352
00:55:41,349 --> 00:55:40,720
scaled model as you can tell this

1353
00:55:44,309 --> 00:55:41,359
vehicle

1354
00:55:45,349 --> 00:55:44,319
is about the size of a mini cooper these

1355
00:55:47,190 --> 00:55:45,359
wheels are obviously

1356
00:55:48,789 --> 00:55:47,200
black here and they look like rubber but

1357
00:55:50,470 --> 00:55:48,799
they're actually fully made of metal

1358
00:55:52,309 --> 00:55:50,480
these wheels are designed to allow us to

1359
00:55:53,270 --> 00:55:52,319
climb over obstacles and of course climb

1360
00:55:55,829 --> 00:55:53,280
over hills

1361
00:55:58,230 --> 00:55:55,839
and minimize the amount of slipping once

1362
00:55:59,750 --> 00:55:58,240
we're traversing on the surface of mars

1363
00:56:01,990 --> 00:55:59,760

here in the front of the rover we have

1364

00:56:03,670 --> 00:56:02,000

the sample caching system and of course

1365

00:56:06,150 --> 00:56:03,680

at the very front end of this is the

1366

00:56:08,710 --> 00:56:06,160

robotic arm which this entire system is

1367

00:56:09,510 --> 00:56:08,720

arguably the most complex robotic system

1368

00:56:12,150 --> 00:56:09,520

we've ever sent

1369

00:56:12,549 --> 00:56:12,160

outside of earth here at the tip of the

1370

00:56:14,870 --> 00:56:12,559

arm

1371

00:56:15,990 --> 00:56:14,880

we have a turret which contains a suite

1372

00:56:18,630 --> 00:56:16,000

of instruments along

1373

00:56:21,030 --> 00:56:18,640

with some drills and coring capabilities

1374

00:56:23,190 --> 00:56:21,040

that will allow us to do contact science

1375

00:56:24,630 --> 00:56:23,200

once we get to the surface of mars not

1376

00:56:26,789 --> 00:56:24,640

only that

1377

00:56:28,950 --> 00:56:26,799

this robotic system is equipped to

1378

00:56:31,030 --> 00:56:28,960

collect samples about the size of

1379

00:56:31,990 --> 00:56:31,040

a piece of chalk that then eventually

1380

00:56:34,150 --> 00:56:32,000

will be stored

1381

00:56:35,270 --> 00:56:34,160

inside of the vehicle and dropped off in

1382

00:56:37,190 --> 00:56:35,280

a later location

1383

00:56:39,190 --> 00:56:37,200

so that an eventual mission can go and

1384

00:56:41,670 --> 00:56:39,200

return these samples to earth something

1385

00:56:43,670 --> 00:56:41,680

we've never done in the past here in the

1386

00:56:46,630 --> 00:56:43,680

front we have the remote sensing

1387

00:56:48,549 --> 00:56:46,640

most something of note is that this

1388

00:56:50,470 --> 00:56:48,559

mechanism is going to be stowed upon the

1389

00:56:52,069 --> 00:56:50,480

touchdown on the surface of mars and one

1390

00:56:53,910 --> 00:56:52,079

of the first critical activities we do

1391

00:56:56,150 --> 00:56:53,920

is deploy this mechanism

1392

00:56:57,109 --> 00:56:56,160

this mechanism includes several cameras

1393

00:56:57,990 --> 00:56:57,119

that are going to give us some of the

1394

00:57:00,150 --> 00:56:58,000

most breathtaking

1395

00:57:01,829 --> 00:57:00,160

images we've ever taken on mars along

1396

00:57:02,789 --> 00:57:01,839

with that we have some lasers as well as

1397

00:57:04,150 --> 00:57:02,799

a spectrometer

1398

00:57:06,549 --> 00:57:04,160

they're going to allow us to do some

1399

00:57:08,069 --> 00:57:06,559

remote science here you see

1400

00:57:09,510 --> 00:57:08,079

some of these extrusions that are part

1401

00:57:10,230 --> 00:57:09,520

of the larger weather suite of

1402

00:57:12,150 --> 00:57:10,240

instruments

1403

00:57:14,710 --> 00:57:12,160

that will allow us to characterize the

1404

00:57:16,710 --> 00:57:14,720

local climate around perseverance

1405

00:57:17,910 --> 00:57:16,720

so that's a quick tour of the rover but

1406

00:57:37,030 --> 00:57:17,920

i gotta get back to work

1407

00:57:42,309 --> 00:57:39,349

perseverance is collecting samples of

1408

00:57:43,910 --> 00:57:42,319

martian rock for future return to earth

1409

00:57:46,630 --> 00:57:43,920

we've heard that scientists have been

1410

00:57:49,829 --> 00:57:46,640

wanting to bring martian samples back

1411

00:57:50,789 --> 00:57:49,839

for many generations and here to talk a

1412

00:57:52,950 --> 00:57:50,799

little bit about that

1413

00:57:54,549 --> 00:57:52,960

is nasa's planetary science division

1414

00:57:56,870 --> 00:57:54,559

director lori glaze

1415

00:57:57,750 --> 00:57:56,880

who joins us now to talk about the role

1416

00:58:00,789 --> 00:57:57,760

perseverance

1417

00:58:01,510 --> 00:58:00,799

will play in nasa's future goals welcome

1418

00:58:04,470 --> 00:58:01,520

lori

1419

00:58:05,750 --> 00:58:04,480

hi now as you just heard we've heard

1420

00:58:07,910 --> 00:58:05,760

that scientists have been wanting to

1421

00:58:09,349 --> 00:58:07,920

bring back these martian samples for a

1422

00:58:11,589 --> 00:58:09,359

very long time

1423

00:58:13,670 --> 00:58:11,599

why do we need to bring them back that's

1424

00:58:15,990 --> 00:58:13,680

really a great great question

1425

00:58:18,069 --> 00:58:16,000

you know we actually have examples of

1426

00:58:19,670 --> 00:58:18,079

mars already here on earth that came

1427

00:58:21,589 --> 00:58:19,680

here as meteorites

1428

00:58:23,589 --> 00:58:21,599

but we don't know exactly where they

1429

00:58:25,430 --> 00:58:23,599

came from on mars and then they also

1430

00:58:26,470 --> 00:58:25,440

have had to make the trip from mars to

1431

00:58:28,309 --> 00:58:26,480

earth and so they

1432

00:58:30,230 --> 00:58:28,319

got altered during that time and then

1433

00:58:32,710 --> 00:58:30,240

during their entry and descent into the

1434

00:58:34,710 --> 00:58:32,720

earth's atmosphere that also changes

1435

00:58:38,549 --> 00:58:34,720

what those those rocks are like

1436

00:58:40,470 --> 00:58:38,559

so being able to go to mars and actually

1437

00:58:41,750 --> 00:58:40,480

collect a sample where we know exactly

1438

00:58:44,230 --> 00:58:41,760

where it came from

1439

00:58:45,030 --> 00:58:44,240

and we know we can preserve it and keep

1440

00:58:46,950 --> 00:58:45,040

it pristine

1441

00:58:49,190 --> 00:58:46,960

and carry it all the way back here this

1442

00:58:51,430 --> 00:58:49,200

will be incredibly important to help us

1443

00:58:53,990 --> 00:58:51,440

answer questions about

1444

00:58:54,950 --> 00:58:54,000

the geologic history of mars

1445

00:58:57,270 --> 00:58:54,960

understanding

1446

00:58:59,109 --> 00:58:57,280

how it formed and evolved and also

1447

00:58:59,990 --> 00:58:59,119

really important questions about whether

1448

00:59:02,230 --> 00:59:00,000

or not

1449

00:59:03,750 --> 00:59:02,240

life actually existed on mars three and

1450

00:59:03,990 --> 00:59:03,760

a half billion years ago and whether

1451

00:59:06,309 --> 00:59:04,000

that

1452

00:59:08,630 --> 00:59:06,319

life if it existed has been preserved in

1453

00:59:10,870 --> 00:59:08,640

the surface of mars

1454

00:59:12,309 --> 00:59:10,880

now lori these sample tubes that

1455

00:59:14,549 --> 00:59:12,319

perseverance is going to be

1456

00:59:16,069 --> 00:59:14,559

collecting they're the cleanest things

1457

00:59:16,789 --> 00:59:16,079

ever created on earth tell me a little

1458

00:59:19,910 --> 00:59:16,799

bit about that

1459

00:59:22,150 --> 00:59:19,920

oh my goodness we worked so hard

1460

00:59:23,349 --> 00:59:22,160

the team here at jpl is absolutely

1461

00:59:25,829 --> 00:59:23,359

incredible to

1462

00:59:27,510 --> 00:59:25,839

assure that those sample tubes are

1463

00:59:30,230 --> 00:59:27,520

incredibly clean

1464

00:59:30,789 --> 00:59:30,240

one of the main goals of this mission is

1465

00:59:34,789 --> 00:59:30,799

to

1466

00:59:37,349 --> 00:59:34,799

that's preserved

1467

00:59:38,390 --> 00:59:37,359

um ancient life preserved in those rocks

1468

00:59:39,990 --> 00:59:38,400

in those samples

1469

00:59:42,309 --> 00:59:40,000

and we definitely don't want to be

1470

00:59:43,990 --> 00:59:42,319

carrying you know our own dna

1471

00:59:45,589 --> 00:59:44,000

off to mars and then bring it back here

1472

00:59:45,990 --> 00:59:45,599

to confuse our our scientists when

1473

00:59:48,549 --> 00:59:46,000

they're trying

1474

00:59:50,069 --> 00:59:48,559

to study those samples so it it is an

1475

00:59:52,390 --> 00:59:50,079

incredibly clean

1476
00:59:53,910 --> 00:59:52,400
set of equipment that's been sent there

1477
00:59:56,390 --> 00:59:53,920
as you said the cleanest thing we've

1478
00:59:59,190 --> 00:59:56,400
ever sent into space

1479
00:59:59,990 --> 00:59:59,200
now this is a very complicated campaign

1480
01:00:02,069 --> 01:00:00,000
can you break down

1481
01:00:03,750 --> 01:00:02,079
for us how it's going to work and if

1482
01:00:04,950 --> 01:00:03,760
there's any international partners

1483
01:00:06,870 --> 01:00:04,960
working with us

1484
01:00:08,150 --> 01:00:06,880
you are correct the the marsh sample

1485
01:00:10,549 --> 01:00:08,160
return campaign

1486
01:00:12,309 --> 01:00:10,559
is incredibly complex in fact it's

1487
01:00:14,150 --> 01:00:12,319
probably the most challenging thing

1488
01:00:15,750 --> 01:00:14,160

we've ever tried to do

1489

01:00:17,670 --> 01:00:15,760

but we're definitely not going to try

1490

01:00:20,470 --> 01:00:17,680

and do it alone we have

1491

01:00:21,430 --> 01:00:20,480

great partners with the european space

1492

01:00:23,430 --> 01:00:21,440

agency

1493

01:00:25,430 --> 01:00:23,440

and the way this campaign is going to

1494

01:00:27,910 --> 01:00:25,440

work well perseverance is the first step

1495

01:00:29,510 --> 01:00:27,920

chapter one is going to mars and

1496

01:00:32,150 --> 01:00:29,520

collecting the samples

1497

01:00:32,630 --> 01:00:32,160

chapter two is going to be a sample

1498

01:00:34,630 --> 01:00:32,640

return

1499

01:00:37,750 --> 01:00:34,640

lander that we hope to launch in around

1500

01:00:40,150 --> 01:00:37,760

26 to 28 2026 to 2028

1501
01:00:41,190 --> 01:00:40,160
and that lander it'll be an american

1502
01:00:43,270 --> 01:00:41,200
lander carrying

1503
01:00:44,789 --> 01:00:43,280
a fetch rover that's provided by

1504
01:00:46,630 --> 01:00:44,799
european space agency

1505
01:00:48,549 --> 01:00:46,640
and that little fetch rover will drive

1506
01:00:51,270 --> 01:00:48,559
out and pick up the samples that

1507
01:00:52,710 --> 01:00:51,280
perseverance left on the surface of mars

1508
01:00:55,030 --> 01:00:52,720
and the fetch river will bring them back

1509
01:00:56,630 --> 01:00:55,040
and load them into a rocket that we call

1510
01:00:58,309 --> 01:00:56,640
the mars ascent vehicle which will be

1511
01:00:59,270 --> 01:00:58,319
the first ever launch from another

1512
01:01:01,190 --> 01:00:59,280
planet

1513
01:01:02,710 --> 01:01:01,200

and it will launch those samples into

1514

01:01:05,109 --> 01:01:02,720

orbit around mars

1515

01:01:05,910 --> 01:01:05,119

in the meantime european space agency

1516

01:01:08,470 --> 01:01:05,920

will have an

1517

01:01:11,349 --> 01:01:08,480

orbiter that's in orbit around mars that

1518

01:01:13,670 --> 01:01:11,359

can rendezvous and capture those samples

1519

01:01:15,510 --> 01:01:13,680

and then bring them back to earth for

1520

01:01:18,549 --> 01:01:15,520

for us to study back here in our

1521

01:01:21,190 --> 01:01:18,559

amazing laboratories

1522

01:01:23,589 --> 01:01:21,200

a lot of firsts it sounds like lori and

1523

01:01:25,430 --> 01:01:23,599

another first how is perseverance and

1524

01:01:27,589 --> 01:01:25,440

the mars sample return mission

1525

01:01:29,750 --> 01:01:27,599

going to help the future exploration

1526

01:01:31,589 --> 01:01:29,760

human exploration of mars

1527

01:01:33,589 --> 01:01:31,599

i'm so glad you asked that i think we're

1528

01:01:36,390 --> 01:01:33,599

going to get a lot of

1529

01:01:36,870 --> 01:01:36,400

great information from our sample return

1530

01:01:39,270 --> 01:01:36,880

with

1531

01:01:41,270 --> 01:01:39,280

again being able to land uh the heaviest

1532

01:01:43,190 --> 01:01:41,280

payload we've ever landed on mars will

1533

01:01:44,069 --> 01:01:43,200

be that sample return lander that's

1534

01:01:45,990 --> 01:01:44,079

critical

1535

01:01:47,750 --> 01:01:46,000

to us learning how to land humans on

1536

01:01:49,190 --> 01:01:47,760

mars and then we are definitely going to

1537

01:01:51,190 --> 01:01:49,200

want to be able to launch the humans

1538

01:01:51,990 --> 01:01:51,200

back off of mars so that mars ascent

1539

01:01:54,230 --> 01:01:52,000

vehicle is going

1540

01:01:55,349 --> 01:01:54,240

to be critical that that first step of

1541

01:01:58,789 --> 01:01:55,359

the first launch from

1542

01:02:00,710 --> 01:01:58,799

another planet so exciting

1543

01:02:02,789 --> 01:02:00,720

laurie and speaking about the mars

1544

01:02:03,670 --> 01:02:02,799

generation we're now going to take a

1545

01:02:07,670 --> 01:02:03,680

student question

1546

01:02:08,789 --> 01:02:07,680

for you from livia hi my name is olivia

1547

01:02:11,750 --> 01:02:08,799

and my question

1548

01:02:13,430 --> 01:02:11,760

is what made you want to study mars and

1549

01:02:16,150 --> 01:02:13,440

why are you working so hard

1550

01:02:19,270 --> 01:02:16,160

and willing to wait so long for a sample

1551
01:02:22,630 --> 01:02:21,829
olivia that is such a great question um

1552
01:02:24,870 --> 01:02:22,640
and and i

1553
01:02:27,270 --> 01:02:24,880
enjoy mars just because it can tell us

1554
01:02:29,430 --> 01:02:27,280
so much about how our solar system

1555
01:02:30,870 --> 01:02:29,440
formed and evolved um all of the planets

1556
01:02:32,950 --> 01:02:30,880
can tell us different parts of that

1557
01:02:33,670 --> 01:02:32,960
story and mars is a really key piece of

1558
01:02:35,029 --> 01:02:33,680
that

1559
01:02:37,270 --> 01:02:35,039
and one of the main reasons we're

1560
01:02:37,829 --> 01:02:37,280
willing to wait so long to get the

1561
01:02:40,230 --> 01:02:37,839
sample

1562
01:02:42,150 --> 01:02:40,240
back is that we've got great new

1563
01:02:43,270 --> 01:02:42,160

scientists that are all about your age

1564

01:02:45,589 --> 01:02:43,280

and in about

1565

01:02:47,510 --> 01:02:45,599

10 or 15 or 20 years you'll be the

1566

01:02:47,990 --> 01:02:47,520

generation that's going to actually get

1567

01:02:50,230 --> 01:02:48,000

to work

1568

01:02:51,270 --> 01:02:50,240

with these samples when when they come

1569

01:02:53,589 --> 01:02:51,280

back you'll be

1570

01:02:54,630 --> 01:02:53,599

the scientists and engineers that will

1571

01:02:57,029 --> 01:02:54,640

will be the

1572

01:02:58,069 --> 01:02:57,039

the next generation to to change how we

1573

01:03:02,470 --> 01:02:58,079

think about

1574

01:03:04,710 --> 01:03:02,480

in the solar system

1575

01:03:05,670 --> 01:03:04,720

that was a great question lori reach for

1576

01:03:08,069 --> 01:03:05,680

the stars

1577

01:03:09,670 --> 01:03:08,079

future little scientists and engineers

1578

01:03:11,190 --> 01:03:09,680

thank you so much for joining us here

1579

01:03:13,190 --> 01:03:11,200

today lori it's my pleasure

1580

01:03:14,630 --> 01:03:13,200

thanks back to you raquel for another

1581

01:03:16,870 --> 01:03:14,640

mission update

1582

01:03:19,029 --> 01:03:16,880

thanks marina the cruise team for

1583

01:03:20,230 --> 01:03:19,039

perseverance controls the rover on its

1584

01:03:22,789 --> 01:03:20,240

way to mars

1585

01:03:24,309 --> 01:03:22,799

and moments ago they handed it over to

1586

01:03:26,150 --> 01:03:24,319

the landing team

1587

01:03:28,309 --> 01:03:26,160

and it looks like team leaders in

1588

01:03:28,789 --> 01:03:28,319

mission control are about to talk to

1589

01:03:32,470 --> 01:03:28,799

both

1590

01:03:35,029 --> 01:03:32,480

teams so let's listen in uh the cbm

1591

01:03:37,349 --> 01:03:35,039

change as i mentioned previously is to

1592

01:03:37,829 --> 01:03:37,359

the edl reserve two-way non-coherent

1593

01:03:41,190 --> 01:03:37,839

round

1594

01:03:46,309 --> 01:03:41,200

activity copy flight

1595

01:03:51,029 --> 01:03:49,270

pep talk i guess to the team all right

1596

01:03:51,589 --> 01:03:51,039

uh you know i'm terrible pep talks i

1597

01:03:55,430 --> 01:03:51,599

thank you

1598

01:03:56,789 --> 01:03:55,440

my reputation precedes me there and uh

1599

01:03:58,150 --> 01:03:56,799

look i know this hasn't been easy right

1600

01:03:59,589 --> 01:03:58,160

i'm not even sure we've even been all in

1601
01:04:01,109 --> 01:03:59,599
the same room at the same time i mean

1602
01:04:03,910 --> 01:04:01,119
i'm staring at folks across the

1603
01:04:07,829 --> 01:04:03,920
uh across the internet as well even now

1604
01:04:13,349 --> 01:04:11,190
yeah voice check okay

1605
01:04:15,510 --> 01:04:13,359
um i do want to just extend uh my

1606
01:04:17,829 --> 01:04:15,520
heartfelt appreciation from the edl team

1607
01:04:19,270 --> 01:04:17,839
to the uh to the launch cruise team uh

1608
01:04:20,069 --> 01:04:19,280
you've done everything we've asked for

1609
01:04:22,069 --> 01:04:20,079
right i mean

1610
01:04:23,190 --> 01:04:22,079
you've battled anomalies you've you know

1611
01:04:23,910 --> 01:04:23,200
dealt with cessies you've done

1612
01:04:26,069 --> 01:04:23,920
everything

1613
01:04:27,670 --> 01:04:26,079

uh he delivered a healthy spacecraft uh

1614

01:04:29,270 --> 01:04:27,680

to the place that we want to go

1615

01:04:30,470 --> 01:04:29,280

um and she's right on target right we

1616

01:04:31,510 --> 01:04:30,480

did the last maneuver literally two

1617

01:04:33,029 --> 01:04:31,520

months ago

1618

01:04:35,190 --> 01:04:33,039

right this is pretty incredible in my

1619

01:04:36,390 --> 01:04:35,200

opinion um and she's armed with the

1620

01:04:37,910 --> 01:04:36,400

right information to help us land you

1621

01:04:38,230 --> 01:04:37,920

know doing the parameter update last

1622

01:04:39,589 --> 01:04:38,240

night

1623

01:04:41,589 --> 01:04:39,599

we're ready to roll you've done

1624

01:04:43,029 --> 01:04:41,599

everything right um and you've put up

1625

01:04:44,630 --> 01:04:43,039

with us too right you've put up with our

1626

01:04:46,630 --> 01:04:44,640

eccentricities and

1627

01:04:48,549 --> 01:04:46,640

the things we like to do in edl land so

1628

01:04:50,470 --> 01:04:48,559

i very much appreciate that

1629

01:04:51,670 --> 01:04:50,480

so uh you all should sleep in on friday

1630

01:04:54,549 --> 01:04:51,680

since uh

1631

01:04:55,910 --> 01:04:54,559

i you know you guys have earned it um

1632

01:04:57,029 --> 01:04:55,920

thanks for literally and figuratively

1633

01:04:57,910 --> 01:04:57,039

putting us in the right position to

1634

01:05:01,349 --> 01:04:57,920

succeed

1635

01:05:04,870 --> 01:05:01,359

and uh let's land on mars together

1636

01:05:06,230 --> 01:05:04,880

copy edl phase and uh as flight director

1637

01:05:07,349 --> 01:05:06,240

i also would like to thank the whole

1638

01:05:10,390 --> 01:05:07,359

team

1639

01:05:13,750 --> 01:05:10,400

cruise ops edl ops

1640

01:05:15,670 --> 01:05:13,760

edl team and the surface ops as well

1641

01:05:17,510 --> 01:05:15,680

it's been an amazing journey i think we

1642

01:05:19,109 --> 01:05:17,520

all know that and

1643

01:05:22,150 --> 01:05:19,119

it's been my honor and pleasure to work

1644

01:05:23,349 --> 01:05:22,160

with you all side by side and your

1645

01:05:26,069 --> 01:05:23,359

tireless efforts

1646

01:05:27,910 --> 01:05:26,079

and endurance in the face of our

1647

01:05:31,990 --> 01:05:27,920

challenges has been

1648

01:05:34,390 --> 01:05:32,000

truly truly inspiring so kudos to you

1649

01:05:36,390 --> 01:05:34,400

mission would you like to see something

1650

01:05:38,470 --> 01:05:36,400

yeah just echoing the same words that

1651

01:05:39,510 --> 01:05:38,480

uh that al and magdy have uh have

1652

01:05:41,750 --> 01:05:39,520

mentioned

1653

01:05:43,750 --> 01:05:41,760

you guys have overcome great obstacles

1654

01:05:45,829 --> 01:05:43,760

in the last six and a half months and it

1655

01:05:46,789 --> 01:05:45,839

started with an earthquake in this room

1656

01:05:49,990 --> 01:05:46,799

on launch day

1657

01:05:52,230 --> 01:05:50,000

at I minus 20 minutes so i

1658

01:05:53,750 --> 01:05:52,240

can't be more proud than all of the

1659

01:05:55,750 --> 01:05:53,760

achievements that you guys have

1660

01:05:57,029 --> 01:05:55,760

have pulled off in the last six and a

1661

01:05:59,109 --> 01:05:57,039

half months

1662

01:06:00,870 --> 01:05:59,119

whatever happens in the next hour and a

1663

01:06:02,069 --> 01:06:00,880

half you can be proud of the

1664

01:06:04,230 --> 01:06:02,079

achievements that you've

1665

01:06:06,069 --> 01:06:04,240

accomplished so far i look forward to

1666

01:06:07,589 --> 01:06:06,079

seeing you on the other side

1667

01:06:09,109 --> 01:06:07,599

and i only wish that the rest of our

1668

01:06:09,670 --> 01:06:09,119

team could be sharing this moment with

1669

01:06:14,309 --> 01:06:09,680

us

1670

01:06:16,549 --> 01:06:14,319

is only as half as full

1671

01:06:17,750 --> 01:06:16,559

as it would be if we weren't in this

1672

01:06:19,589 --> 01:06:17,760

pandemic so

1673

01:06:21,430 --> 01:06:19,599

missing everybody on the team who's not

1674

01:06:35,029 --> 01:06:21,440

with us here today

1675

01:06:35,039 --> 01:06:40,470

and with that godspeed perseverance

1676
01:06:44,710 --> 01:06:43,430
all right activity go ahead and continue

1677
01:06:47,190 --> 01:06:44,720
the report

1678
01:06:49,109 --> 01:06:47,200
sure thing flight we've since completed

1679
01:06:51,510 --> 01:06:49,119
the edl start anchor

1680
01:06:53,670 --> 01:06:51,520
um as i was mentioning we changed our

1681
01:06:55,029 --> 01:06:53,680
cbm row to edl reserve two-way

1682
01:06:57,510 --> 01:06:55,039
non-coherent

1683
01:06:58,870 --> 01:06:57,520
that row reinforces our cbm windows

1684
01:07:01,190 --> 01:06:58,880
disabled

1685
01:07:02,630 --> 01:07:01,200
keeps our packetization on it turns off

1686
01:07:03,589 --> 01:07:02,640
our ranging and switches to the

1687
01:07:05,910 --> 01:07:03,599
auxiliary

1688
01:07:07,750 --> 01:07:05,920

oscillator we have also started our

1689

01:07:10,789 --> 01:07:07,760

real-time data product

1690

01:07:13,589 --> 01:07:10,799

and reinforced medley on

1691

01:07:15,109 --> 01:07:13,599

at this time we now we just heard

1692

01:07:17,670 --> 01:07:15,119

perseverance team leaders

1693

01:07:19,510 --> 01:07:17,680

thank the cruise team for their work in

1694

01:07:22,309 --> 01:07:19,520

guiding the rover to mars

1695

01:07:24,870 --> 01:07:22,319

now did you know the rover name and mars

1696

01:07:27,349 --> 01:07:24,880

helicopter name came from students

1697

01:07:30,069 --> 01:07:27,359

well a couple weeks ago marina was able

1698

01:07:32,950 --> 01:07:30,079

to catch up with them

1699

01:07:35,270 --> 01:07:32,960

thanks raquel earlier this year nasa and

1700

01:07:36,470 --> 01:07:35,280

our partners held a nationwide essay

1701

01:07:39,910 --> 01:07:36,480

contest to name

1702

01:07:41,829 --> 01:07:39,920

our mars rover alex mather a 7th grader

1703

01:07:43,829 --> 01:07:41,839

from springfield virginia

1704

01:07:46,150 --> 01:07:43,839

submitted the winning essay that was

1705

01:07:46,549 --> 01:07:46,160

selected by nasa from a field of more

1706

01:07:50,069 --> 01:07:46,559

than

1707

01:07:52,470 --> 01:07:50,079

28 000 entries from k through 12

1708

01:07:54,950 --> 01:07:52,480

students in every state in the u.s

1709

01:07:56,470 --> 01:07:54,960

vanissa roupani's essay for ingenuity

1710

01:07:58,470 --> 01:07:56,480

was so compelling

1711

01:08:00,630 --> 01:07:58,480

nasa thought it would be a perfect name

1712

01:08:02,630 --> 01:08:00,640

for the history-making helicopter

1713

01:08:04,710 --> 01:08:02,640

a technology demonstration carried

1714

01:08:07,270 --> 01:08:04,720

aboard the perseverance rover

1715

01:08:08,069 --> 01:08:07,280

alex and vanessa join us now welcome you

1716

01:08:12,630 --> 01:08:08,079

guys

1717

01:08:14,789 --> 01:08:12,640

hello space nerds hi

1718

01:08:15,670 --> 01:08:14,799

now you got to go to florida and watch

1719

01:08:18,390 --> 01:08:15,680

the launch

1720

01:08:20,229 --> 01:08:18,400

live back in july alex what were you

1721

01:08:21,590 --> 01:08:20,239

feeling as you saw that rocket launched

1722

01:08:23,910 --> 01:08:21,600

into the sky

1723

01:08:25,189 --> 01:08:23,920

i read a lot of books written by

1724

01:08:27,669 --> 01:08:25,199

astronauts and

1725

01:08:28,470 --> 01:08:27,679

every single one of them always talks

1726

01:08:32,390 --> 01:08:28,480

about

1727

01:08:34,550 --> 01:08:32,400

the raw power behind the space launch

1728

01:08:35,829 --> 01:08:34,560

and i definitely feel like watching the

1729

01:08:39,189 --> 01:08:35,839

launch invoked

1730

01:08:42,309 --> 01:08:39,199

that sense of of well

1731

01:08:44,630 --> 01:08:42,319

inspiration mixed with anticipation

1732

01:08:47,430 --> 01:08:44,640

along with that rumble in my chest

1733

01:08:49,590 --> 01:08:47,440

that's very inspirational and i'm sure

1734

01:08:51,430 --> 01:08:49,600

that you have had many conversations

1735

01:08:52,149 --> 01:08:51,440

with your classmates since this all

1736

01:08:53,430 --> 01:08:52,159

began now

1737

01:08:56,550 --> 01:08:53,440

what kind of questions have they asked

1738

01:08:58,709 --> 01:08:56,560

you i got some people asking me about

1739

01:09:00,630 --> 01:08:58,719

what this helicopter is what this rover

1740

01:09:02,630 --> 01:09:00,640

is what are they actually going to do

1741

01:09:03,990 --> 01:09:02,640

so i love that this whole experience

1742

01:09:05,590 --> 01:09:04,000

sparked a greater interest in the

1743

01:09:07,430 --> 01:09:05,600

mission in my community

1744

01:09:10,550 --> 01:09:07,440

why do you think it's so important for

1745

01:09:13,749 --> 01:09:10,560

kids to be inspired by space exploration

1746

01:09:14,789 --> 01:09:13,759

because space is the future and kids are

1747

01:09:16,950 --> 01:09:14,799

the future

1748

01:09:17,829 --> 01:09:16,960

learning about space and watching the

1749

01:09:20,630 --> 01:09:17,839

story of

1750

01:09:22,550 --> 01:09:20,640

humanity spread to the stars happen is

1751

01:09:25,829 --> 01:09:22,560

watching the future happen

1752

01:09:26,390 --> 01:09:25,839

and seeing history unfold the best way

1753

01:09:28,229 --> 01:09:26,400

to

1754

01:09:29,749 --> 01:09:28,239

keep our homes safe and protect our

1755

01:09:30,550 --> 01:09:29,759

planet is to learn from the worlds

1756

01:09:32,070 --> 01:09:30,560

around it

1757

01:09:33,749 --> 01:09:32,080

so i think it's really important for the

1758

01:09:35,430 --> 01:09:33,759

next generation of scientists to be

1759

01:09:38,390 --> 01:09:35,440

engaged in that type of exploration to

1760

01:09:40,789 --> 01:09:38,400

make our home the best place it can be

1761

01:09:41,829 --> 01:09:40,799

now speaking of the future what has your

1762

01:09:44,229 --> 01:09:41,839

life been like since

1763

01:09:46,390 --> 01:09:44,239

naming the rover and helicopter has it

1764

01:09:48,390 --> 01:09:46,400

sparked any future aspirations for the

1765

01:09:51,510 --> 01:09:48,400

two of you

1766

01:09:53,669 --> 01:09:51,520

oh man i am currently applying to a

1767

01:09:54,550 --> 01:09:53,679

science and technology school for high

1768

01:09:56,709 --> 01:09:54,560

school

1769

01:09:58,070 --> 01:09:56,719

i'm hoping for a nasa internship

1770

01:10:00,950 --> 01:09:58,080

sometime along the way

1771

01:10:02,630 --> 01:10:00,960

with my ultimate goal being to join the

1772

01:10:03,510 --> 01:10:02,640

incredible team of scientists and

1773

01:10:06,149 --> 01:10:03,520

engineers

1774

01:10:07,990 --> 01:10:06,159

who are about to make this happen this

1775

01:10:09,510 --> 01:10:08,000

whole experience has definitely shown me

1776

01:10:10,310 --> 01:10:09,520

that i want to go into the space

1777

01:10:11,990 --> 01:10:10,320

industry

1778

01:10:13,350 --> 01:10:12,000

i came home from florida did all my

1779

01:10:15,750 --> 01:10:13,360

college applications and checked

1780

01:10:17,189 --> 01:10:15,760

aerospace engineering on all the boxes

1781

01:10:18,630 --> 01:10:17,199

i mean the whole time we were there i

1782

01:10:20,390 --> 01:10:18,640

was thinking why would anyone want to do

1783

01:10:23,590 --> 01:10:20,400

anything else

1784

01:10:24,070 --> 01:10:23,600

so true and the best of luck to both of

1785

01:10:28,390 --> 01:10:24,080

you

1786

01:10:30,229 --> 01:10:28,400

today alex and vanessa

1787

01:10:32,229 --> 01:10:30,239

thank you for having us thank you so

1788

01:10:36,470 --> 01:10:32,239

much i had a great time

1789

01:10:38,709 --> 01:10:36,480

now your essays as well as the top 155

1790

01:10:40,149 --> 01:10:38,719

finalist essays are riding on the

1791

01:10:42,630 --> 01:10:40,159

perseverance rover

1792

01:10:43,350 --> 01:10:42,640

along with nearly 11 million of the

1793

01:10:45,750 --> 01:10:43,360

names from

1794

01:10:46,709 --> 01:10:45,760

all over the world that were submitted

1795

01:10:48,630 --> 01:10:46,719

before launch

1796

01:10:50,870 --> 01:10:48,640

and if you miss the chance to get your

1797

01:10:52,790 --> 01:10:50,880

name on perseverance then you will get

1798

01:10:54,149 --> 01:10:52,800

another chance to reserve a spot on the

1799

01:10:56,830 --> 01:10:54,159

next mission to mars

1800

01:10:58,390 --> 01:10:56,840

so make sure that you sign up now at

1801
01:11:01,990 --> 01:10:58,400
mars.nasa.gov

1802
01:11:05,510 --> 01:11:04,229
as virtual celebrations are happening

1803
01:11:07,270 --> 01:11:05,520
all over the globe

1804
01:11:09,750 --> 01:11:07,280
let's take a look at some of your

1805
01:11:11,910 --> 01:11:09,760
submissions on our social channels

1806
01:11:13,750 --> 01:11:11,920
showing us how you're celebrating the

1807
01:11:17,189 --> 01:11:13,760
perseverance landing

1808
01:11:20,310 --> 01:11:17,199
right now and remember to hashtag

1809
01:11:23,669 --> 01:11:20,320
count down to mars and send those in we

1810
01:11:26,310 --> 01:11:23,679
would love to show them off

1811
01:11:27,110 --> 01:11:26,320
look at these kids they are getting so

1812
01:11:28,870 --> 01:11:27,120
excited

1813
01:11:31,189 --> 01:11:28,880

everyone's watching it a lot of

1814

01:11:31,910 --> 01:11:31,199

classrooms are watching it oh and great

1815

01:11:35,030 --> 01:11:31,920

someone

1816

01:11:35,430 --> 01:11:35,040

did a lego version of perseverance which

1817

01:11:38,630 --> 01:11:35,440

is

1818

01:11:40,310 --> 01:11:38,640

awesome it looks fantastic we love

1819

01:11:42,229 --> 01:11:40,320

getting all your pictures out there

1820

01:11:44,070 --> 01:11:42,239

we've gotten a lot of artwork from kids

1821

01:11:46,070 --> 01:11:44,080

which has been great i know i have a

1822

01:11:48,149 --> 01:11:46,080

nine-year-old john at home and he loves

1823

01:11:50,149 --> 01:11:48,159

to draw the rover

1824

01:11:51,669 --> 01:11:50,159

and look at that that is awesome that's

1825

01:11:52,149 --> 01:11:51,679

better than anything i could bake that's

1826
01:11:55,270 --> 01:11:52,159
for sure

1827
01:11:56,310 --> 01:11:55,280
perseverance in a cake that looks so

1828
01:11:59,510 --> 01:11:56,320
great delicious

1829
01:12:05,830 --> 01:12:02,709
another great send-in from david bowie

1830
01:12:09,270 --> 01:12:07,350
thank you so much for your submissions

1831
01:12:11,030 --> 01:12:09,280
remember hashtag countdown to mars we

1832
01:12:12,950 --> 01:12:11,040
love to see how you're celebrating

1833
01:12:14,950 --> 01:12:12,960
now you might know our next guest from

1834
01:12:17,669 --> 01:12:14,960
shows like emily's wonderlab

1835
01:12:18,310 --> 01:12:17,679
joining me now is emily kelandrelli

1836
01:12:21,510 --> 01:12:18,320
thank you

1837
01:12:24,149 --> 01:12:21,520
so much for being here with us today

1838
01:12:26,229 --> 01:12:24,159

hi thanks so much for having me now you

1839

01:12:27,910 --> 01:12:26,239

are very passionate about getting kids

1840

01:12:28,950 --> 01:12:27,920

interested in science and space

1841

01:12:31,270 --> 01:12:28,960

exploration

1842

01:12:33,350 --> 01:12:31,280

why do you think kids are so excited

1843

01:12:35,270 --> 01:12:33,360

about space

1844

01:12:36,950 --> 01:12:35,280

well i know the reason i'm excited about

1845

01:12:38,870 --> 01:12:36,960

space and i think it's the same reason

1846

01:12:39,590 --> 01:12:38,880

that many others are excited about space

1847

01:12:41,990 --> 01:12:39,600

and it's that

1848

01:12:43,110 --> 01:12:42,000

the people in the space industry work to

1849

01:12:45,189 --> 01:12:43,120

answer two

1850

01:12:46,470 --> 01:12:45,199

of the biggest questions that humans

1851
01:12:49,030 --> 01:12:46,480
have ever asked

1852
01:12:50,630 --> 01:12:49,040
are we alone in the universe and where

1853
01:12:52,790 --> 01:12:50,640
did we all come from

1854
01:12:54,310 --> 01:12:52,800
and by sending a rover to mars we are

1855
01:12:56,470 --> 01:12:54,320
gaining evidence

1856
01:12:58,470 --> 01:12:56,480
for the answers to these questions more

1857
01:13:01,350 --> 01:12:58,480
evidence than we ever had before and i

1858
01:13:03,270 --> 01:13:01,360
think that's so exciting

1859
01:13:05,270 --> 01:13:03,280
it is and i know you get loads of

1860
01:13:07,910 --> 01:13:05,280
interesting questions from kids have you

1861
01:13:10,310 --> 01:13:07,920
gotten any about mars specifically

1862
01:13:11,510 --> 01:13:10,320
oh my gosh yes everybody loves smarts

1863
01:13:13,510 --> 01:13:11,520

it's in movies and

1864

01:13:15,110 --> 01:13:13,520

books and tv shows and everybody loves

1865

01:13:16,709 --> 01:13:15,120

mars so one of the things that i get

1866

01:13:17,990 --> 01:13:16,719

asked a lot is that you know it's called

1867

01:13:20,550 --> 01:13:18,000

the red planet

1868

01:13:21,750 --> 01:13:20,560

why is it red well it's red because it's

1869

01:13:24,709 --> 01:13:21,760

literally rusty

1870

01:13:25,910 --> 01:13:24,719

the top layer of soil on mars has iron

1871

01:13:28,149 --> 01:13:25,920

oxide in it or

1872

01:13:29,430 --> 01:13:28,159

rust and rust has that brownish red

1873

01:13:31,910 --> 01:13:29,440

color so it's it's

1874

01:13:32,550 --> 01:13:31,920

red because it's rusty and also because

1875

01:13:35,189 --> 01:13:32,560

it's red

1876

01:13:35,910 --> 01:13:35,199

they ask is it red hot is it really hot

1877

01:13:38,070 --> 01:13:35,920

on mars

1878

01:13:39,910 --> 01:13:38,080

and well no actually it's colder than

1879

01:13:41,270 --> 01:13:39,920

the earth it's farther away from the sun

1880

01:13:42,630 --> 01:13:41,280

so as you would imagine it's a little

1881

01:13:45,350 --> 01:13:42,640

bit colder than the earth

1882

01:13:46,870 --> 01:13:45,360

it also has a really thin atmosphere so

1883

01:13:49,430 --> 01:13:46,880

the heat that it does have

1884

01:13:50,470 --> 01:13:49,440

it has a hard time keeping in um and so

1885

01:13:52,390 --> 01:13:50,480

it's a little bit colder

1886

01:13:54,550 --> 01:13:52,400

but then i also get asked what would i

1887

01:13:55,110 --> 01:13:54,560

weigh on mars that's a really fun

1888

01:13:57,510 --> 01:13:55,120

question

1889

01:13:59,270 --> 01:13:57,520

so on mars it's a little bit smaller

1890

01:14:00,149 --> 01:13:59,280

than the earth so the gravity there is

1891

01:14:01,750 --> 01:14:00,159

weaker it's about

1892

01:14:03,590 --> 01:14:01,760

three-eighths the gravity that we have

1893

01:14:05,189 --> 01:14:03,600

here on earth so if you wait a hundred

1894

01:14:07,270 --> 01:14:05,199

pounds here on earth you'd weigh 38

1895

01:14:07,669 --> 01:14:07,280

pounds on mars or 100 kilograms here on

1896

01:14:10,790 --> 01:14:07,679

earth

1897

01:14:12,470 --> 01:14:10,800

38 kilograms on mars

1898

01:14:13,990 --> 01:14:12,480

those are all super fun i think even

1899

01:14:15,910 --> 01:14:14,000

some adults want to know the answers to

1900

01:14:17,830 --> 01:14:15,920

those questions emily

1901

01:14:19,830 --> 01:14:17,840

now why do you think it's so important

1902

01:14:22,870 --> 01:14:19,840

to educate kids about science and

1903

01:14:25,990 --> 01:14:22,880

give them that great foundation

1904

01:14:27,669 --> 01:14:26,000

well science is the language of nature

1905

01:14:28,229 --> 01:14:27,679

and learning about science and learning

1906

01:14:30,310 --> 01:14:28,239

how to

1907

01:14:32,070 --> 01:14:30,320

think like a scientist means you are

1908

01:14:34,470 --> 01:14:32,080

learning how to systematically

1909

01:14:36,149 --> 01:14:34,480

seek out truth in the world you are

1910

01:14:37,910 --> 01:14:36,159

learning the scientific method you're

1911

01:14:40,070 --> 01:14:37,920

learning how to be a critical thinker

1912

01:14:41,590 --> 01:14:40,080

and honestly those skills are great for

1913

01:14:42,790 --> 01:14:41,600

whatever you end up wanting to do in

1914

01:14:44,630 --> 01:14:42,800

life

1915

01:14:46,950 --> 01:14:44,640

true if you want to be a scientist or an

1916

01:14:49,669 --> 01:14:46,960

opera singer that holds true what are

1917

01:14:52,870 --> 01:14:49,679

you most excited about today

1918

01:14:55,030 --> 01:14:52,880

i mean humans are launching a robot to

1919

01:14:56,950 --> 01:14:55,040

mars that doesn't happen every day i

1920

01:14:58,870 --> 01:14:56,960

think in all of the hecticness that is

1921

01:15:00,630 --> 01:14:58,880

going on today and all of the nerves

1922

01:15:03,270 --> 01:15:00,640

i just hope everyone can take a moment

1923

01:15:03,910 --> 01:15:03,280

to sit back and remember that we live in

1924

01:15:05,990 --> 01:15:03,920

a time

1925

01:15:07,669 --> 01:15:06,000

when humans have the ability to send a

1926

01:15:11,030 --> 01:15:07,679

robot to another planet

1927

01:15:13,830 --> 01:15:11,040

and that is just that's so cool to me

1928

01:15:16,070 --> 01:15:13,840

it is very cool emily take a deep breath

1929

01:15:18,070 --> 01:15:16,080

thanks for joining us here

1930

01:15:19,669 --> 01:15:18,080

thanks for having me sending it back to

1931

01:15:22,950 --> 01:15:19,679

you now raquel

1932

01:15:23,990 --> 01:15:22,960

thanks marina we are offering lots of

1933

01:15:26,630 --> 01:15:24,000

ways to ride along

1934

01:15:27,750 --> 01:15:26,640

with us to mars now put yourself right

1935

01:15:30,390 --> 01:15:27,760

into the action now

1936

01:15:32,229 --> 01:15:30,400

with our perseverance photo booth you

1937

01:15:34,709 --> 01:15:32,239

can pose next to the rover

1938

01:15:36,630 --> 01:15:34,719

place yourself in our mission control

1939

01:15:39,350 --> 01:15:36,640

and even see what you might look like

1940

01:15:41,270 --> 01:15:39,360

taking a selfie on the red planet

1941

01:15:43,510 --> 01:15:41,280

there you'll also have a chance to sign

1942

01:15:46,229 --> 01:15:43,520

up to send your name to mars on nasa's

1943

01:15:47,950 --> 01:15:46,239

next flight to the red planet it's all

1944

01:15:50,390 --> 01:15:47,960

available at

1945

01:15:54,390 --> 01:15:50,400

go.nasa.gov mars

1946

01:15:57,430 --> 01:15:54,400

2020 toolkit and joining us now

1947

01:15:57,990 --> 01:15:57,440

is jpl chief engineer and landing

1948

01:16:00,709 --> 01:15:58,000

veteran

1949

01:16:01,830 --> 01:16:00,719

rob manning he will be breaking down key

1950

01:16:04,149 --> 01:16:01,840

moments coming up

1951

01:16:06,790 --> 01:16:04,159

and very few people know more about

1952

01:16:10,310 --> 01:16:06,800

landing on mars than rob going back to

1953

01:16:12,709 --> 01:16:10,320

the pathfinder mission in 1997.

1954

01:16:14,310 --> 01:16:12,719

thanks for joining us today rob thank

1955

01:16:16,630 --> 01:16:14,320

you very much raquel for

1956

01:16:17,830 --> 01:16:16,640

for having me here and what a wonderful

1957

01:16:19,750 --> 01:16:17,840

experience

1958

01:16:21,350 --> 01:16:19,760

what a wonderful day for a beautiful day

1959

01:16:23,270 --> 01:16:21,360

in california

1960

01:16:24,470 --> 01:16:23,280

we we're just all so excited here

1961

01:16:27,110 --> 01:16:24,480

anxious worried

1962

01:16:29,030 --> 01:16:27,120

but very hopeful rob i have a question

1963

01:16:29,990 --> 01:16:29,040

for you there is a landing tradition at

1964

01:16:32,870 --> 01:16:30,000

jpl that

1965

01:16:34,870 --> 01:16:32,880

involves eating peanuts for good luck

1966

01:16:37,270 --> 01:16:34,880

can you tell us how did that start

1967

01:16:38,310 --> 01:16:37,280

yes it started in the in the mid 1960s

1968

01:16:40,550 --> 01:16:38,320

what happened was

1969

01:16:42,550 --> 01:16:40,560

we had a series of missions that had

1970

01:16:43,990 --> 01:16:42,560

failures the ranger program in the early

1971

01:16:45,910 --> 01:16:44,000

1960s

1972

01:16:47,750 --> 01:16:45,920

one after another failed and what

1973

01:16:49,189 --> 01:16:47,760

happened was one day a fellow by the

1974

01:16:51,750 --> 01:16:49,199

name of dick wallace on the

1975

01:16:52,470 --> 01:16:51,760

on ranger number seven on the seventh

1976

01:16:55,110 --> 01:16:52,480

attempt

1977

01:16:55,990 --> 01:16:55,120

decided to bring peanuts to the ops area

1978

01:16:58,310 --> 01:16:56,000

just before the

1979

01:17:00,149 --> 01:16:58,320

before the launch and guess what that

1980

01:17:02,149 --> 01:17:00,159

mission worked now we're not supposed to

1981

01:17:03,910 --> 01:17:02,159

be too super superstitious we're

1982

01:17:05,750 --> 01:17:03,920

engineers and scientists after all

1983

01:17:07,830 --> 01:17:05,760

but we love tradition and ever since

1984

01:17:09,350 --> 01:17:07,840

then before launch and before critical

1985

01:17:10,709 --> 01:17:09,360

events like enter descent landing we

1986

01:17:11,430 --> 01:17:10,719

have brought out peanuts and shared them

1987

01:17:13,030 --> 01:17:11,440

with the team

1988

01:17:14,470 --> 01:17:13,040

and it's been really a wonderful little

1989

01:17:15,990 --> 01:17:14,480

experience and and so

1990

01:17:17,750 --> 01:17:16,000

this is something we uh we'll do we're

1991

01:17:19,350 --> 01:17:17,760

doing right now and uh

1992

01:17:20,950 --> 01:17:19,360

and it's something that we just can't

1993

01:17:22,310 --> 01:17:20,960

help ourselves it's just part of the

1994

01:17:26,229 --> 01:17:22,320

experience

1995

01:17:27,910 --> 01:17:26,239

did the perseverance team keep the

1996

01:17:29,669 --> 01:17:27,920

tradition alive this year

1997

01:17:31,110 --> 01:17:29,679

well this year we're passed out little

1998

01:17:33,030 --> 01:17:31,120

packets of penis to the team

1999

01:17:34,470 --> 01:17:33,040

and they can sneak a pen one peanut in

2000

01:17:36,390 --> 01:17:34,480

their mouth for uh

2001

01:17:37,990 --> 01:17:36,400

as part of to keep the tradition alive

2002

01:17:40,070 --> 01:17:38,000

but you know this is part of the covet

2003

01:17:42,149 --> 01:17:40,080

experience but we can't leave this one

2004

01:17:43,189 --> 01:17:42,159

undone so this is what we're doing and

2005

01:17:45,669 --> 01:17:43,199

we're and uh

2006

01:17:46,229 --> 01:17:45,679

and this is going to help us land safely

2007

01:17:47,990 --> 01:17:46,239

all right

2008

01:17:49,590 --> 01:17:48,000

thanks rob i have some questions for you

2009

01:17:51,110 --> 01:17:49,600

a little later on but we are heading

2010

01:17:53,350 --> 01:17:51,120

back to swati mohan who

2011

01:17:55,510 --> 01:17:53,360

is part of the landing team she'll be

2012

01:17:56,310 --> 01:17:55,520

calling out key milestone and events as

2013

01:17:58,310 --> 01:17:56,320

they happen

2014

01:18:02,149 --> 01:17:58,320

from mission control so let's listen in

2015

01:18:06,310 --> 01:18:04,070

so right now we're still about 20

2016

01:18:06,870 --> 01:18:06,320

minutes from entry and the edl phase is

2017

01:18:09,990 --> 01:18:06,880

giving

2018

01:18:13,830 --> 01:18:10,000

a last minute

2019

01:18:17,110 --> 01:18:13,840

confirmation of what will be happening

2020

01:18:20,709 --> 01:18:17,120

in the upcoming changes to the vehicle

2021

01:18:25,189 --> 01:18:23,590

and this will allow us to steer our

2022

01:18:26,709 --> 01:18:25,199

trajectory

2023

01:18:28,550 --> 01:18:26,719

as we make our way through the

2024

01:18:31,350 --> 01:18:28,560

atmosphere

2025

01:18:33,350 --> 01:18:31,360

and this is one of the things that

2026

01:18:38,470 --> 01:18:33,360

allowed

2027

01:18:42,790 --> 01:18:40,790

land where it did and we're depending on

2028

01:18:45,189 --> 01:18:42,800

the same type of entry guidance

2029

01:18:48,310 --> 01:18:45,199

this time around to help get us very

2030

01:18:52,070 --> 01:18:51,189

as we make our way through entry finish

2031

01:18:56,229 --> 01:18:52,080

the

2032

01:18:58,630 --> 01:18:56,239

finish our guided entry profile

2033

01:18:59,830 --> 01:18:58,640

we'll do a maneuver called heading

2034

01:19:03,510 --> 01:18:59,840

alignment where we

2035

01:19:06,470 --> 01:19:03,520

point toward the target and get ready to

2036

01:19:08,149 --> 01:19:06,480

deploy the parachute but before we

2037

01:19:11,189 --> 01:19:08,159

deploy the parachute

2038

01:19:14,630 --> 01:19:11,199

we need to get rid of a set

2039

01:19:17,669 --> 01:19:14,640
of balance passes that have been

2040

01:19:19,350 --> 01:19:17,679
giving us a center of gravity or cg

2041

01:19:22,070 --> 01:19:19,360
offset

2042

01:19:23,510 --> 01:19:22,080
throughout the guided entry phase so

2043

01:19:26,470 --> 01:19:23,520
these are called

2044

01:19:28,790 --> 01:19:26,480
the uh the enter balance masses we also

2045

01:19:31,590 --> 01:19:28,800
call this maneuver

2046

01:19:32,790 --> 01:19:31,600
suffer s-u-f-r or straighten up and fly

2047

01:19:36,070 --> 01:19:32,800
right

2048

01:19:39,350 --> 01:19:36,080
so we'll go ahead and eject those masses

2049

01:19:40,470 --> 01:19:39,360
when we get a trigger from the gnc

2050

01:19:42,630 --> 01:19:40,480
system

2051
01:19:44,870 --> 01:19:42,640
telling us that we're at the appropriate

2052
01:19:48,790 --> 01:19:44,880
range to the target to do so

2053
01:19:52,149 --> 01:19:48,800
as soon as we deploy those we will

2054
01:19:54,070 --> 01:19:52,159
no longer have a cg offset and

2055
01:20:00,709 --> 01:19:54,080
we'll be ready to deploy the parachute

2056
01:20:03,990 --> 01:20:02,470
right where the perseverance team is

2057
01:20:07,270 --> 01:20:04,000
sitting now what's

2058
01:20:10,149 --> 01:20:07,280
in store for them as we approach landing

2059
01:20:10,790 --> 01:20:10,159
i'm going to hold here for uh video prep

2060
01:20:20,229 --> 01:20:10,800
as

2061
01:20:23,510 --> 01:20:20,239
that out when it's ready

2062
01:20:37,189 --> 01:20:23,520
copy flip the announcement now

2063
01:20:41,830 --> 01:20:40,229

all right now rob uh you've been right

2064

01:20:42,229 --> 01:20:41,840

where the perseverance team is sitting

2065

01:20:44,709 --> 01:20:42,239

now

2066

01:20:46,390 --> 01:20:44,719

uh what's in store for them as we

2067

01:20:48,790 --> 01:20:46,400

approach landing

2068

01:20:49,830 --> 01:20:48,800

well this is the really this is the nail

2069

01:20:51,750 --> 01:20:49,840

biting time

2070

01:20:53,430 --> 01:20:51,760

um fortunately we still have ones and

2071

01:20:55,350 --> 01:20:53,440

zeros coming but very soon as we

2072

01:20:57,590 --> 01:20:55,360

approach cruise stage separation

2073

01:20:59,030 --> 01:20:57,600

the the transmitter on this rover that's

2074

01:21:02,149 --> 01:20:59,040

been we've been using all the way to get

2075

01:21:04,790 --> 01:21:02,159

to mars is going to be turned off

2076

01:21:06,149 --> 01:21:04,800

so and we will lose our ability to see

2077

01:21:07,590 --> 01:21:06,159

ones and zeros but the good thing

2078

01:21:09,590 --> 01:21:07,600

is once the cruise stage is gone there's

2079

01:21:13,110 --> 01:21:09,600

another radio that will continue

2080

01:21:14,629 --> 01:21:13,120

transmitting uh a tone so that like a

2081

01:21:16,229 --> 01:21:14,639

flashlight that will allow us to see at

2082

01:21:18,229 --> 01:21:16,239

least see that the vehicle is still

2083

01:21:19,669 --> 01:21:18,239

on and that and then and that color of

2084

01:21:20,470 --> 01:21:19,679

that flashlight tells us a little bit

2085

01:21:23,189 --> 01:21:20,480

what state

2086

01:21:25,030 --> 01:21:23,199

this the rover's in but soon after that

2087

01:21:27,030 --> 01:21:25,040

um it won't be very long before

2088

01:21:29,350 --> 01:21:27,040

we'll be able to hear more ones and

2089

01:21:30,870 --> 01:21:29,360

zeros coming from the spacecraft

2090

01:21:32,709 --> 01:21:30,880

so this is a really exciting time and

2091

01:21:33,590 --> 01:21:32,719

and it's just important to remind people

2092

01:21:35,189 --> 01:21:33,600

this is a

2093

01:21:37,030 --> 01:21:35,199

uh there's a lot that can go wrong in a

2094

01:21:39,110 --> 01:21:37,040

day like today there are thousands of

2095

01:21:41,430 --> 01:21:39,120

things that have to go right

2096

01:21:42,229 --> 01:21:41,440

yeah we had success in the past landing

2097

01:21:44,070 --> 01:21:42,239

on mars

2098

01:21:46,550 --> 01:21:44,080

you'd think it gets easier but it really

2099

01:21:48,950 --> 01:21:46,560

doesn't why is it still so difficult

2100

01:21:50,550 --> 01:21:48,960

well it's well because it's involved

2101
01:21:52,229 --> 01:21:50,560
thousands and thousands i think hundreds

2102
01:21:54,790 --> 01:21:52,239
of thousands of lines of code

2103
01:21:56,070 --> 01:21:54,800
we there there is uh there's 79

2104
01:21:59,189 --> 01:21:56,080
pyrotechnic devices

2105
01:22:00,550 --> 01:21:59,199
each have to work perfectly one critical

2106
01:22:02,790 --> 01:22:00,560
wire short or one

2107
01:22:04,870 --> 01:22:02,800
key thing mechanism that doesn't work or

2108
01:22:07,669 --> 01:22:04,880
breaks and it's mission over

2109
01:22:09,590 --> 01:22:07,679
and so it's you know and and so and and

2110
01:22:10,470 --> 01:22:09,600
it's very easy we're human beings we're

2111
01:22:13,430 --> 01:22:10,480
not perfect

2112
01:22:14,229 --> 01:22:13,440
mistakes can be made we each count on

2113
01:22:18,390 --> 01:22:14,239

each other

2114

01:22:21,189 --> 01:22:18,400

to to find our own mistakes and and we

2115

01:22:23,350 --> 01:22:21,199

work very hard to to learn from the

2116

01:22:25,110 --> 01:22:23,360

mistakes of the past

2117

01:22:27,430 --> 01:22:25,120

we've had many failures half remind

2118

01:22:29,990 --> 01:22:27,440

people roughly half little

2119

01:22:31,669 --> 01:22:30,000

around half of the missions to mars over

2120

01:22:33,910 --> 01:22:31,679

history have failed

2121

01:22:35,430 --> 01:22:33,920

um and so it's it's it's that could

2122

01:22:36,390 --> 01:22:35,440

happen today too even though we've had a

2123

01:22:38,550 --> 01:22:36,400

nice wonderful

2124

01:22:39,590 --> 01:22:38,560

string of successes in the united states

2125

01:22:42,790 --> 01:22:39,600

it's still

2126

01:22:43,270 --> 01:22:42,800

a a still a bit of a gamble a gamble

2127

01:22:45,030 --> 01:22:43,280

that we've

2128

01:22:46,470 --> 01:22:45,040

we have hoped that we have we have aired

2129

01:22:48,870 --> 01:22:46,480

in the side of luck

2130

01:22:49,990 --> 01:22:48,880

and and and we've stacked the dice that

2131

01:22:52,470 --> 01:22:50,000

stacked the deck

2132

01:22:53,430 --> 01:22:52,480

and loaded the dice to make this thing

2133

01:22:56,390 --> 01:22:53,440

succeed

2134

01:22:58,149 --> 01:22:56,400

um but um if we do if we do fail and

2135

01:22:59,750 --> 01:22:58,159

something bad happens today

2136

01:23:01,590 --> 01:22:59,760

i can tell you we're going to learn it

2137

01:23:01,990 --> 01:23:01,600

we'll have the data that tell us what

2138

01:23:04,629 --> 01:23:02,000

happened

2139

01:23:05,990 --> 01:23:04,639

we'll know why we'll figure it out and

2140

01:23:08,070 --> 01:23:06,000

and if we

2141

01:23:09,910 --> 01:23:08,080

are allowed we will pick ourselves up

2142

01:23:12,470 --> 01:23:09,920

and get us back on the horse

2143

01:23:13,750 --> 01:23:12,480

and if congress and nasa allow we will

2144

01:23:15,510 --> 01:23:13,760

try again

2145

01:23:17,430 --> 01:23:15,520

as we always do we will learn from our

2146

01:23:19,590 --> 01:23:17,440

mistakes and

2147

01:23:21,430 --> 01:23:19,600

what are the possible scenarios we could

2148

01:23:24,470 --> 01:23:21,440

be looking at today

2149

01:23:25,350 --> 01:23:24,480

well there's things things like uh one

2150

01:23:27,110 --> 01:23:25,360

of the key

2151

01:23:28,550 --> 01:23:27,120

stressful elements for all of us is

2152

01:23:30,149 --> 01:23:28,560

parachute inflation

2153

01:23:31,990 --> 01:23:30,159

uh but just even separating from the

2154

01:23:34,550 --> 01:23:32,000

cruise stage is a pretty major event

2155

01:23:36,790 --> 01:23:34,560

lots of devices have to work properly

2156

01:23:37,910 --> 01:23:36,800

certainly on the heat shield separation

2157

01:23:39,669 --> 01:23:37,920

again getting the

2158

01:23:41,430 --> 01:23:39,679

descent engine started there's no less

2159

01:23:43,990 --> 01:23:41,440

than than uh uh

2160

01:23:45,110 --> 01:23:44,000

16 and rocket motors that have to work

2161

01:23:47,270 --> 01:23:45,120

uh one

2162

01:23:49,189 --> 01:23:47,280

eight to control during entry another

2163

01:23:51,189 --> 01:23:49,199

eight to control it during landing

2164

01:23:52,709 --> 01:23:51,199

i said it's a lot of stuff and it all

2165

01:23:54,870 --> 01:23:52,719

has to work and guess what

2166

01:23:57,110 --> 01:23:54,880

we haven't done this before with this

2167

01:23:58,550 --> 01:23:57,120

vehicle ever this is this first attempt

2168

01:24:00,950 --> 01:23:58,560

to actually land

2169

01:24:02,629 --> 01:24:00,960

we can't try this on earth we can't do

2170

01:24:04,550 --> 01:24:02,639

we don't have test pies to try it out on

2171

01:24:05,830 --> 01:24:04,560

this planet before the big show

2172

01:24:07,189 --> 01:24:05,840

so this vehicle is doing it for the

2173

01:24:08,709 --> 01:24:07,199

first time we've done the best testing

2174

01:24:10,629 --> 01:24:08,719

we can do in bits and pieces

2175

01:24:12,229 --> 01:24:10,639

but you know it's it's as best as we

2176

01:24:14,310 --> 01:24:12,239

could do and and uh

2177

01:24:16,390 --> 01:24:14,320

but i think our team is up to it we've

2178

01:24:18,790 --> 01:24:16,400

this team is the best it's a diverse

2179

01:24:20,149 --> 01:24:18,800

intelligent amazing group of people uh

2180

01:24:21,030 --> 01:24:20,159

people from all over the world who

2181

01:24:22,790 --> 01:24:21,040

worked on this

2182

01:24:24,310 --> 01:24:22,800

not just here in california but all over

2183

01:24:26,470 --> 01:24:24,320

nasa contributors

2184

01:24:27,430 --> 01:24:26,480

from aerospace universities countries

2185

01:24:29,669 --> 01:24:27,440

around the world

2186

01:24:30,870 --> 01:24:29,679

it is just an incredible remarkable

2187

01:24:33,830 --> 01:24:30,880

engineering achievement

2188

01:24:34,790 --> 01:24:33,840

and i am just so proud of this team

2189

01:24:39,830 --> 01:24:34,800

thanks rob now

2190

01:24:44,470 --> 01:24:42,790

all right we're about 14 minutes from

2191

01:24:47,510 --> 01:24:44,480

entry interface

2192

01:24:50,149 --> 01:24:47,520

the vehicle is currently preparing

2193

01:24:51,669 --> 01:24:50,159

the heat rejection system that has kept

2194

01:24:53,510 --> 01:24:51,679

the thermal system cool inside the

2195

01:24:55,030 --> 01:24:53,520

aeroshell for about the last six months

2196

01:24:56,629 --> 01:24:55,040

this will allow the spacecraft to more

2197

01:24:58,790 --> 01:24:56,639

easily cut the line

2198

01:25:07,510 --> 01:24:58,800

in upcoming cruise stage separation

2199

01:25:15,750 --> 01:25:13,110

we have now enabled the rover pyrobus

2200

01:25:16,470 --> 01:25:15,760

that's the pyrotechnic uh system um that

2201
01:25:19,350 --> 01:25:16,480
that was

2202
01:25:20,070 --> 01:25:19,360
powering off the cruise stage devices

2203
01:25:21,350 --> 01:25:20,080
and these are the

2204
01:25:23,110 --> 01:25:21,360
these are the things in the cruise stage

2205
01:25:24,790 --> 01:25:23,120
that will that we no longer need

2206
01:25:26,229 --> 01:25:24,800
with the pyrotechnic system working we

2207
01:25:27,750 --> 01:25:26,239
can you can we can

2208
01:25:29,669 --> 01:25:27,760
explode the devices the vehicle is

2209
01:25:30,470 --> 01:25:29,679
preparing for the upcoming cruise stage

2210
01:25:33,669 --> 01:25:30,480
operation

2211
01:25:36,229 --> 01:25:33,679
in about 3 minutes 15 seconds

2212
01:25:37,830 --> 01:25:36,239
by powering off all the devices on the

2213
01:25:40,310 --> 01:25:37,840

cruise stage in order that

2214

01:25:44,950 --> 01:25:40,320

they can be safe once the cruise stage

2215

01:25:49,510 --> 01:25:47,030

yeah this is a this is a this cruise

2216

01:25:52,070 --> 01:25:49,520

stage has been very reliable

2217

01:25:55,189 --> 01:25:52,080

we are firing our first pyros to vent

2218

01:25:57,110 --> 01:25:55,199

the hrs liquid and gas

2219

01:25:58,390 --> 01:25:57,120

ah this has been the coolant that's kept

2220

01:26:00,070 --> 01:25:58,400

their vehicle from getting too hot in

2221

01:26:05,270 --> 01:26:00,080

the way of mars

2222

01:26:09,189 --> 01:26:07,669

and so this is one of the first major

2223

01:26:11,550 --> 01:26:09,199

events that take place as part of entry

2224

01:26:15,030 --> 01:26:11,560

descent landing

2225

01:26:16,790 --> 01:26:15,040

phrases complete we will see the next

2226

01:26:21,030 --> 01:26:16,800

anchor in approximately

2227

01:26:25,750 --> 01:26:23,189

okay we are currently 12 and a half

2228

01:26:27,270 --> 01:26:25,760

minutes from entry interface

2229

01:26:32,390 --> 01:26:27,280

we are coming up on cruise stage

2230

01:26:36,390 --> 01:26:35,350

what's happening now rob okay just we're

2231

01:26:39,350 --> 01:26:36,400

just waiting the

2232

01:26:40,790 --> 01:26:39,360

the the rover is completely in charge

2233

01:26:42,229 --> 01:26:40,800

it's doing all the things we've taught

2234

01:26:43,430 --> 01:26:42,239

it how to do it's all built into the

2235

01:26:45,590 --> 01:26:43,440

software we've tested it

2236

01:26:46,470 --> 01:26:45,600

over and over and over again this team

2237

01:26:49,189 --> 01:26:46,480

has spent

2238

01:26:50,070 --> 01:26:49,199

24 hours a day seven days a week testing

2239

01:26:53,030 --> 01:26:50,080

this thing

2240

01:26:54,550 --> 01:26:53,040

for years and and and so this is uh this

2241

01:26:56,149 --> 01:26:54,560

is really the culmination of all that

2242

01:26:58,070 --> 01:26:56,159

work so this vehicle is

2243

01:26:59,510 --> 01:26:58,080

is gonna is getting ready to push that

2244

01:27:02,709 --> 01:26:59,520

cruise stage away

2245

01:27:04,629 --> 01:27:02,719

uh once it gets pushed away um it it the

2246

01:27:06,229 --> 01:27:04,639

entry system with the rover inside with

2247

01:27:08,070 --> 01:27:06,239

the rover is still in charge

2248

01:27:10,149 --> 01:27:08,080

it's going to get ready to take the

2249

01:27:10,790 --> 01:27:10,159

vehicle turn it to the right orientation

2250

01:27:19,990 --> 01:27:10,800

and

2251

01:27:24,470 --> 01:27:23,030

this won't be long um be prepared for

2252

01:27:25,030 --> 01:27:24,480

this event taking about a minute and a

2253

01:27:28,550 --> 01:27:25,040

half

2254

01:27:32,550 --> 01:27:28,560

from mistake separation about 11 minutes

2255

01:27:34,790 --> 01:27:32,560

20 seconds from entry interface

2256

01:27:36,390 --> 01:27:34,800

okay so it's about 10 minutes from

2257

01:27:37,510 --> 01:27:36,400

cruising separation until it entering

2258

01:27:41,669 --> 01:27:37,520

the top of the atmosphere

2259

01:27:41,679 --> 01:27:45,350

telemetry will have stopped

2260

01:27:49,510 --> 01:27:47,030

telecom is confirming that the

2261

01:27:52,390 --> 01:27:49,520

spacecraft has switched to broadcasting

2262

01:27:53,990 --> 01:27:52,400

tones these tones are received directly

2263

01:27:56,550 --> 01:27:54,000

from perseverance but have

2264

01:27:57,750 --> 01:27:56,560

very limited information content we

2265

01:28:01,910 --> 01:27:57,760

won't receive

2266

01:28:05,510 --> 01:28:03,830

nine ten minutes from now once the mars

2267

01:28:07,110 --> 01:28:05,520

reconnaissance orbiter

2268

01:28:09,510 --> 01:28:07,120

starts relaying information from

2269

01:28:10,950 --> 01:28:09,520

perseverance we are under a minute from

2270

01:28:12,830 --> 01:28:10,960

cruise stage separation

2271

01:28:15,189 --> 01:28:12,840

about ten and a half minutes from entry

2272

01:28:17,189 --> 01:28:15,199

interface

2273

01:28:19,030 --> 01:28:17,199

it's getting exciting i have to admit i

2274

01:28:21,110 --> 01:28:19,040

am quite anxious

2275

01:28:22,070 --> 01:28:21,120

uh but very hopeful this machine is

2276

01:28:25,030 --> 01:28:22,080

going to do what we asked

2277

01:28:25,910 --> 01:28:25,040

you're seeing the heartbeat tones okay

2278

01:28:27,350 --> 01:28:25,920

that means that we

2279

01:28:28,709 --> 01:28:27,360

there's no more ones and zeros coming

2280

01:28:39,189 --> 01:28:28,719

it's just the vehicle telling us it's

2281

01:28:42,629 --> 01:28:41,110

they're continuing to receive tones from

2282

01:29:04,229 --> 01:28:42,639

perseverance coming

2283

01:29:08,830 --> 01:29:05,830

we have indication that cruise stage

2284

01:29:13,030 --> 01:29:08,840

separation has been confirmed by the

2285

01:29:17,030 --> 01:29:15,189

we're off on a good start in about one

2286

01:29:18,550 --> 01:29:17,040

minute press advances landing software

2287

01:29:20,229 --> 01:29:18,560

will wake up and begin the final

2288

01:29:22,550 --> 01:29:20,239

preparations for entry

2289

01:29:23,990 --> 01:29:22,560

the first action it will do is to fire

2290

01:29:26,550 --> 01:29:24,000

warm-up pulses with

2291

01:29:28,470 --> 01:29:26,560

entry thrusters these pulses ensure that

2292

01:29:30,629 --> 01:29:28,480

the spacecraft gets the thrust that it

2293

01:29:36,830 --> 01:29:30,639

wants during entry interface

2294

01:29:40,870 --> 01:29:38,870

interface

2295

01:29:42,390 --> 01:29:40,880

okay so now the vehicle's on its own

2296

01:29:43,350 --> 01:29:42,400

it's gonna it's turning itself into the

2297

01:29:45,910 --> 01:29:43,360

direction of

2298

01:29:46,470 --> 01:29:45,920

facing the heat shield toward mars and

2299

01:29:51,270 --> 01:29:46,480

uh

2300

01:29:52,629 --> 01:29:51,280

top of the atmosphere we're not far away

2301

01:30:00,229 --> 01:29:52,639

this is going to go very quickly from

2302

01:30:05,030 --> 01:30:02,550

i have confirmation that we got shadowed

2303

01:30:07,750 --> 01:30:05,040

by the cruise stage

2304

01:30:10,790 --> 01:30:07,760

as it uh passed through our beam to the

2305

01:30:15,510 --> 01:30:13,030

telecom indicated actually that we could

2306

01:30:16,790 --> 01:30:15,520

see a signal that the crew stage went

2307

01:30:19,110 --> 01:30:16,800

between

2308

01:30:21,189 --> 01:30:19,120

the perseverance engine capsule and

2309

01:30:24,629 --> 01:30:21,199

earth so we saw a little blip

2310

01:30:28,149 --> 01:30:24,639

uh the data stream indicating the

2311

01:30:31,830 --> 01:30:30,149

we have confirmation that the vehicle

2312

01:30:33,350 --> 01:30:31,840

has started warming up those entry

2313

01:30:42,950 --> 01:30:33,360

thrusters

2314

01:30:46,390 --> 01:30:45,590

at this point the spacecraft is trying

2315

01:30:49,189 --> 01:30:46,400

to stop

2316

01:30:51,030 --> 01:30:49,199

its spin from the cruise two revolutions

2317

01:30:52,870 --> 01:30:51,040

per minute down to zero

2318

01:30:54,229 --> 01:30:52,880

and then we'll turn to its desired

2319

01:30:57,990 --> 01:30:54,239

orientation from

2320

01:30:59,750 --> 01:30:58,000

entry it will separate the two balance

2321

01:31:00,629 --> 01:30:59,760

maps that have kept it balanced during

2322

01:31:02,149 --> 01:31:00,639

all of cruise

2323

01:31:03,830 --> 01:31:02,159

this will allow the entry capsule to

2324

01:31:05,910 --> 01:31:03,840

have lift when

2325

01:31:07,110 --> 01:31:05,920

it enters the atmosphere we have

2326

01:31:10,229 --> 01:31:07,120

competition that

2327

01:31:13,189 --> 01:31:10,239

has turned to the desire entry

2328

01:31:18,790 --> 01:31:13,199

attitude we are about seven and a half

2329

01:31:21,990 --> 01:31:20,870

okay the vehicle is pointed in the right

2330

01:31:24,310 --> 01:31:22,000

direction

2331

01:31:25,510 --> 01:31:24,320

thrusters are warmed up and doing their

2332

01:31:28,870 --> 01:31:25,520

job

2333

01:31:30,550 --> 01:31:28,880

and now now if we've spun down from

2334

01:31:32,229 --> 01:31:30,560

the two revolutions per minute that the

2335

01:31:34,709 --> 01:31:32,239

vehicle had the whole way to on the way

2336

01:31:36,709 --> 01:31:34,719

to mars is a spin stabilized spacecraft

2337

01:31:37,990 --> 01:31:36,719

and then from here on out it's going to

2338

01:31:39,910 --> 01:31:38,000

just be a bullet

2339

01:31:41,430 --> 01:31:39,920
and it's going to control its orient

2340

01:31:43,750 --> 01:31:41,440
orientation and attitude

2341

01:31:45,430 --> 01:31:43,760
via rockets on the back of points

2342

01:31:48,709 --> 01:31:45,440
carrier lock

2343

01:31:51,430 --> 01:31:48,719
sorry the dte from uh

2344

01:31:53,430 --> 01:31:51,440
radio science from uh green bank reports

2345

01:32:00,070 --> 01:31:53,440
carry a lot

2346

01:32:03,910 --> 01:32:03,510
flight level one we are continuing to

2347

01:32:05,830 --> 01:32:03,920
wait

2348

01:32:08,229 --> 01:32:05,840
for entry interface for about six

2349

01:32:09,590 --> 01:32:08,239
minutes and 45 seconds from entry

2350

01:32:12,390 --> 01:32:09,600
interface

2351
01:32:13,430 --> 01:32:12,400
we have confirmation from greenback that

2352
01:32:16,709 --> 01:32:13,440
they are receiving

2353
01:32:20,629 --> 01:32:16,719
direct earth telemetry via that

2354
01:32:21,590 --> 01:32:20,639
path the spacecraft perseverance is

2355
01:32:24,229 --> 01:32:21,600
currently

2356
01:32:26,870 --> 01:32:24,239
transmitting heartbeat tones these tones

2357
01:32:29,189 --> 01:32:26,880
indicate that perseverance is operating

2358
01:32:32,229 --> 01:32:29,199
normally and has nothing significant to

2359
01:32:35,430 --> 01:32:35,030
this is as expected we're currently just

2360
01:32:44,870 --> 01:32:35,440
over

2361
01:32:44,880 --> 01:32:53,350
okay and now we wait

2362
01:32:56,390 --> 01:32:54,629
as soon as we get to the top of the

2363
01:32:57,990 --> 01:32:56,400

atmosphere the atm

2364

01:33:00,629 --> 01:32:58,000

will be very quickly which is the entry

2365

01:33:02,470 --> 01:33:00,639

point it won't be very long before

2366

01:33:04,149 --> 01:33:02,480

the the the atmosphere will start

2367

01:33:05,270 --> 01:33:04,159

getting thicker and thicker it's going

2368

01:33:07,750 --> 01:33:05,280

very quickly at

2369

01:33:09,510 --> 01:33:07,760

a fairly steep angle of 15 degrees into

2370

01:33:12,390 --> 01:33:09,520

the atmosphere as it starts to slow down

2371

01:33:14,470 --> 01:33:12,400

just under about five and a half minutes

2372

01:33:17,350 --> 01:33:14,480

from entry interface

2373

01:33:18,310 --> 01:33:17,360

we're still receiving heartbeat tones we

2374

01:33:19,830 --> 01:33:18,320

expect to continue

2375

01:33:22,390 --> 01:33:19,840

receiving heartbeat tones until about

2376

01:33:23,189 --> 01:33:22,400

five minutes after entry at that time

2377

01:33:24,790 --> 01:33:23,199

perseverance

2378

01:33:26,790 --> 01:33:24,800

will be no longer in view of our

2379

01:33:29,830 --> 01:33:26,800

antennas here on earth

2380

01:33:31,110 --> 01:33:29,840

about 90 seconds prior to entry the mars

2381

01:33:33,110 --> 01:33:31,120

reconnaissance orbiter

2382

01:33:34,470 --> 01:33:33,120

should begin receiving telemetry from

2383

01:33:36,550 --> 01:33:34,480

perseverance

2384

01:33:37,750 --> 01:33:36,560

and streaming it to earth in near real

2385

01:33:41,030 --> 01:33:37,760

time

2386

01:33:43,270 --> 01:33:41,040

there are a few expected short outages

2387

01:33:45,430 --> 01:33:43,280

such as when we have a plasma back out

2388

01:33:47,750 --> 01:33:45,440

or when we enter the peak heating

2389

01:33:50,149 --> 01:33:47,760

phase aside from these outages caused by

2390

01:33:52,390 --> 01:33:50,159

the plasma blackout antenna switching or

2391

01:33:54,629 --> 01:33:52,400

high dynamic events spacecraft events we

2392

01:33:55,590 --> 01:33:54,639

should have telemetry until about 90

2393

01:33:59,910 --> 01:33:55,600

seconds

2394

01:34:02,790 --> 01:33:59,920

after landing a plasma blackout

2395

01:34:03,990 --> 01:34:02,800

is when the signal from perseverance

2396

01:34:06,629 --> 01:34:04,000

isn't strong enough to make it

2397

01:34:08,470 --> 01:34:06,639

through the superheated super fast air

2398

01:34:09,830 --> 01:34:08,480

flowing around the spacecraft

2399

01:34:11,430 --> 01:34:09,840

all the way down to earth once the

2400

01:34:13,270 --> 01:34:11,440

temperature drops below that peak

2401
01:34:14,629 --> 01:34:13,280
heating we do reacquire the signal from

2402
01:34:16,310 --> 01:34:14,639
perseverance

2403
01:34:19,030 --> 01:34:16,320
we are currently about four and a half

2404
01:34:20,709 --> 01:34:19,040
minutes from entry interface

2405
01:34:22,550 --> 01:34:20,719
perseverance continues to report

2406
01:34:25,910 --> 01:34:22,560
heartbeat tones indicating everything

2407
01:34:27,750 --> 01:34:25,920
is nominal okay

2408
01:34:29,910 --> 01:34:27,760
what we wait what we're looking for now

2409
01:34:30,950 --> 01:34:29,920
is where mars reconstance orbiter should

2410
01:34:33,430 --> 01:34:30,960
be in view

2411
01:34:35,110 --> 01:34:33,440
soon of our vehicle and be able to

2412
01:34:36,229 --> 01:34:35,120
listen to ones and zeros coming from a

2413
01:34:37,830 --> 01:34:36,239

separate radio

2414

01:34:40,229 --> 01:34:37,840

that's really designed to talk between

2415

01:34:41,750 --> 01:34:40,239

spacecraft camera reports the electro

2416

01:34:43,030 --> 01:34:41,760

radio is powered on ready to receive

2417

01:34:46,470 --> 01:34:43,040

signals from the lander

2418

01:34:48,390 --> 01:34:46,480

okay mro is ready and less and able

2419

01:34:49,669 --> 01:34:48,400

and waiting for the to hear from our

2420

01:34:52,229 --> 01:34:49,679

rover mars reconnaissance

2421

01:34:54,390 --> 01:34:52,239

orbiter has reported that it's ready to

2422

01:34:57,430 --> 01:34:54,400

receive the signals from perseverance

2423

01:35:00,070 --> 01:34:57,440

it should be in a few minutes here we're

2424

01:35:05,910 --> 01:35:00,080

just light local ones from entry

2425

01:35:08,950 --> 01:35:07,669

we don't need these ones and zeros as

2426

01:35:11,669 --> 01:35:08,960

swati said

2427

01:35:13,510 --> 01:35:11,679

but to land safely but we really need it

2428

01:35:15,109 --> 01:35:13,520

for our own

2429

01:35:17,590 --> 01:35:15,119

health and well-being today to keep our

2430

01:35:20,149 --> 01:35:17,600

nerves in control around this time

2431

01:35:22,229 --> 01:35:20,159

a second spacecraft maven should begin

2432

01:35:23,910 --> 01:35:22,239

picking up telemetry from perseverance

2433

01:35:25,910 --> 01:35:23,920

and will continue to record that

2434

01:35:26,870 --> 01:35:25,920

telemetry until several minutes post

2435

01:35:29,669 --> 01:35:26,880

landing

2436

01:35:30,550 --> 01:35:29,679

we won't get that data for several hours

2437

01:35:32,709 --> 01:35:30,560

after landing

2438

01:35:34,070 --> 01:35:32,719

as it's being recorded and then will be

2439

01:35:37,030 --> 01:35:34,080

forwarded to earth

2440

01:35:38,390 --> 01:35:37,040

later we are continuing to receive

2441

01:35:40,229 --> 01:35:38,400

heartbeat tones

2442

01:35:41,669 --> 01:35:40,239

indicating that everything is nominal

2443

01:35:43,350 --> 01:35:41,679

we're currently at

2444

01:35:46,149 --> 01:35:43,360

about three minutes until entry

2445

01:35:46,159 --> 01:35:51,430

okay

2446

01:35:55,189 --> 01:35:53,030

very soon we'll be getting ones and

2447

01:36:06,070 --> 01:35:55,199

zeroes i hope from our radio on the

2448

01:36:09,830 --> 01:36:07,990

the entry interface is nothing more than

2449

01:36:11,750 --> 01:36:09,840

just an arbitrary place in the sky that

2450

01:36:13,669 --> 01:36:11,760

we've defined to be above the atmosphere

2451
01:36:15,590 --> 01:36:13,679
but but from that point on uh there's

2452
01:36:17,350 --> 01:36:15,600
definitely a

2453
01:36:19,030 --> 01:36:17,360
atmosphere and above it there isn't

2454
01:36:19,830 --> 01:36:19,040
there are two minutes from entry

2455
01:36:22,950 --> 01:36:19,840
interface

2456
01:36:25,510 --> 01:36:22,960
presidents to transmit

2457
01:36:29,910 --> 01:36:25,520
heartbeat tones indicating everything is

2458
01:36:32,950 --> 01:36:31,430
so the tones can tell us whether

2459
01:36:35,270 --> 01:36:32,960
something is bad or not is happening so

2460
01:36:37,430 --> 01:36:35,280
so far the heartbeat is is doing well

2461
01:36:40,149 --> 01:36:37,440
so the vehicle thinks it's help it's in

2462
01:36:57,510 --> 01:36:40,159
good shape to land

2463
01:37:00,550 --> 01:36:59,430

we're just under two minutes from entry

2464

01:37:02,629 --> 01:37:00,560

interface as

2465

01:37:03,910 --> 01:37:02,639

it gets closer to mars preservance is

2466

01:37:06,629 --> 01:37:03,920

actually being pulled in

2467

01:37:08,229 --> 01:37:06,639

by gravity and accelerating by the time

2468

01:37:09,270 --> 01:37:08,239

perseverance reaches entry interface

2469

01:37:11,990 --> 01:37:09,280

point

2470

01:37:13,910 --> 01:37:12,000

it should be going just under 5.4

2471

01:37:17,430 --> 01:37:13,920

kilometers per second

2472

01:37:18,070 --> 01:37:17,440

we're at about 90 seconds from entry

2473

01:37:20,229 --> 01:37:18,080

interface

2474

01:37:21,669 --> 01:37:20,239

and standing by for mars reconnaissance

2475

01:37:49,430 --> 01:37:21,679

orbiter to pick up

2476
01:37:49,440 --> 01:38:08,229
we are one minute from entry interface

2477
01:38:13,990 --> 01:38:11,590
mros are in receive mode

2478
01:38:14,709 --> 01:38:14,000
we have confirmation that the confidence

2479
01:38:17,910 --> 01:38:14,719
orbiter is

2480
01:38:19,830 --> 01:38:17,920
now relating data from perseverance

2481
01:38:21,030 --> 01:38:19,840
we're about 30 seconds from entry

2482
01:38:23,030 --> 01:38:21,040
interface

2483
01:38:25,590 --> 01:38:23,040
procurement is going about 5.2

2484
01:38:26,709 --> 01:38:25,600
kilometers per second and is about 190

2485
01:38:29,270 --> 01:38:26,719
kilometers

2486
01:38:37,590 --> 01:38:29,280
altitude above the surface of mars to

2487
01:38:44,310 --> 01:38:41,910
about seconds from entry interface

2488
01:38:45,430 --> 01:38:44,320

5.3 kilometers per second and an

2489

01:39:04,790 --> 01:38:45,440

altitude of

2490

01:39:10,550 --> 01:39:07,910

we have confirmation of entry interface

2491

01:39:11,669 --> 01:39:10,560

presidents is currently going 5.3

2492

01:39:14,950 --> 01:39:11,679

kilometers per second

2493

01:39:24,390 --> 01:39:14,960

at an altitude of about 120 kilometers

2494

01:39:31,990 --> 01:39:28,390

the fifth is now waiting until it begins

2495

01:39:34,390 --> 01:39:32,000

feeling the atmosphere slow it down

2496

01:39:35,750 --> 01:39:34,400

once there is enough atmosphere it will

2497

01:39:43,669 --> 01:39:35,760

start controlling its

2498

01:39:49,189 --> 01:39:46,310

navigation is also confirming that we

2499

01:39:52,310 --> 01:39:49,199

can see a little bit of that slowdown

2500

01:39:55,590 --> 01:39:52,320

of the atmosphere on

2501

01:39:59,510 --> 01:39:55,600

the perseverance entry capsule

2502

01:40:01,350 --> 01:39:59,520

our current velocity is about 5.36

2503

01:40:03,109 --> 01:40:01,360

kilometers per second and an altitude of

2504

01:40:05,910 --> 01:40:03,119

about 67

2505

01:40:07,830 --> 01:40:05,920

kilometers from the surface we are

2506

01:40:18,470 --> 01:40:07,840

probably seeing mro plasma blackout at

2507

01:40:27,830 --> 01:40:19,990

the vehicle should be doing its turns

2508

01:40:30,870 --> 01:40:29,990

we have indications that perseverance is

2509

01:40:32,870 --> 01:40:30,880

now

2510

01:40:34,470 --> 01:40:32,880

performing bank reversals in the

2511

01:40:37,669 --> 01:40:34,480

atmosphere these

2512

01:40:41,590 --> 01:40:37,679

are the steps in order to control its

2513

01:40:43,430 --> 01:40:41,600

distance to the landing target

2514

01:40:45,270 --> 01:40:43,440

perseverance has just passed through the

2515

01:40:47,830 --> 01:40:45,280

point of maximum deceleration

2516

01:40:49,109 --> 01:40:47,840

and has indicated that it felt

2517

01:40:52,629 --> 01:40:49,119

approximately

2518

01:40:55,910 --> 01:40:52,639

10 earth g's of deceleration

2519

01:41:03,669 --> 01:41:01,350

yes yes yes we saw a small outage

2520

01:41:05,109 --> 01:41:03,679

of the uhf telemetry from mars

2521

01:41:07,510 --> 01:41:05,119

reconnaissance orbiter

2522

01:41:08,229 --> 01:41:07,520

during that peak heating phase likely

2523

01:41:10,629 --> 01:41:08,239

caused

2524

01:41:12,310 --> 01:41:10,639

by the plasma blackout perseverance is

2525

01:41:13,350 --> 01:41:12,320

still continuing to perform bank

2526
01:41:16,310 --> 01:41:13,360
reversals

2527
01:41:32,950 --> 01:41:16,320
in the atmosphere to control its

2528
01:41:36,870 --> 01:41:35,109
perseverance is going about one

2529
01:41:39,750 --> 01:41:36,880
kilometer per second

2530
01:41:41,910 --> 01:41:39,760
at an altitude of about 16 kilometers

2531
01:41:44,629 --> 01:41:41,920
from the surface of mars

2532
01:41:45,030 --> 01:41:44,639
we have entered heading alignment which

2533
01:41:46,950 --> 01:41:45,040
means

2534
01:41:48,070 --> 01:41:46,960
perseverance is no longer trying to

2535
01:41:51,510 --> 01:41:48,080
control the distance

2536
01:41:53,109 --> 01:41:51,520
to mars but in to the target on mars but

2537
01:42:12,830 --> 01:41:53,119
instead is flying

2538
01:42:12,840 --> 01:42:25,910

parachute

2539

01:42:32,310 --> 01:42:30,629

her current velocity is about 550 meters

2540

01:42:33,270 --> 01:42:32,320

per second at an altitude of about 15

2541

01:42:39,750 --> 01:42:33,280

kilometers

2542

01:42:39,760 --> 01:42:44,149

amaro is reporting good telemetry lock

2543

01:42:48,629 --> 01:42:46,870

we are coming upon to straighten up we

2544

01:42:50,070 --> 01:42:48,639

are starting the straighten up and fly

2545

01:42:51,830 --> 01:42:50,080

right maneuver

2546

01:42:53,669 --> 01:42:51,840

where the spacecraft will jettison the

2547

01:42:55,750 --> 01:42:53,679

entry balance masses

2548

01:42:57,590 --> 01:42:55,760

in preparation for parachute deploy and

2549

01:43:02,709 --> 01:42:57,600

to roll over to give the radar a better

2550

01:43:06,629 --> 01:43:04,870

the navigation has confirmed that the

2551
01:43:08,790 --> 01:43:06,639
parachute has deployed and we are seeing

2552
01:43:10,870 --> 01:43:08,800
significant deceleration

2553
01:43:12,950 --> 01:43:10,880
in the velocity our current velocity is

2554
01:43:14,950 --> 01:43:12,960
450 meters per second

2555
01:43:26,629 --> 01:43:14,960
at an altitude of about 12 kilometers

2556
01:43:30,390 --> 01:43:29,030
first advance has now slowed to subsonic

2557
01:43:31,350 --> 01:43:30,400
speeds and the heat shield has been

2558
01:43:33,590 --> 01:43:31,360
separated

2559
01:43:35,830 --> 01:43:33,600
this allows both the radar and the

2560
01:43:36,470 --> 01:43:35,840
cameras to get their first look at the

2561
01:43:39,109 --> 01:43:36,480
surface

2562
01:43:40,950 --> 01:43:39,119
current velocity is 145 meters per

2563
01:43:43,030 --> 01:43:40,960

second and an altitude of about

2564

01:44:03,830 --> 01:43:43,040

10 km nine and a half kilometers above

2565

01:44:03,840 --> 01:44:08,390

yes yes yes

2566

01:44:11,430 --> 01:44:10,709

now has radar lock on the ground current

2567

01:44:14,470 --> 01:44:11,440

velocity

2568

01:44:20,390 --> 01:44:14,480

is about 100 meters per second 6.6

2569

01:44:22,310 --> 01:44:20,400

kilometers of the surface

2570

01:44:23,430 --> 01:44:22,320

perseverance is continuing to descend on

2571

01:44:26,629 --> 01:44:23,440

the parachute

2572

01:44:28,550 --> 01:44:26,639

we are coming up on the initialization

2573

01:44:30,390 --> 01:44:28,560

of terrain relative navigation

2574

01:44:32,709 --> 01:44:30,400

and subsequently the priming of the

2575

01:44:35,030 --> 01:44:32,719

landing engines our current velocity is

2576

01:44:43,109 --> 01:44:35,040

about 90 meters per second at an

2577

01:44:46,149 --> 01:44:44,310

we have confirmation that the land

2578

01:44:47,030 --> 01:44:46,159

division system has produced a valid

2579

01:44:52,550 --> 01:44:47,040

solution

2580

01:44:52,560 --> 01:45:01,030

we have timing of the landing engines

2581

01:45:06,950 --> 01:45:03,990

current velocity is 83 meters per second

2582

01:45:07,750 --> 01:45:06,960

at about 2.6 kilometers from the surface

2583

01:45:09,270 --> 01:45:07,760

mars

2584

01:45:10,790 --> 01:45:09,280

we have confirmation that the back shell

2585

01:45:12,470 --> 01:45:10,800

has separated

2586

01:45:14,950 --> 01:45:12,480

we are currently performing the divert

2587

01:45:16,870 --> 01:45:14,960

maneuver current velocity is about 75

2588

01:45:19,030 --> 01:45:16,880

meters per second at an altitude

2589

01:45:20,310 --> 01:45:19,040

of about a kilometer off the surface of

2590

01:45:23,350 --> 01:45:20,320

mars

2591

01:45:25,430 --> 01:45:23,360

tier end safety bravo

2592

01:45:26,870 --> 01:45:25,440

we have completed our terrain relative

2593

01:45:29,270 --> 01:45:26,880

navigation

2594

01:45:31,750 --> 01:45:29,280

current speed is about 30 meters per

2595

01:45:41,910 --> 01:45:31,760

second altitude of about 300 meters

2596

01:45:45,669 --> 01:45:44,229

we have started our constant velocity

2597

01:45:48,390 --> 01:45:45,679

accordion which means we are

2598

01:45:50,390 --> 01:45:48,400

conducting the sky crane about to

2599

01:45:53,830 --> 01:45:50,400

conduct the cycling maneuver

2600

01:45:56,870 --> 01:45:53,840

we've lost direct to earth tones

2601
01:46:00,629 --> 01:45:56,880
as expected as expected

2602
01:46:00,639 --> 01:46:11,189
about 20 meters off the surface

2603
01:46:11,199 --> 01:46:17,430
we're getting signals from mro

2604
01:46:17,440 --> 01:46:22,070
uhf is good

2605
01:46:22,080 --> 01:46:25,350
touchdown

2606
01:46:31,580 --> 01:46:28,149
on the confirmed of mars ready to begin

2607
01:46:37,669 --> 01:46:31,590
seeking the sands of past life

2608
01:46:41,590 --> 01:46:39,270
at this point the descending stage has

2609
01:46:45,350 --> 01:46:41,600
flown away to safe distance

2610
01:46:52,830 --> 01:46:45,360
perseverance is continuing to transmit

2611
01:46:52,840 --> 01:46:58,870
earth

2612
01:47:08,790 --> 01:47:01,830
[Applause]

2613
01:47:14,629 --> 01:47:08,800

oh my god oh

2614

01:47:21,669 --> 01:47:18,629

all right all stations uh we got it

2615

01:47:25,030 --> 01:47:21,679

we're gonna wait for the images wow

2616

01:47:26,070 --> 01:47:25,040

this is so exciting the team is beside

2617

01:47:28,470 --> 01:47:26,080

themselves it's

2618

01:47:46,310 --> 01:47:28,480

it's so surreal stay tuned we might get

2619

01:47:46,320 --> 01:47:52,229

so much has been riding on this

2620

01:48:04,310 --> 01:47:55,350

we just heard the news that perseverance

2621

01:48:07,669 --> 01:48:04,320

is alive on the surface of mars

2622

01:48:18,950 --> 01:48:07,679

we have seen the completion of edl 3000

2623

01:48:20,550 --> 01:48:18,960

copy activity that is as expected

2624

01:48:36,310 --> 01:48:20,560

amarillo is still seeing a strong signal

2625

01:48:39,510 --> 01:48:37,750

we have just heard the news that

2626
01:48:42,390 --> 01:48:39,520
perseverance is alive

2627
01:48:43,210 --> 01:48:42,400
on the surface of mars congratulations

2628
01:48:45,510 --> 01:48:43,220
to the mission

2629
01:48:47,030 --> 01:48:45,520
[Applause]

2630
01:48:50,550 --> 01:48:47,040
looks like we have some more news in it

2631
01:48:55,910 --> 01:48:50,560
looks like we're getting the first image

2632
01:49:02,149 --> 01:48:59,510
flight this is ol3 i have

2633
01:49:03,270 --> 01:49:02,159
the target point on the map when you are

2634
01:49:26,870 --> 01:49:03,280
ready

2635
01:49:39,430 --> 01:49:29,589
flight i'll be uh moving in showing you

2636
01:49:42,629 --> 01:49:41,589
the team has just put the first image

2637
01:49:45,189 --> 01:49:42,639
firm perseverance

2638
01:49:46,870 --> 01:49:45,199

on the surface of mars now it comes from

2639

01:49:49,750 --> 01:49:46,880

the engineering cameras

2640

01:49:51,830 --> 01:49:49,760

known as the hazard camera this camera

2641

01:49:54,149 --> 01:49:51,840

is mainly used to help the rover drive

2642

01:49:55,990 --> 01:49:54,159

safely around mars and we will get

2643

01:50:06,310 --> 01:49:56,000

higher resolution photos later

2644

01:50:06,320 --> 01:50:26,149

nice this is amazing

2645

01:50:26,159 --> 01:50:41,430

stand by for steve

2646

01:51:01,750 --> 01:50:44,870

you did you did it

2647

01:51:11,510 --> 01:51:04,830

[Music]

2648

01:51:15,109 --> 01:51:14,550

we just got our second image in our

2649

01:51:18,470 --> 01:51:15,119

second

2650

01:51:20,229 --> 01:51:18,480

image is in

2651
01:51:21,910 --> 01:51:20,239
okay this these these we have a camera

2652
01:51:24,950 --> 01:51:21,920
in the front and out rear the

2653
01:51:26,070 --> 01:51:24,960
the spacecraft uh it's uh it's it's

2654
01:51:27,350 --> 01:51:26,080
they're near the ground so these are

2655
01:51:28,070 --> 01:51:27,360
pretty close you can see the wheels

2656
01:51:30,470 --> 01:51:28,080
there

2657
01:51:31,430 --> 01:51:30,480
uh and and and they're a little dirty

2658
01:51:34,070 --> 01:51:31,440
because you've got

2659
01:51:34,470 --> 01:51:34,080
uh glass covers over these these cameras

2660
01:51:36,550 --> 01:51:34,480
but

2661
01:51:37,990 --> 01:51:36,560
we took these seconds after landing so

2662
01:51:39,109 --> 01:51:38,000
so there's still dust in the air from

2663
01:51:42,470 --> 01:51:39,119

our landing event

2664

01:51:44,310 --> 01:51:42,480

uh so this is this is happening um uh

2665

01:51:45,510 --> 01:51:44,320

you know this happened just seconds ago

2666

01:51:47,980 --> 01:51:45,520

just arrived

2667

01:51:49,189 --> 01:51:47,990

and this is really amazing

2668

01:51:51,350 --> 01:51:49,199

[Applause]

2669

01:51:52,870 --> 01:51:51,360

and uh we even know where we landed this

2670

01:51:53,669 --> 01:51:52,880

is the most amazing thing the vehicle

2671

01:51:55,910 --> 01:51:53,679

has told us where

2672

01:51:57,270 --> 01:51:55,920

where it's landed because figured it out

2673

01:52:00,550 --> 01:51:57,280

you know this is a sign

2674

01:52:01,430 --> 01:52:00,560

nasa works nasa works and we put our

2675

01:52:02,870 --> 01:52:01,440

arms together

2676
01:52:05,030 --> 01:52:02,880
and our hands together and our brains

2677
01:52:06,870 --> 01:52:05,040
together we can succeed

2678
01:52:08,390 --> 01:52:06,880
this is what nasa does this is what we

2679
01:52:10,470 --> 01:52:08,400
can do as a country

2680
01:52:11,510 --> 01:52:10,480
on all of the problems we we have we

2681
01:52:13,510 --> 01:52:11,520
need to work together

2682
01:52:25,270 --> 01:52:13,520
to do these kinds of things and make

2683
01:52:30,950 --> 01:52:28,310
joining us now is the acting

2684
01:52:31,510 --> 01:52:30,960
administrator of nasa steve jurisic

2685
01:52:34,550 --> 01:52:31,520
steve

2686
01:52:37,830 --> 01:52:34,560
welcome and congratulations

2687
01:52:40,470 --> 01:52:37,840
hey thank you what an amazing day

2688
01:52:41,669 --> 01:52:40,480

how does it feel to have another rover

2689

01:52:44,790 --> 01:52:41,679

on mars

2690

01:52:45,910 --> 01:52:44,800

uh it's amazing um uh to have

2691

01:52:49,109 --> 01:52:45,920

perseverance join

2692

01:52:51,270 --> 01:52:49,119

curiosity on mars and what

2693

01:52:53,430 --> 01:52:51,280

what a just a credit to the team i mean

2694

01:52:57,430 --> 01:52:53,440

just what an amazing team

2695

01:52:59,189 --> 01:52:57,440

um to work through all the adversity

2696

01:53:01,350 --> 01:52:59,199

that goes and all the challenges that go

2697

01:53:04,390 --> 01:53:01,360

with landing a rover on mars

2698

01:53:07,430 --> 01:53:04,400

plus the challenges of covid and

2699

01:53:10,229 --> 01:53:07,440

um and just an amazing accomplishment

2700

01:53:12,070 --> 01:53:10,239

and what does this mean for nasa and its

2701
01:53:14,790 --> 01:53:12,080
future plans

2702
01:53:15,270 --> 01:53:14,800
so for robotic exploration no every time

2703
01:53:17,189 --> 01:53:15,280
we

2704
01:53:18,470 --> 01:53:17,199
um execute a mission with new

2705
01:53:20,790 --> 01:53:18,480
instruments we

2706
01:53:22,070 --> 01:53:20,800
discover new things and things we never

2707
01:53:24,390 --> 01:53:22,080
thought we would discover

2708
01:53:25,830 --> 01:53:24,400
so that's that always informs our future

2709
01:53:29,109 --> 01:53:25,840
robotic missions

2710
01:53:32,070 --> 01:53:29,119
both landers rovers and orbiters

2711
01:53:33,990 --> 01:53:32,080
this mission also has technology on it

2712
01:53:35,990 --> 01:53:34,000
one of the cool things is the ingenuity

2713
01:53:38,550 --> 01:53:36,000

helicopter

2714

01:53:39,990 --> 01:53:38,560

it's an experiment on this mission but

2715

01:53:42,390 --> 01:53:40,000

if it's successful we can use

2716

01:53:44,310 --> 01:53:42,400

it as an observation science observation

2717

01:53:47,350 --> 01:53:44,320

platform by putting instruments on it

2718

01:53:50,470 --> 01:53:47,360

and also use it as a scout um for

2719

01:53:51,030 --> 01:53:50,480

future rover missions and uh and then

2720

01:53:54,229 --> 01:53:51,040

just the

2721

01:53:57,270 --> 01:53:54,239

entry sentence landing um capability

2722

01:53:59,750 --> 01:53:57,280

it'll allow us to land more and

2723

01:54:01,189 --> 01:53:59,760

more larger more ambitious robots on the

2724

01:54:04,870 --> 01:54:01,199

surface of mars and then

2725

01:54:07,430 --> 01:54:04,880

for human exploration um we have

2726
01:54:07,990 --> 01:54:07,440
the medley mars intercept landing

2727
01:54:09,510 --> 01:54:08,000
instrumentation

2728
01:54:12,070 --> 01:54:09,520
which is going to give us edl

2729
01:54:14,550 --> 01:54:12,080
information we have the mars

2730
01:54:15,669 --> 01:54:14,560
environmental dynamics analyzer it's

2731
01:54:18,149 --> 01:54:15,679
going to give us

2732
01:54:19,589 --> 01:54:18,159
uh properties size and properties of

2733
01:54:20,629 --> 01:54:19,599
dust particles because when

2734
01:54:22,950 --> 01:54:20,639
we send people we're going to have to

2735
01:54:24,709 --> 01:54:22,960
deal with that dust

2736
01:54:26,149 --> 01:54:24,719
and just it's just this is just an

2737
01:54:28,149 --> 01:54:26,159
incredible mission because of the

2738
01:54:30,629 --> 01:54:28,159

science and the technology

2739

01:54:31,910 --> 01:54:30,639

and then caching samples from our sample

2740

01:54:33,990 --> 01:54:31,920

return mission

2741

01:54:35,510 --> 01:54:34,000

that will be a an amazing mission the

2742

01:54:37,990 --> 01:54:35,520

first round trip

2743

01:54:39,990 --> 01:54:38,000

to mars and back and bringing those

2744

01:54:41,109 --> 01:54:40,000

samples cached by perseverance back to

2745

01:54:43,990 --> 01:54:41,119

earth to

2746

01:54:46,390 --> 01:54:44,000

examine with state-of-the-art equipment

2747

01:54:49,510 --> 01:54:46,400

in our laboratories here on earth

2748

01:54:51,830 --> 01:54:49,520

we have so much to look forward to and

2749

01:54:53,109 --> 01:54:51,840

we also have a student question coming

2750

01:54:56,390 --> 01:54:53,119

in from landon

2751

01:54:58,470 --> 01:54:56,400

let's take a look hi

2752

01:54:59,669 --> 01:54:58,480

my name is lyndon applegate i'm in sixth

2753

01:55:02,390 --> 01:54:59,679

grade and i'm

2754

01:55:03,589 --> 01:55:02,400

going to academy for academic excellence

2755

01:55:05,669 --> 01:55:03,599

and my question is

2756

01:55:07,589 --> 01:55:05,679

do you think we could get resources from

2757

01:55:11,350 --> 01:55:07,599

mars to help on future missions

2758

01:55:13,589 --> 01:55:11,360

or even as like a launching point

2759

01:55:14,470 --> 01:55:13,599

great question landon actually we have

2760

01:55:17,910 --> 01:55:14,480

an experiment

2761

01:55:20,629 --> 01:55:17,920

called the mox the mars oxygen in situ

2762

01:55:22,950 --> 01:55:20,639

resource utilization experiment or moxie

2763

01:55:26,149 --> 01:55:22,960

and it's going to demonstrate generating

2764

01:55:29,270 --> 01:55:26,159

oxygen from atmospheric co2

2765

01:55:31,510 --> 01:55:29,280

and that could help generate you know

2766

01:55:32,950 --> 01:55:31,520

generate breathable oxygen and even if

2767

01:55:35,350 --> 01:55:32,960

we can liquefy it

2768

01:55:37,830 --> 01:55:35,360

oxidizer for propulsion systems so

2769

01:55:39,270 --> 01:55:37,840

that's a tech demo on perseverance

2770

01:55:41,270 --> 01:55:39,280

and then we're going to continue to

2771

01:55:45,030 --> 01:55:41,280

characterize the frozen water

2772

01:55:46,950 --> 01:55:45,040

on and below the surface of mars

2773

01:55:49,510 --> 01:55:46,960

and eventually try to figure out how to

2774

01:55:51,030 --> 01:55:49,520

extract that water from the martian soil

2775

01:55:53,030 --> 01:55:51,040

or we call regolith

2776

01:55:55,510 --> 01:55:53,040

and then we can use that for potable

2777

01:55:56,629 --> 01:55:55,520

water and also break it down into oxygen

2778

01:55:58,629 --> 01:55:56,639

and hydrogen

2779

01:56:00,390 --> 01:55:58,639

for rocket fuel so absolutely we're

2780

01:56:02,070 --> 01:56:00,400

going to try to eventually

2781

01:56:05,109 --> 01:56:02,080

figure out how to live off the land to

2782

01:56:06,550 --> 01:56:05,119

support human missions to mars

2783

01:56:09,270 --> 01:56:06,560

thanks for taking the time to talk to us

2784

01:56:12,550 --> 01:56:09,280

today steve thank you

2785

01:56:14,070 --> 01:56:12,560

and now that perseverance has safely

2786

01:56:15,830 --> 01:56:14,080

touched down on mars

2787

01:56:17,189 --> 01:56:15,840

let's learn more about what's in store

2788

01:56:19,990 --> 01:56:17,199

for the rover

2789

01:56:20,950 --> 01:56:20,000

joining us now is surface mission

2790

01:56:24,390 --> 01:56:20,960

manager

2791

01:56:25,830 --> 01:56:24,400

jessica samuels jessica your surface

2792

01:56:29,270 --> 01:56:25,840

operations team has now

2793

01:56:32,550 --> 01:56:29,280

taken over what are they doing now yes

2794

01:56:33,510 --> 01:56:32,560

hi raquel we are so excited here in the

2795

01:56:37,270 --> 01:56:33,520

service

2796

01:56:39,030 --> 01:56:37,280

mission support area uh the team will do

2797

01:56:39,830 --> 01:56:39,040

a handover with the entry descent and

2798

01:56:43,669 --> 01:56:39,840

landing team

2799

01:56:45,990 --> 01:56:43,679

and pass any critical information

2800

01:56:48,310 --> 01:56:46,000

and then this team behind us will be the

2801
01:56:51,030 --> 01:56:48,320
team that does the health and safety

2802
01:56:51,990 --> 01:56:51,040
assessments daily as we progress on this

2803
01:56:54,709 --> 01:56:52,000
mission

2804
01:56:56,070 --> 01:56:54,719
and what do the upcoming weeks look like

2805
01:56:59,350 --> 01:56:56,080
for your team

2806
01:57:01,830 --> 01:56:59,360
so as we enter mars time now

2807
01:57:03,990 --> 01:57:01,840
the commanding team will be working

2808
01:57:07,430 --> 01:57:04,000
overnight while the rover is asleep

2809
01:57:09,510 --> 01:57:07,440
so that we can perform the initial

2810
01:57:11,030 --> 01:57:09,520
checkouts of our key rover functions and

2811
01:57:13,589 --> 01:57:11,040
our science instruments

2812
01:57:15,510 --> 01:57:13,599
and we have to do this all in time for

2813
01:57:18,229 --> 01:57:15,520

the regularly scheduled communication

2814

01:57:19,270 --> 01:57:18,239

pass which happens in the morning and so

2815

01:57:22,149 --> 01:57:19,280

we will be working

2816

01:57:24,390 --> 01:57:22,159

around the clock making sure that

2817

01:57:27,430 --> 01:57:24,400

perseverance is healthy and

2818

01:57:29,669 --> 01:57:27,440

um we will begin this exciting adventure

2819

01:57:30,550 --> 01:57:29,679

and can you tell me what's it like

2820

01:57:33,669 --> 01:57:30,560

living on

2821

01:57:34,870 --> 01:57:33,679

mars time it's uh it's a little bit like

2822

01:57:36,709 --> 01:57:34,880

constantly uh

2823

01:57:37,990 --> 01:57:36,719

you know flying and changing your time

2824

01:57:40,870 --> 01:57:38,000

zone uh the

2825

01:57:42,709 --> 01:57:40,880

rover um you know on earth the rover

2826
01:57:44,629 --> 01:57:42,719
wakes up at the same time every day but

2827
01:57:46,629 --> 01:57:44,639
on earth that's 40 minutes later

2828
01:57:48,870 --> 01:57:46,639
so the team is going to be shifting our

2829
01:57:51,189 --> 01:57:48,880
work schedule by 40 minutes as we come

2830
01:57:54,870 --> 01:57:51,199
into work over the next few weeks

2831
01:57:58,390 --> 01:57:54,880
so it'll be uh it'll be exciting and uh

2832
01:58:00,870 --> 01:57:58,400
and some some late late nights but uh

2833
01:58:03,270 --> 01:58:00,880
but we're also excited and uh we

2834
01:58:04,070 --> 01:58:03,280
can't wait it's a whole new lifestyle

2835
01:58:07,189 --> 01:58:04,080
yes

2836
01:58:11,030 --> 01:58:07,199
we also have a student question for you

2837
01:58:13,030 --> 01:58:11,040
this is sophia's video

2838
01:58:14,709 --> 01:58:13,040

hi my name is sophia lopez and my

2839

01:58:17,109 --> 01:58:14,719

question for nasa is

2840

01:58:17,830 --> 01:58:17,119

how's perseverance gonna survive and

2841

01:58:19,910 --> 01:58:17,840

here's a

2842

01:58:21,430 --> 01:58:19,920

drawing that i made from perseverance

2843

01:58:25,189 --> 01:58:21,440

thinking about earth

2844

01:58:25,990 --> 01:58:25,199

thank you well sophia perseverance

2845

01:58:29,109 --> 01:58:26,000

survives

2846

01:58:29,990 --> 01:58:29,119

um with a power source um that charges

2847

01:58:32,070 --> 01:58:30,000

its batteries

2848

01:58:33,910 --> 01:58:32,080

uh overnight while it sleeps and it

2849

01:58:35,510 --> 01:58:33,920

keeps heaters

2850

01:58:37,669 --> 01:58:35,520

on so that all of our critical

2851
01:58:40,629 --> 01:58:37,679
electronics can stay warm

2852
01:58:42,550 --> 01:58:40,639
as well as our mechanism but it's really

2853
01:58:44,950 --> 01:58:42,560
survived by the team

2854
01:58:45,669 --> 01:58:44,960
that performs the health and safety

2855
01:58:47,589 --> 01:58:45,679
assessments

2856
01:58:48,709 --> 01:58:47,599
every day and communicates with the

2857
01:58:51,510 --> 01:58:48,719
rover

2858
01:58:52,950 --> 01:58:51,520
and make sure that she's she's doing

2859
01:58:55,030 --> 01:58:52,960
okay

2860
01:58:56,870 --> 01:58:55,040
well thanks for your time jessica and

2861
01:59:00,550 --> 01:58:56,880
good luck living on mars time

2862
01:59:01,270 --> 01:59:00,560
thank you should be fun let's head back

2863
01:59:03,669 --> 01:59:01,280

to marina

2864

01:59:04,390 --> 01:59:03,679

as she gives us a sneak peek into the

2865

01:59:09,109 --> 01:59:04,400

future

2866

01:59:13,030 --> 01:59:11,510

thanks so much raquel it's definitely

2867

01:59:15,830 --> 01:59:13,040

bustling behind me

2868

01:59:18,229 --> 01:59:15,840

is not quiet like it was just 20 minutes

2869

01:59:20,550 --> 01:59:18,239

ago and congrats to the whole team

2870

01:59:22,870 --> 01:59:20,560

what an amazing accomplishment mike

2871

01:59:25,350 --> 01:59:22,880

watkins is the director of nasa's

2872

01:59:27,589 --> 01:59:25,360

jet propulsion laboratory he was the

2873

01:59:29,669 --> 01:59:27,599

mission manager during the curiosity

2874

01:59:33,030 --> 01:59:29,679

rover landing on mars

2875

01:59:33,669 --> 01:59:33,040

welcome mike oh thanks glen glad to be

2876

01:59:35,560 --> 01:59:33,679

here

2877

01:59:36,950 --> 01:59:35,570

you can see all my mask markings soon

2878

01:59:38,550 --> 01:59:36,960

[Laughter]

2879

01:59:40,870 --> 01:59:38,560

well you were just celebrating and

2880

01:59:43,109 --> 01:59:40,880

rightly so now you've been around for a

2881

01:59:45,030 --> 01:59:43,119

number of mars landings what makes this

2882

01:59:46,950 --> 01:59:45,040

one special

2883

01:59:48,470 --> 01:59:46,960

well you know two things i mean it's the

2884

01:59:49,350 --> 01:59:48,480

biggest and best rover we've ever sent

2885

01:59:50,870 --> 01:59:49,360

to mars

2886

01:59:52,550 --> 01:59:50,880

um and and it can really you know do

2887

01:59:54,310 --> 01:59:52,560

amazing things in terms of you know its

2888

01:59:55,589 --> 01:59:54,320

own scientific exploration of this

2889

01:59:58,070 --> 01:59:55,599

habitable environment you know at

2890

01:59:59,270 --> 01:59:58,080

jezreel but you know it's also as as

2891

02:00:01,270 --> 01:59:59,280

as you've heard today you know it's the

2892

02:00:02,709 --> 02:00:01,280

first step in march sample return so

2893

02:00:04,629 --> 02:00:02,719

really you know it's it's not only doing

2894

02:00:06,070 --> 02:00:04,639

its own mission it's setting us up for

2895

02:00:07,830 --> 02:00:06,080

a series of missions and to bring those

2896

02:00:09,510 --> 02:00:07,840

samples back and you know a lot of the

2897

02:00:11,030 --> 02:00:09,520

effort to develop the rover

2898

02:00:12,550 --> 02:00:11,040

was specifically designed you know for

2899

02:00:14,310 --> 02:00:12,560

that sampling and caching system it's

2900

02:00:15,270 --> 02:00:14,320

one of the most complex robotic systems

2901
02:00:17,109 --> 02:00:15,280
ever made

2902
02:00:18,790 --> 02:00:17,119
and you know having it down safely means

2903
02:00:20,790 --> 02:00:18,800
mars sample return continues

2904
02:00:22,709 --> 02:00:20,800
right on course and and and we are

2905
02:00:25,430 --> 02:00:22,719
moving forward

2906
02:00:26,709 --> 02:00:25,440
wonderful now jpl has a long history

2907
02:00:28,790 --> 02:00:26,719
with robotic space

2908
02:00:30,790 --> 02:00:28,800
exploration why do you think it's so

2909
02:00:32,950 --> 02:00:30,800
important to continue to push those

2910
02:00:34,310 --> 02:00:32,960
boundaries

2911
02:00:36,310 --> 02:00:34,320
you know there's a lot of reasons i mean

2912
02:00:36,629 --> 02:00:36,320
obviously you know for for places that

2913
02:00:39,109 --> 02:00:36,639

are

2914

02:00:40,470 --> 02:00:39,119

far away like mars and even farther away

2915

02:00:42,310 --> 02:00:40,480

you know like europa

2916

02:00:43,830 --> 02:00:42,320

uh right now robots are the robotic

2917

02:00:45,270 --> 02:00:43,840

expressions the only way we can

2918

02:00:47,189 --> 02:00:45,280

make those scientific discoveries and

2919

02:00:48,870 --> 02:00:47,199

really understand these early

2920

02:00:50,870 --> 02:00:48,880

uh habitable environments in the case of

2921

02:00:52,790 --> 02:00:50,880

europa maybe it's even still habitable

2922

02:00:54,149 --> 02:00:52,800

and you know we're not ready to to go

2923

02:00:55,990 --> 02:00:54,159

there with astronauts yet

2924

02:00:57,510 --> 02:00:56,000

uh but the robots are ready to go there

2925

02:00:59,270 --> 02:00:57,520

and so we always uh you know our

2926

02:01:01,430 --> 02:00:59,280

forerunners and pathfinders

2927

02:01:02,550 --> 02:01:01,440

uh of of of human exploration and we

2928

02:01:05,030 --> 02:01:02,560

start by sending

2929

02:01:06,310 --> 02:01:05,040

you know our eyes and and arms there in

2930

02:01:08,149 --> 02:01:06,320

the form of a robot

2931

02:01:10,470 --> 02:01:08,159

and it is just fantastic to be able to

2932

02:01:11,430 --> 02:01:10,480

do that and to learn from each rover

2933

02:01:13,189 --> 02:01:11,440

learn from the science and the

2934

02:01:14,870 --> 02:01:13,199

engineering and make the next one better

2935

02:01:16,470 --> 02:01:14,880

and make more and more discoveries and

2936

02:01:18,629 --> 02:01:16,480

every time we do one of these missions

2937

02:01:20,709 --> 02:01:18,639

we make fabulous discoveries and uh and

2938

02:01:23,750 --> 02:01:20,719

you know each one is is more exciting

2939

02:01:26,149 --> 02:01:23,760

than the last the future does look

2940

02:01:27,430 --> 02:01:26,159

exciting now as director of jpl

2941

02:01:29,669 --> 02:01:27,440

what would you like to say to those

2942

02:01:31,589 --> 02:01:29,679

teams right now celebrating

2943

02:01:33,430 --> 02:01:31,599

oh you know obviously they they have

2944

02:01:35,350 --> 02:01:33,440

earned it let me tell you i mean they

2945

02:01:36,790 --> 02:01:35,360

uh have worked you know for years and

2946

02:01:37,510 --> 02:01:36,800

years on this mission and then in the

2947

02:01:39,589 --> 02:01:37,520

past year

2948

02:01:40,950 --> 02:01:39,599

of course we had the covid experience

2949

02:01:42,709 --> 02:01:40,960

and and you know i want to thank not

2950

02:01:44,870 --> 02:01:42,719

only the team but also you know all of

2951

02:01:47,189 --> 02:01:44,880

jpl you know a lot of folks had to

2952

02:01:49,430 --> 02:01:47,199

had uh had to pitch in here you know in

2953

02:01:50,149 --> 02:01:49,440

terms of making sure our remote telework

2954

02:01:51,910 --> 02:01:50,159

you know our

2955

02:01:53,510 --> 02:01:51,920

it systems were good enough to to

2956

02:01:55,270 --> 02:01:53,520

support folks working from home

2957

02:01:57,030 --> 02:01:55,280

you know all of the folks looking at at

2958

02:01:58,709 --> 02:01:57,040

ppe and our safe distancing and

2959

02:02:01,270 --> 02:01:58,719

reconfiguring facilities

2960

02:02:01,990 --> 02:02:01,280

uh to make them safe for the employees

2961

02:02:03,910 --> 02:02:02,000

it's just an

2962

02:02:05,430 --> 02:02:03,920

incredible amount of work by the entire

2963

02:02:06,229 --> 02:02:05,440

lab and of course especially by this

2964

02:02:08,070 --> 02:02:06,239

team

2965

02:02:09,750 --> 02:02:08,080

and uh you know and in one sense you

2966

02:02:11,990 --> 02:02:09,760

know the seven minutes of terror

2967

02:02:12,790 --> 02:02:12,000

are very exciting uh but on the other

2968

02:02:14,790 --> 02:02:12,800

hand you know

2969

02:02:16,229 --> 02:02:14,800

the missions just started right we built

2970

02:02:17,350 --> 02:02:16,239

the mission you know not to land but

2971

02:02:19,189 --> 02:02:17,360

actually to drive

2972

02:02:21,669 --> 02:02:19,199

and get the samples and do other uh

2973

02:02:24,470 --> 02:02:21,679

technology um you know demonstrations

2974

02:02:24,870 --> 02:02:24,480

and so you know for much of the team you

2975

02:02:26,470 --> 02:02:24,880

know

2976

02:02:28,149 --> 02:02:26,480

uh this part of the mission's over but

2977

02:02:29,990 --> 02:02:28,159

but for most of the team

2978

02:02:31,270 --> 02:02:30,000

the mission's really just starting and

2979

02:02:33,109 --> 02:02:31,280

so uh you know i think they're very

2980

02:02:34,310 --> 02:02:33,119

excited but uh you know everybody i

2981

02:02:36,390 --> 02:02:34,320

think can take a big

2982

02:02:37,669 --> 02:02:36,400

uh a deep breath and a sigh of relief

2983

02:02:39,109 --> 02:02:37,679

now that we are safely down on the

2984

02:02:41,430 --> 02:02:39,119

surface

2985

02:02:43,589 --> 02:02:41,440

yes that collective sigh of relief and i

2986

02:02:45,750 --> 02:02:43,599

hear a lot of excitement and celebration

2987

02:02:46,790 --> 02:02:45,760

behind me as well so thanks so much for

2988

02:02:48,070 --> 02:02:46,800

joining me mike

2989

02:02:50,390 --> 02:02:48,080

it's my pleasure and thanks to everyone

2990

02:02:50,870 --> 02:02:50,400

for joining us too congrats again to the

2991

02:02:53,669 --> 02:02:50,880

mars

2992

02:02:54,310 --> 02:02:53,679

2020 perseverance team for a successful

2993

02:02:58,390 --> 02:02:54,320

landing

2994

02:03:01,669 --> 02:02:58,400

back to you raquel now there will be a

2995

02:03:03,109 --> 02:03:01,679

flight test coming up for the ingenuity

2996

02:03:05,189 --> 02:03:03,119

mars helicopter

2997

02:03:06,149 --> 02:03:05,199

and if this technology experiment is

2998

02:03:08,070 --> 02:03:06,159

successful

2999

02:03:09,669 --> 02:03:08,080

it would mark the first time we have

3000

02:03:13,830 --> 02:03:09,679

taken a power

3001
02:03:18,149 --> 02:03:16,149
sometimes you have to do something just

3002
02:03:20,149 --> 02:03:18,159
to show that you can do it

3003
02:03:21,270 --> 02:03:20,159
when the wright brothers flew for the

3004
02:03:24,070 --> 02:03:21,280
first time they do

3005
02:03:24,470 --> 02:03:24,080
an experimental aircraft and in the same

3006
02:03:26,229 --> 02:03:24,480
way

3007
02:03:28,550 --> 02:03:26,239
the mars helicopter is designed to show

3008
02:03:29,030 --> 02:03:28,560
that we can fly power and helicopter

3009
02:03:37,350 --> 02:03:29,040
flight

3010
02:03:41,109 --> 02:03:39,830
from day one this was the unwavering

3011
02:03:44,310 --> 02:03:41,119
dream of our team

3012
02:03:46,470 --> 02:03:44,320
to get our helicopter launched to mars

3013
02:03:49,189 --> 02:03:46,480

so that we can get the opportunity to do

3014

02:03:51,910 --> 02:03:49,199

the very first rotograph flight test

3015

02:03:53,350 --> 02:03:51,920

in the actual environment of mars it's

3016

02:03:55,990 --> 02:03:53,360

extremely difficult to

3017

02:03:57,589 --> 02:03:56,000

fly at mars because atmosphere is so

3018

02:03:59,669 --> 02:03:57,599

thin compared to earth

3019

02:04:01,750 --> 02:03:59,679

at mars it's less than one percent so

3020

02:04:04,149 --> 02:04:01,760

the first and foremost challenge is

3021

02:04:04,950 --> 02:04:04,159

to make a vehicle that's light enough to

3022

02:04:07,350 --> 02:04:04,960

be lifted

3023

02:04:09,750 --> 02:04:07,360

and then the second is to generate lift

3024

02:04:10,870 --> 02:04:09,760

the rotor system is to spin very fast

3025

02:04:15,109 --> 02:04:10,880

2000

3026

02:04:17,750 --> 02:04:15,119

2200 2400 2600 we're spinning

3027

02:04:19,669 --> 02:04:17,760

between 2000 and 3000 revolutions per

3028

02:04:22,229 --> 02:04:19,679

minute and it takes a lot of energy

3029

02:04:23,270 --> 02:04:22,239

so is that balance of a very light

3030

02:04:26,229 --> 02:04:23,280

system

3031

02:04:26,709 --> 02:04:26,239

yet having enough energy that's needed

3032

02:04:37,189 --> 02:04:26,719

to

3033

02:04:38,950 --> 02:04:37,199

time it takes off the time it lands

3034

02:04:40,950 --> 02:04:38,960

what we do do on the ground is we plan

3035

02:04:41,589 --> 02:04:40,960

the flights and so we determine from

3036

02:04:49,510 --> 02:04:41,599

here

3037

02:04:52,950 --> 02:04:49,520

our experiment window is 30 martian days

3038

02:04:56,229 --> 02:04:52,960

so we have planned up to five flights

3039

02:04:57,030 --> 02:04:56,239
of incremental difficulty very first

3040

02:04:58,629 --> 02:04:57,040
flight the

3041

02:05:00,790 --> 02:04:58,639
main thing is we want to get the legs

3042

02:05:03,910 --> 02:05:00,800
off the ground and so we will

3043

02:05:05,350 --> 02:05:03,920
basically go up about three meters and

3044

02:05:07,270 --> 02:05:05,360
we'll hover there

3045

02:05:08,870 --> 02:05:07,280
and then we'll come down again and that

3046

02:05:11,669 --> 02:05:08,880
will be the first you know really

3047

02:05:13,350 --> 02:05:11,679
major milestone most of our flights will

3048

02:05:15,430 --> 02:05:13,360
be at the three to five meter height

3049

02:05:16,790 --> 02:05:15,440
we will be going horizontally again at a

3050

02:05:19,109 --> 02:05:16,800
few meters per second

3051
02:05:20,069 --> 02:05:19,119
probably go out you know 50 70 meters

3052
02:05:21,669 --> 02:05:20,079
and come back in

3053
02:05:23,430 --> 02:05:21,679
successive flights we'll probably push

3054
02:05:25,510 --> 02:05:23,440
that further try to go further

3055
02:05:27,430 --> 02:05:25,520
so our priority will be to get back

3056
02:05:28,069 --> 02:05:27,440
engineering telemetry and not so much

3057
02:05:29,830 --> 02:05:28,079
images

3058
02:05:32,790 --> 02:05:29,840
but i'm sure we'll return a few you know

3059
02:05:35,510 --> 02:05:32,800
because they'll always look cool

3060
02:05:36,149 --> 02:05:35,520
at this point we've tested all we can on

3061
02:05:38,310 --> 02:05:36,159
earth

3062
02:05:40,310 --> 02:05:38,320
we have mathematical models that shows

3063
02:05:40,709 --> 02:05:40,320

how it will fly at mars and we've tested

3064

02:05:42,950 --> 02:05:40,719

it

3065

02:05:44,390 --> 02:05:42,960

in the simulated environment that we can

3066

02:05:47,270 --> 02:05:44,400

create on earth

3067

02:05:48,950 --> 02:05:47,280

it really is time now to do the real

3068

02:05:51,109 --> 02:05:48,960

flood types at mars

3069

02:05:53,109 --> 02:05:51,119

nothing is a given but we have done

3070

02:05:54,870 --> 02:05:53,119

everything we can in terms of a test

3071

02:05:56,550 --> 02:05:54,880

program here on earth the vehicle is

3072

02:05:58,310 --> 02:05:56,560

performing extremely well so far

3073

02:05:59,990 --> 02:05:58,320

it's been doing exactly the right thing

3074

02:06:01,270 --> 02:06:00,000

even right now and is bolted onto the

3075

02:06:02,870 --> 02:06:01,280

perseverance rover

3076

02:06:06,069 --> 02:06:02,880

so there's a very good chance that we'll

3077

02:06:08,709 --> 02:06:06,079

pull it off yes but it's still high risk

3078

02:06:09,830 --> 02:06:08,719

and none of us forget that you could

3079

02:06:12,470 --> 02:06:09,840

have a glitch that

3080

02:06:13,430 --> 02:06:12,480

you know could mean end of mission yes

3081

02:06:16,629 --> 02:06:13,440

it's going to be

3082

02:06:17,189 --> 02:06:16,639

exciting reacting to any surprises we

3083

02:06:20,790 --> 02:06:17,199

have

3084

02:06:21,669 --> 02:06:20,800

we can't wait what's really most

3085

02:06:24,069 --> 02:06:21,679

important is

3086

02:06:25,030 --> 02:06:24,079

everything we're learning here is for

3087

02:06:26,870 --> 02:06:25,040

the future

3088

02:06:32,950 --> 02:06:26,880

roto craft systems that we want to

3089

02:06:35,990 --> 02:06:35,109

mimi ong is the project manager for

3090

02:06:38,550 --> 02:06:36,000

ingenuity

3091

02:06:40,629 --> 02:06:38,560

she joins us now as they await a chance

3092

02:06:43,669 --> 02:06:40,639

to check out their helicopter

3093

02:06:45,990 --> 02:06:43,679

in the coming days welcome mimi

3094

02:06:48,069 --> 02:06:46,000

thank you marina oh my goodness we've

3095

02:06:49,830 --> 02:06:48,079

been talking about this for months mimi

3096

02:06:51,030 --> 02:06:49,840

did you ever think you'd be here at this

3097

02:06:52,709 --> 02:06:51,040

point i mean what's going on in your

3098

02:06:55,589 --> 02:06:52,719

head right now

3099

02:06:57,990 --> 02:06:55,599

this is super exciting now we have been

3100

02:06:59,109 --> 02:06:58,000

working on mars helicopter for over six

3101
02:07:01,270 --> 02:06:59,119
years

3102
02:07:03,030 --> 02:07:01,280
testing and carefully designing it for

3103
02:07:04,550 --> 02:07:03,040
operation at mars so what's going

3104
02:07:07,910 --> 02:07:04,560
through my mind

3105
02:07:12,310 --> 02:07:07,920
ingenuity mars helicopter is finally at

3106
02:07:14,790 --> 02:07:12,320
the destination that it is designed for

3107
02:07:16,709 --> 02:07:14,800
now that ingenuity is on mars what is

3108
02:07:18,790 --> 02:07:16,719
the timeline you hope to accomplish as

3109
02:07:20,870 --> 02:07:18,800
you move forward

3110
02:07:23,189 --> 02:07:20,880
we have a series of major milestones

3111
02:07:25,589 --> 02:07:23,199
between now and ingenuity's first flight

3112
02:07:27,350 --> 02:07:25,599
so tomorrow we'll turn on the helicopter

3113
02:07:27,990 --> 02:07:27,360

and its space station could confirm

3114

02:07:29,830 --> 02:07:28,000

health

3115

02:07:31,669 --> 02:07:29,840

after experiencing the dynamics through

3116

02:07:33,750 --> 02:07:31,679

the edl just now

3117

02:07:36,069 --> 02:07:33,760

and the next major milestone will be

3118

02:07:37,030 --> 02:07:36,079

when the rover deploys the helicopter to

3119

02:07:39,189 --> 02:07:37,040

the surface

3120

02:07:40,629 --> 02:07:39,199

and that marks the first moment that

3121

02:07:42,870 --> 02:07:40,639

ingenuity operates

3122

02:07:44,950 --> 02:07:42,880

on its own in a stand-alone manner and

3123

02:07:45,750 --> 02:07:44,960

surviving that first cold frigid night

3124

02:07:48,550 --> 02:07:45,760

of mars

3125

02:07:50,149 --> 02:07:48,560

will be a major milestone we'll execute

3126

02:07:52,310 --> 02:07:50,159

a series of checkouts

3127

02:07:53,990 --> 02:07:52,320

and then we will perform that very

3128

02:07:56,229 --> 02:07:54,000

important first flight

3129

02:07:57,830 --> 02:07:56,239

and if the first flight is successful we

3130

02:07:59,990 --> 02:07:57,840

have up to four more flights

3131

02:08:02,470 --> 02:08:00,000

in the 30 martian days that we have set

3132

02:08:04,069 --> 02:08:02,480

aside for our flight experiments

3133

02:08:06,790 --> 02:08:04,079

and that's when you finally can breathe

3134

02:08:12,709 --> 02:08:08,950

now why is it so important to have that

3135

02:08:16,229 --> 02:08:12,719

aerial dimension to space exploration

3136

02:08:18,870 --> 02:08:16,239

a helicopter flying far ahead of rovers

3137

02:08:20,709 --> 02:08:18,880

and astronauts in the future can provide

3138

02:08:22,790 --> 02:08:20,719

high definition

3139

02:08:24,390 --> 02:08:22,800

reconnaissance information for the

3140

02:08:25,990 --> 02:08:24,400

rovers and the astronauts before they

3141

02:08:29,350 --> 02:08:26,000

take the long journeys

3142

02:08:31,830 --> 02:08:29,360

and as importantly being able to fly

3143

02:08:33,189 --> 02:08:31,840

will enable us to get to places that we

3144

02:08:34,870 --> 02:08:33,199

cannot get to with

3145

02:08:37,510 --> 02:08:34,880

rovers and astronauts like sites of

3146

02:08:39,990 --> 02:08:37,520

steep cliffs deep inside crevices

3147

02:08:42,629 --> 02:08:40,000

areas of high scientific interest it

3148

02:08:44,310 --> 02:08:42,639

will be game changing

3149

02:08:46,149 --> 02:08:44,320

game changing is right and we've talked

3150

02:08:48,950 --> 02:08:46,159

about this a lot you've mentioned the

3151
02:08:53,030 --> 02:08:48,960
risk is huge mimi but the reward is high

3152
02:08:55,109 --> 02:08:53,040
what will be your greatest reward

3153
02:08:56,709 --> 02:08:55,119
you know our team started with the

3154
02:08:59,350 --> 02:08:56,719
question of whether

3155
02:09:01,109 --> 02:08:59,360
a helicopter can fly at mars given the

3156
02:09:03,270 --> 02:09:01,119
extremely thin environment

3157
02:09:04,950 --> 02:09:03,280
and we systematically demonstrated a

3158
02:09:07,350 --> 02:09:04,960
series of technical steps

3159
02:09:09,270 --> 02:09:07,360
we demonstrated lift first and then we

3160
02:09:11,830 --> 02:09:09,280
demonstrated lift and

3161
02:09:13,910 --> 02:09:11,840
the first ever powered control

3162
02:09:15,270 --> 02:09:13,920
rotorcraft flight in simulated mars

3163
02:09:17,510 --> 02:09:15,280

atmospheric density

3164

02:09:18,470 --> 02:09:17,520

and then we went on to build the full up

3165

02:09:21,270 --> 02:09:18,480

helicopter

3166

02:09:21,910 --> 02:09:21,280

that can not only fly but operate and

3167

02:09:25,109 --> 02:09:21,920

survive

3168

02:09:28,149 --> 02:09:25,119

autonomously at mars all under

3169

02:09:30,069 --> 02:09:28,159

1.8 kilograms about four pounds

3170

02:09:31,350 --> 02:09:30,079

and each of these major milestones have

3171

02:09:34,069 --> 02:09:31,360

been a first

3172

02:09:35,750 --> 02:09:34,079

and the success of each of these has

3173

02:09:37,990 --> 02:09:35,760

been so rewarding

3174

02:09:39,510 --> 02:09:38,000

and along the way the rewards just kept

3175

02:09:42,149 --> 02:09:39,520

coming and i have to tell you at this

3176

02:09:45,990 --> 02:09:42,159

moment it's going up exponentially

3177

02:09:49,350 --> 02:09:46,000

so after all these tests analysis

3178

02:09:52,950 --> 02:09:49,360

simulations and more tests on earth

3179

02:09:55,589 --> 02:09:52,960

our team now gets the chance to test

3180

02:09:57,189 --> 02:09:55,599

prove and learn how it works in the

3181

02:09:58,950 --> 02:09:57,199

actual environment of mars

3182

02:10:00,470 --> 02:09:58,960

our team can ask for a bigger reward

3183

02:10:03,189 --> 02:10:00,480

than that

3184

02:10:05,030 --> 02:10:03,199

oh mimi i'm so happy for you and your

3185

02:10:08,310 --> 02:10:05,040

team and now we're gonna take a question

3186

02:10:11,910 --> 02:10:08,320

from social media on instagram for you

3187

02:10:15,350 --> 02:10:11,920

at not vibhuti asks is the helicopter

3188

02:10:18,629 --> 02:10:15,360

going to be doing science

3189

02:10:20,629 --> 02:10:18,639

well the helicopter engineering is a

3190

02:10:23,109 --> 02:10:20,639

technology demonstration

3191

02:10:24,390 --> 02:10:23,119

and we are we are demonstrating the

3192

02:10:27,109 --> 02:10:24,400

ability to fly

3193

02:10:28,629 --> 02:10:27,119

and learning how to fly for the very

3194

02:10:29,910 --> 02:10:28,639

very first time

3195

02:10:32,390 --> 02:10:29,920

and so this is a technology

3196

02:10:34,709 --> 02:10:32,400

demonstration and a pathfinder for

3197

02:10:35,510 --> 02:10:34,719

future larger rotorcraft future missions

3198

02:10:37,589 --> 02:10:35,520

that will carry

3199

02:10:39,910 --> 02:10:37,599

much larger instruments so on this

3200

02:10:42,950 --> 02:10:39,920

mission we're not doing any science

3201

02:10:45,830 --> 02:10:42,960

we're concentrating on engineering

3202

02:10:48,550 --> 02:10:45,840

uh data how did the vehicle perform and

3203

02:10:50,790 --> 02:10:48,560

as you saw uh bob bell ram uh in the

3204

02:10:51,589 --> 02:10:50,800

video before we will be taking a few

3205

02:10:55,030 --> 02:10:51,599

color picture

3206

02:10:56,790 --> 02:10:55,040

flying

3207

02:10:59,030 --> 02:10:56,800

aerial vantage point but they'll be

3208

02:11:01,510 --> 02:10:59,040

icing on the cake for this one this is

3209

02:11:02,709 --> 02:11:01,520

all about engineering data and how do we

3210

02:11:05,750 --> 02:11:02,719

fly compared to

3211

02:11:08,229 --> 02:11:05,760

all our tests we have done on earth mimi

3212

02:11:10,390 --> 02:11:08,239

so much for your team and the future

3213

02:11:12,629 --> 02:11:10,400

generations of scientists and engineers

3214

02:11:14,950 --> 02:11:12,639

to look forward to

3215

02:11:16,629 --> 02:11:14,960

thank you thank you so much for joining

3216

02:11:18,870 --> 02:11:16,639

us mimi and good luck to your team with

3217

02:11:21,350 --> 02:11:18,880

that first test flight

3218

02:11:23,030 --> 02:11:21,360

thank you so much now we look forward to

3219

02:11:25,109 --> 02:11:23,040

the perseverance rover and

3220

02:11:26,550 --> 02:11:25,119

ingenuity helicopter beginning their

3221

02:11:28,870 --> 02:11:26,560

journeys on mars

3222

02:11:29,589 --> 02:11:28,880

as their adventures are just about to

3223

02:11:32,709 --> 02:11:29,599

start

3224

02:11:34,390 --> 02:11:32,719

go perseverance and go ingenuity back to

3225

02:11:37,910 --> 02:11:34,400

you raquel

3226

02:11:38,790 --> 02:11:37,920

thanks marina landing on mars is never

3227

02:11:41,910 --> 02:11:38,800

easy

3228

02:11:45,109 --> 02:11:41,920

but this team has persevered and nasa's

3229

02:11:46,470 --> 02:11:45,119

fifth rover is on the red planet you can

3230

02:11:47,510 --> 02:11:46,480

still hear them buzzing in the back

3231

02:11:49,510 --> 02:11:47,520

right now

3232

02:11:51,990 --> 02:11:49,520

and to get the latest updates on

3233

02:11:55,669 --> 02:11:52,000

perseverance as it explores mars

3234

02:11:56,709 --> 02:11:55,679

follow at nasa persevere on facebook and

3235

02:11:58,550 --> 02:11:56,719

twitter

3236

02:11:59,830 --> 02:11:58,560

i'd like to thank everyone watching for

3237

02:12:01,910 --> 02:11:59,840

joining us today

3238

02:12:04,069 --> 02:12:01,920

and to the students and teachers tuning

3239

02:12:05,350 --> 02:12:04,079

in we hope you learned a lot from

3240

02:12:07,830 --> 02:12:05,360

today's landing

3241

02:12:08,390 --> 02:12:07,840

and thank you for all your questions we

3242

02:12:11,109 --> 02:12:08,400

have a

3243

02:12:12,229 --> 02:12:11,119

news briefing coming up at 2 30 p.m

3244

02:12:14,149 --> 02:12:12,239

pacific time

3245

02:12:16,390 --> 02:12:14,159

that briefing will wrap up the day and

3246

02:12:17,430 --> 02:12:16,400

include reactions from perseverance team

3247

02:12:19,589 --> 02:12:17,440

members

3248

02:12:21,109 --> 02:12:19,599

we'll leave you now with some of the

3249

02:12:23,189 --> 02:12:21,119

landing celebration photos

3250

02:12:24,709 --> 02:12:23,199

you've shared with us set to

3251

02:12:27,910 --> 02:12:24,719

youngblood's cover of

3252

02:12:29,030 --> 02:12:27,920

david bowie's life on mars i'm raquel

3253

02:12:39,890 --> 02:12:29,040

villanueva

3254

02:13:18,950 --> 02:12:46,830

[Music]

3255

02:13:19,510 --> 02:13:18,960

[Applause]

3256

02:13:22,010 --> 02:13:19,520

[Music]

3257

02:13:26,709 --> 02:13:22,020

[Applause]

3258

02:13:56,830 --> 02:13:26,719

[Music]

3259

02:14:52,830 --> 02:13:58,760

is

3260

02:14:54,650 --> 02:14:52,840

[Music]

3261

02:14:58,290 --> 02:14:54,660

is

3262

02:15:36,190 --> 02:14:58,300

[Music]

3263

02:15:41,780 --> 02:15:36,200

oh

3264

02:15:48,830 --> 02:15:42,250

[Applause]

3265

02:15:50,060 --> 02:15:48,840

[Music]